

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2025

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Biology (WBI15)

Paper 01 Respiration, Internal Environment, Coordination, and Gene Technology

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)(i)	An answer that includes the following points:	H - C -	
	correct peptide Boria (1)	0	(2)
	water molecule (1)	ACCEPT the H going down from N ACCEPT symbol or drawn e.g. H-0-H	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)(ii)	A is the correct answer B is not correct as decarboxylation does not join two amino acids together it removes a carboxyl group C is not correct as hydrolysis does not join two amino acids together it is where water is used to break down chemical bonds D is not correct as phosphorylation does not join two amino acids together it attaches a phosphate group to a molecule		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	
1(b)	A description that includes three of the following points:		
	 {transported to / broken down in} the liver (1) 		(3)
	 amine group removed / deamination occurs (1) 	IGNORE reference to ammonia / ammonium ions IGNORE amino group	
	 (amine group) converted to urea (1) 	ACCEPT converted to {ketone bodies keto acid / glucose / pyruvate}	
	 in the ornithine cycle (1) 	ACCEPT a correct description of the ornithine cycle	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	
2(a)	 Choose an item. correct label positioning for pituitary gland (1) correct label positioning for cerebellum (1) correct label positioning for hypothalamus (1) 	shutterstock.com · 464034644 ACCEPT names in full	(3)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	
2(b)	An answer that includes the following points:	Take first answer in list	
	correct function for hypothalamus (1)	ACCEPT {production / release} of {hormones / correct named hormone} / control homeostasis / (regulates) osmoregulation / body temperature / metabolic coordination	(3)
	correct function of medulla oblongata (1)	ACCEPT control of heart rate / breathing rate / blood pressure / vomiting	
	correct function of pituitary gland (1)	ACCEPT regulation of growth / metabolism / osmoregulation {release or storage} of correct named hormone	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
3(a)(i)			
	A is the correct answer		(1)
	Dia not the compation of an arrival and a compation of the compation of th		(1)
	B is not the correct answer as a wider afferent arteriole does		
	not increase water movement by osmosis into the Bowman's capsule		
	capsate		
	C is not the correct answer as a wider afferent arteriole		
	does not reduce the risk of capillary damage due to high		
	pressure		
	D is not the correct answer as a wider afferent arteriole does		
	not reduce water reabsorption from the proximal tubule		
	The reduce water readsorption from the proximat tubute		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	C is the correct answer A is not the correct answer 6 x 24 does not equal $124 \mathrm{dm^3}$ B is not the correct answer as 6000×24 does not equal $144 \mathrm{cm^3}$ and it has not been converted to $\mathrm{dm^3}$ D is not the correct answer as 6000×24 does not equal $1440 \mathrm{cm^3}$		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	A calculation showing the following steps:		(2)
	calculation of daily urine production (1)	1.5 x 60 x 24 OR 2160	(2)
	answer given in standard form (1)	2.16 x 10 ³	
		Accept 2.160 x 10 ³ / 2.2 x 10 ³	
		correct answer gains full marks	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	An answer that includes the following points:	ACCEPT 'it' for ADH concentration	
		IGNORE higher urine concentration with lower urine production rate	(2)
	as ADH (concentration) increases the urine concentration increases (1)	ACCEPT converse ACCEPT positive correlation between ADH concentration and urine concentration	
	as ADH (concentration) increases the rate of urine production decreases (1)	ACCEPT converse ACCEPT negative correlation between ADH concentration and rate of urine production	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)	An explanation that includes three of the following points:		(3)
	 increases movement (of water) (1) 	ACCEPT increases the reabsorption of water	
	due to increased permeability of collecting duct (1)		
	 (because ADH causes) {aquaporins / pores/ channels} to be inserted into {membrane / collecting duct} (1) 	ACCEPT (ADH causes) increase in aquaporins in {membrane / collecting duct}	
	 water moves {down water potential gradient /by osmosis} (1) 	ACCEPT high to low water potential	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	
4(a)	An answer that includes four of the following points:	ACCEPT Na ⁺ for sodium ions	
	 neurotransmitters bind to (post- synaptic) membrane (1) 		(4)
	• sodium ion channels open (1)		
	 sodium ions diffuse in (to the axon) (1) 	ACCEPT sodium ions enter {axon / neurone}	
	 (positive feedback results in) more sodium ion channels open (1) 		
	• resulting in depolarisation (of the membrane) (1)	ACCEPT depolarisation described eg voltage to +40mV IGNORE depolarisation of axon	
	correct reference to threshold (potential)! (1)		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	A calculation showing the following steps:	ECF for mp 2 providing dy/dx calculated and given to 2 significant figures	(2)
	 calculation of gradient at steepest part of upward curve (1) 	(9 ÷0.5) or 18.	
	answer given to two significant figures with correct units (1)	= 18 a.u. millisecond ⁻¹	
		correct answer scores full marks	
		accept range 17.0- 20.0 a.u. millisecond ⁻¹	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)	A is the correct answer B is not the correct answer as 0.3:1 is not the correct ratio		(1)
