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Time allowed 26 Minutes

2002

CHEMISTRY

Topic Questions

AQA AS & A LEVEL

Percentage

%

3.3 Organic chemistry

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Score

/22



1. Which one of the following conversions does **not** represent a reduction?

- A propene \rightarrow propane
- **B** propanal \rightarrow propan-I-ol
- **C** propanal \rightarrow propanoic acid
- **D** propanone \rightarrow propane

(Total 1 mark)

² .Which one of the following reactions involves nucleophilic addition?

- **A** $CH_{3}CH = CH_{2} + HBr \rightarrow CH_{3}CHBrCH_{3}$
- $\mathbf{B} \qquad \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CH}_3 + \mathsf{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CHCICH}_3 + \mathsf{HCI}$
- $\textbf{C} \qquad CH_3CH_2CH_2Br + NaOH \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2OH + NaBr$
- **D** $CH_3CH_2CHO + HCN \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH(OH)CN$



3. Which one of the following is **not** a suitable method for the preparation of ethanol?

- A oxidation of ethane
- **B** hydration of ethene
- **C** reduction of ethanal
- **D** hydrolysis of bromoethane

(Total 1 mark)

4 . Which one of the following does **not** represent an oxidation?

- A propene \rightarrow propane
- **B** propan-I-ol \rightarrow propanal
- **C** propan-I-ol \rightarrow propanoic acid
- **D** propanal \rightarrow propanoic acid

5.CH₂O is the empirical formula of

- A methanol
- B methyl methanoate
- **C** ethane-1,2-diol
- D butanal

(Total 1 mark)

(Total 1 mark)



6. In which one of the following are the curly arrows **not** used correctly?



(Total 1 mark)

Which one of the following can react both by nucleophilic addition and by nucleophilic substitution?



(Total 1 mark)



8 J.In which of the following is a curly arrow used incorrectly?



(Total 1 mark)

9 Which one of the following isomers is not oxidised under mild reaction conditions?

- A (CH₃)₂CHCH(OH)COCH₃
- **B** (CH₃)₂C(OH)CH₂COCH₃
- C (CH₃)₂CHCH(OH)CH₂CHO
- D (CH₃)₂C(OH)CH₂CH₂CHO

(Total 1 mark)



10. Which one of the following will undergo nucleophilic addition?

- A hex-3-ene
- B hexan-3-one
- C 3-bromohexane
- D hexan-3-ol

(Total 1 mark)

11. How many structural isomers, which are aldehydes, have the molecular formula $C_{5}H_{10}O$?

- **A** 2
- **B** 3
- **C** 4
- **D** 5

(Total 1 mark)

¹².On reduction, a racemate can be formed by

- A CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂CHO
- **B** CH₃CH₂CH₂COCH₃
- C CH₃CH₂COCH₂CH₃
- **D** CH₃CH=CHCH₂CHO

(Total 1 mark)



13 .Certain chemical tests were performed on the pain-relief drug ibuprofen. The results of these tests are given in the table below.

Test	Result
Aqueous sodium carbonate	Effervescence
Bromine water	Remained orange
Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) and heat	Remained orange
Fehling's solution and heat	Remained blue

Which one of the following functional groups do these results suggest that ibuprofen contains?



(Total 1 mark)

14 Which one of the following can act as an oxidising agent but not as a reducing agent?

- Α CH₃CHO
- В Fe^{2+}
- С 1-
- MnO4 D

(Total 1 mark)





15 The compound lithium tetrahydridoaluminate(III), LiAlH₄, is a useful reducing agent. It behaves in a similar fashion to NaBH₄. Carbonyl compounds and carboxylic acids are reduced to alcohols. However, LiAlH₄ also reduces water in a violent reaction so that it must be used in an organic solvent.

Which one of the following can be reduced by LiAlH₄ to a primary alcohol?



(Total 1 mark)

¹⁶ Which one of the following statements about but-2-enal, CH₃CH=CHCHO, is **not** true?

- It has stereoisomers. Α
- В It shows a strong absorption in the infra-red at about 1700 cm⁻¹.
- С It will turn an acidified solution of potassium dichromate(VI) green.
- D It can be dehydrated by concentrated sulphuric acid.



17 Which one of the following would **not** reduce an acidified aqueous solution of potassium dichromate(VI)?

- A CH₃COOH
- B Zn
- C CH₃CHO
- D Fe²⁺(aq)

(Total 1 mark)

18 Which one of the following is **not** a correct general formula for the non-cyclic compounds listed?

- A alcohols C_nH_{2n+2}O
- **B** aldehydes C_nH_{2n+1}O
- C esters C_nH_{2n}O₂
- $\boldsymbol{C} \qquad \text{primary amines } \boldsymbol{C}_{\scriptscriptstyle n}\boldsymbol{H}_{\scriptscriptstyle 2n+3}\boldsymbol{N}$

(Total 1 mark)

19 Propanone can be reduced to form an alcohol. A functional group isomer of the alcohol formed is

- A CH₃CH₂CH₂OH
- B CH₃CH₂CHO
- C CH₃OCH₂CH₃
- D CH₃COCH₃



20. In which one of the following mixtures does a redox reaction occur?

- A ethanal and Tollens' reagent
- B ethanoyl chloride and ethanol
- **C** ethanal and hydrogen cyanide
- D ethanoic acid and sodium hydroxide

(Total 1 mark)

²¹.Which one of the following reactions will produce an organic compound that has optical isomers?

- A dehydration of butan-2-ol by heating with concentrated sulphuric acid
- **B** reduction of pentan-3-one by warming with NaBH₄
- **C** addition of Br₂ to 3-bromopropene
- **D** reduction of 2,3-dimethylpent-2-ene with H₂ in the presence of a nickel catalyst

(Total 1 mark)

22. Which alcohol could **not** be produced by the reduction of an aldehyde or a ketone?

