



1. The n th even number is $2n$.

The next even number after $2n$ is $2n + 2$

(a) Explain why.

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.....

(1)

(b) Write down an expression, in terms of n , for the next even number after $2n + 2$

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(1)

(c) Show algebraically that the sum of any 3 consecutive even numbers is always a multiple of 6

(3)

(5 marks)



2. Prove that $(3n + 1)^2 - (3n - 1)^2$ is a multiple of 4, for all positive integer values of n .

(3 marks)



3. Prove, using algebra, that the sum of two consecutive whole numbers is always an odd number.

(3 marks)



4. Prove that

$$(2n + 3)^2 - (2n - 3)^2 \text{ is a multiple of } 8$$

for all positive integer values of n .

(3 marks)



- *5. Prove algebraically that the difference between the squares of any two consecutive integers is equal to the sum of these two integers.

(4 marks)



6. Prove that $(5n + 1)^2 - (5n - 1)^2$ is a multiple of 5, for all positive integer values of n .

(3 marks)



7. If $2n$ is always even for all positive integer values of n , prove algebraically that the sum of the squares of any two consecutive even numbers is always a multiple of 4.

(3 marks)



8. Prove that

$(n + 1)^2 - (n - 1)^2 + 1$ is always odd for all positive integer values of n .

(3 marks)



9. Prove algebraically that the sum of the squares of any two consecutive numbers always leaves a remainder of 1 when divided by 4.

(4 marks)