	C is not the correct answer as 0.083:1 is not the correct ratio D is not the correct answer as 1:38.75 is not the correct ratio		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(d)(i)	An answer that includes these two the points	ACCEPT Na ⁺ for sodium ions ignore particles	(2)
	• increased / faster / speed up (nerve impulse) (1)	ACCEPT increased rate of transmissions	(2)
	ion channels open (and close) more quickly / (sodium) ions diffuse more quickly / (sodium) ions have more kinetic energy (1)	IGNORE enzyme activity ACCEPT ions move quicker / more influx of ions IGNORE increased permeability to ions	
		for 2 marks accept decreased speed due to denaturation of ion channels ONLY	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(d)(ii)	A description that includes two of the following points:	IGNORE if answers comparing neurones A/B/C/D without reference to myelination / axon diameter	(2)
	 the larger the diameter the higher the speed (of impulse) (1) 	ACCEPT converse	
	 myelination increases speed (of impulse) / absence of myelin decreases speed (of impulse) (1) 		
	 myelination has greater effect than axon diameter (on speed of impulse) (1) 		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)			
	 maintaining the body in a state of dynamic equilibrium (1) 	ACCEPT maintenance of a constant internal environment	(1)
		ACCEPT {control / regulation} of a constant internal environment	
		IGNORE example of homeostasis described	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)	An answer that includes the following points:	Max 2 similarities	
	Similarities		(3)
	they both decrease (over the duration of exercise) (1)	IGNORE reference to time for mp1	
	they both show the faster decrease over the first 50 minutes / slower decrease after 50 minutes (1)	IGNORE levels off after 50 mins	
	Differences		
	 the concentration of insulin decreases {more / faster} in the untrained individual / after 50 mins insulin concentration decreases in trained individuals slower than untrained individuals / (apart from 0) trained individuals always have {higher / less negative} insulin concentration than untrained individuals (1) 	ACCEPT gradient {described / calculated} for comparison trained / untrained ACCEPT converse	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	A description that includes three of the following points:		
	 {extract / isolate / cut} the {two genes / genes for both polypeptides} using {restriction enzyme / endonuclease} (1) 	IGNORE restricting enzyme	(3)
	 cut plasmid with same {restriction enzyme / endonuclease} (1) 	IGNORE restricting enzyme	
	 {splice / join/insert} {sticky ends / plasmid and gene(s)} together with (DNA) ligase (1) 		
	plasmid inserted into bacteria (1)	IGNORE gene being inserted into bacterium	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)	An answer that includes two of the following points:		
	 not limited by the slaughter of animals (1) 	ACCEPT animals not lost from food chain	(2)
	 {large / more} quantities can be made / cheaper (1) 	ACCEPT produced faster / produce many IGNORE cheap unqualified / bacteria produced faster	
	 no {ethical / religious} (issues linked to the {use of / killing} animals) (1) 		
	 more effective at treating diabetes / reduced {risk of rejection / allergic reaction/ immune response} (1) 	ACCEPT animal insulin may be different so less effective	
	 no risk of transferring infections (between other animals to humans) (1) 		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)(i)	 An answer that includes one of the following points: no {change / increase} (in the number of cells) (1) cells will not {grow / divide (by mitosis) without insulin (1) 		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)(ii)	A description that includes two of the following points: • contained repeat (each concentration / experiment) / {mean(s) / average(s)} calculated (1)	ACCEPT replicates	(2)
	 (so that) standard {deviation(s) / error(s)} can be calculated (1) 	ACCEPT SDs calculated	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)(iii)	Choose an item		
	• {size / overlap} of error bars compared (1)		(1)
	Overlapping error bars shows no significant difference / non overlapping error bars show significant difference (1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)	B is the correct answer A is not the correct answer as auxin would not increase the likelihood that a neuron will produce a nerve impulse at the post synaptic membrane as it is a plant hormone C is not the correct answer as gibberellin would not increase the likelihood that a neuron will produce a nerve impulse at the post synaptic membrane as it is a plant hormone		(1)
	D is not the correct answer as statin would not increase the likelihood that a neuron will produce a nerve impulse at the post synaptic membrane as it is a drug used to reduce cholesterol		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(i)	An answer that includes three of the following points:		
	low oxygen concentration decreases cell survival (1)	ACCEPT converse argument / description ACCEPT with lidocaine cell survival does not reach {100% / as high / doesn't increase as much} (as control does) / control has the highest survival ACCEPT lidocaine in 0.01 has almost same effect as oxygen rich cells	(3)
	 as lidocaine concentration increases {cell survival / percentage} increases (1) 	ACCEPT positive correlation	
	error bars do not overlap so significantly different (1)	ACCEPT error bars do overlap for control and 0.01 so results not significantly different	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)			
	B is the correct answer		
	A is not the correct answer as it is not a hormone that initiates differentiation		(1)
	C is not the correct answer as it is not how a heart beat is initiated in the atrio-ventricular node		
	D is not the correct answer as it is not how muscles work in pairs		

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
6(b)(iii)	An answer that includes two of the following points:		
	 {prevents / reduces / inhibits} {(electrical)impulses / action potentials / depolarisation} (spreading over heart muscle) (1) 	ACCEPT prevent diffusion of sodium ions / prevents influx of sodium ions	(2)
	 lidocaine reduces {rate of contraction / (heart) muscle cell contraction} (1) (therefore) reducing the need for oxygen (for respiration) / reducing need for ATP (1) 	ACCEPT low(er) {heart rate / stroke volume} ACCEPT resulting in reduced conversion of pyruvate into lactate / {no / reduced} lactic acid	

Question Number	Answer	
*6(c)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.	(6)
1	Consideration of heart rate / bpm and exercise (Graph 1). • At start of exercise HR increases in both athletes and non athletes • the increase in HR is steeper in non athletes than athletes • peak HR higher in non athletes than athletes • HR levels off in both athletes and non athletes during exercise • at end of exercise HR reduces faster in athletes than non-athletes • at end of exercise HR returns to normal faster in athletes and non athletes	
2	 Consideration of weekly physical activity and mortality risk (Graph 2). Person with CVD and no physical activity per week risk of death is greatest risk of CVD reduces with increase in physical activity per week for both person with or without CVD if no CVD there is a lower risk of dying than if you have CVD risk of death decreases more in person with CVD than without as duration of exercise increases. If person with CVD increases duration of exercise the risk of death almost meets the same level as a person without CVD 	
3+4	Consideration and explanation of health benefits to improve the outcomes for patients with CVD Benefits Heart / Blood circulation exercise leads to a stronger heart as {cardiac muscle increases / increase in size of heart chambers} Leading to more oxygenation of cells / heart pumps more efficiently/higher stroke volume /higher cardiac output exercise can lead to reduce blood pressure due to {greater flexibility of blood vessels /vasodilation / exercise improves {lung function/ lung capacity / lungs} / as more oxygen taken up in the alveoli exercise increases volume of blood circulating as blood vessels {less stiff / more flexible} exercise stimulates the release of Nitric Oxide leading to vasodilation of blood vessels	
5	 CVD reduced {blood pressure / heart rate / cholesterol} linked to reduced risk of atheroma / plaques reduced risk of {blood clots / embolism} leading to {heart attack / CVD / stroke} 	

i				
1	•	athletes have a reduced risk of atherosclerosis		
	•	exercise can reduce plaques leading to improved blood circulation		
		Hormones / Brain / Metabolism		
 exercise reduce levels of stress hormones eg cortisol, adrenaline which positively enhances body function / metabolism exercise causes release of 'feel good' hormones which reduces nervous transmission within the brain / reduces stress exercise leads to cells becoming more responsive to insulin so cells {absorb / metabolise / respire) more glucose / increase weight loss so less strain on heart exercise reduce inflammation throughout the body / reduces CRP levels exercise leads to enhanced mitochondrial function leading to greater {respiration / heart contraction} exercise leads to greater stores of {myoglobin / oxygen} in muscles so more aerobic respiration 				
7	No d	elusion / summary / comment on methodology etail about age / gender / lifestyle / numbers involved ever other factors may also contribute to death by CVD - lifestyle, diet, genetics, smoking, drinking, obesity		
	1	Additional guidance		
Level 0	0	No awardable content		
Level 1	1.2	An explanation may be attempted but with limited interpretation or analysis of the scientific information and with a focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information. The explanation will contain basic information, with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to		
	1-2	focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information.		
Level 2	3-4	focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information. The explanation will contain basic information, with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to		

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
7(a)(i)	An answer • electron (microscope) (1)	REJECT electric, electrical, E, electronic ACCEPT EM or EM	(1)
		REJECT SEM \ scanning electron microscope	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)(ii)	A calculation showing the following steps:	No ecf	
	calculation of length in micrometres of A-B (1)	30 000 μm Accept 29000-31000	(2)
	answer given to three significant figures (1)	$(30000 \div 23500) = 1.28$	
		= 1.28 (µm)	
		Accept 1.23 – 1.32 μm	
		Correct answer gains full marks	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)(i)	B is the correct answer A is not the correct answer as chemiosmosis is not where hydrogen ions are pumped from the matrix to the intermembrane space through ATP synthase C is not the correct answer as chemiosmosis is not where hydrogen ions diffuse from the intermembrane space to the stroma through ATP synthase D is not the correct answer as chemiosmosis is not where hydrogen ions jump from the inner membrane to the outer membrane and out through ATP synthase		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	B is the correct answer A is not the correct answer as Krebs cycle activity decreases		(1)
	C is not the correct answer as Krebs cycle activity and oxygen consumption decrease D is not the correct answer as oxygen consumption decreases		

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
7(b)(iii)	A is the correct answer B is not the correct answer as oxidised NADP is not used in the removal of a C atom from pyruvate in the link reaction		(1)
	C is is not the correct answer as reduced NAD is not used in the removal of a C atom from pyruvate in the link reaction		
	D is not the correct answer as reduced NADP is not used in the removal of a C atom from pyruvate in the link reaction		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(c)	l	mark first 3	(2)
	 carbon dioxide / CO₂ (1) ATP (1) 	Any three equals two marks two equals one mark	(2)
	• reduced NAD / NADH (1)	IGNORE incorrect formula IGNORE numbers e.g. 6ATP	
	• reduced FAD / FADH (2) (1)		
	oxaloacetate / OAA (1)		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(d)	A description that includes four of the following points:		
	 as the {number of days / times} increases, the number of mitochondria increases (1) 	ACCEPT positive correlation between time and number of mitochondria Must be after cell division NOT as the cell divides	(4)
	 as the {number of days / times} increases, the concentration of ATP increases (1) 	ACCEPT positive correlation	
	 due to increased demand for ATP in {cell activity / cell processes} (1) 	e.g. other described processes in {cell differentiation / neurones} that requires energy from ATP e.g. protein synthesis / production of sodium ion channels / neurotransmitters / receptors / elongation of cell / establishing resting potential	
	 ATP {production / use} does not increase in the same way as the number of mitochondria (1) comment on {error bars / standard deviation / lack of data after 10 divisions / data missing} (1) 	ACCEPT smaller (%) increase for ATP increase / converse e.g. error bars for number of mitochondria do not overlap so results are significantly different Error bars for concentration of ATP overlap {1-3 days /5-7days/7-10 days} so results not significantly different ACCEPT converse for significant difference - eg mitochondria 7-10 days IGNORE sample size and other comments on	
		methodology	

An answer that includes one of the following points: • correct reason for benefit of optimal hydration (1) • correct reason for benefit of optimal hydration (1) e.g. to regulate body temperature keep joints lubricated (1) prevent infections / reduce inflammation (1) deliver nutrients to cells, (1) keep cells / tissues/organs functioning properly (1) enable {metabolic/ enzyme / chemical} reactions to occur (1) maintain structure of cells maintain salt concentration / water	Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
decreases ageing IGNORE prevent dehydration /	number	An answer that includes one of the following points:	there will be other answers e.g.to regulate body temperature keep joints lubricated (1) prevent infections / reduce inflammation (1) deliver nutrients to cells, (1) keep cells / tissues/organs functioning properly (1) enable {metabolic/ enzyme / chemical} reactions to occur (1) maintain structure of cells maintain salt concentration / water potential / allow osmosis to occur decreases ageing	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)	An explanation that includes three of the following points:		
	 caffeine (and its metabolites) absorbed into the blood (1) 		(3)
	(carried to brain) where it crosses the blood brain barrier (1)		
	 where it binds to (specific) receptors (on neurones) (1) 	ACCEPT blocks adenosine receptors (in synapse)	
	 caffeine causes {sodium ion channels open /allows neurones to continue {transmission / depolarisation} / more action potentials / release of neurotransmitters} (1) 	_	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)	An answer that includes the following points: • correct suitable reason (1)	 larger surface area larger (muscle) mass more cells males have a greater energy requirement males have less fat males have higher metabolic rate 	(2)
	correct relevant explanation of reason (1)	 so more water lost by (evaporation) more heat released so more sweating to maintain body temperature more water needed in {enzymic reactions / respiration} as muscles store less water than fat women store more fat than men so can have a bigger store of water in fat than men there may be other acceptable responses 	

process of being too
(5)
1
re / less
re / collecting re / less} fewer} collecting
CT 10 / 1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(e)	An explanation that includes the following points:		
	water moves out (from the cell) by osmosis (1)		(2)
	 because concentration of solutes is higher {outside the cell / in blood / in tissue fluid} (than in the cell) / (1) 	ACCEPT higher water potential inside cell / lower water potential {outside the cell / in blood / in tissue fluid} accept water moves down {water potential / water concentration} gradient	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(f)	An answer that includes two of the following points:	ACCEPT {nitrite / NO / nitrous oxide / nitric oxide / metabolite of nitrate} for nitrate	(2)
	• {increased / high} levels of nitrate in the blood (1)	ACCEPT nitrate transported to heart	
	 results in relaxation of smooth muscle (of blood vessels) (1) 	ACCEPT stimulation of SAN to give more depolarisation	
	leading to {vasodilation / widening of lumen} (1)	ACCEPT leading to increased {stroke volume / cardiac output / heart rate}	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(g)	 A description that includes three of the following points: compare {groups / individuals} consuming [energy drinks v non energy drinks/ before and after drinking energy drinks} (1) perform ECG (1) 	ACCEPT energy drink drinker and non-energy drink drinker	(3)
	{analyse / compare} ECG for (irregular) heart rhythm (1)	ACCEPT descriptions e.g. interval between {same / named} peak changes ACCEPT compare to see the difference in ECG traces	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(h)	An answer that includes the one of the following points:	Reason and explanation MUST be linked.	(2)
	correct reason (1)	e.g. an allergy to milk protein / lactose intolerance / cannot breakdown {lactose/ milk sugar}	(-)
	explanation of reason (1)	e.g. {inability to produce / deficiency} in enzyme lactase / {gene / allele} coding for lactase is missing /immune response to milk protein	