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Time allowed 19 Minutes

/16

Percentage

%

## **CHEMISTRY**

**AQA** AS & A LEVEL

**Topic Questions** 

3.3 Organic chemistry

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1	W	hich one of the following cannot be produced by oxidation of propan-I-ol?			
	Α	carbon dioxide			
	В	propanone			
	С	propanal			
	D	propanoic acid	(Total 1 mark)		
2	W	hich one of the following is <b>not</b> a suitable method for the preparation of ethanol?			
	Α	oxidation of ethane			
	В	hydration of ethene			
	С	reduction of ethanal			
	D	hydrolysis of bromoethane	(Total 1 mark)		
	Which one of the following does <b>not</b> represent an oxidation?				
	<i>f</i>				
	E	B propan-I-ol → propanal			

(Total 1 mark)

С

D

propan-l-ol  $\rightarrow$  propanoic acid

propanal → propanoic acid





O is the empirical formula of

- **A** methanol
- **B** methyl methanoate
- **C** ethane-1,2-diol
- **D** butanal

(Total 1 mark)



В

C

D

In which of the following is a curly arrow used incorrectly?

$$CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 + :Br^-$$

A  $HO: OH$ 

$$CH_3CH = CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3 \stackrel{+}{C}HCH_2CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$

$$CH_3CH = CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3 \stackrel{+}{C}HCH_2CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$

$$CH_3CH = CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3 \stackrel{+}{C}HCH_2CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} C & C & C \\ C$$

$$CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH \longrightarrow CH_3CH = CHCH_3$$





Which one of the following isomers is not oxidised under mild reaction conditions?

- A (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHCH(OH)COCH<sub>3</sub>
- **B** (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>
- C (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHCH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CHO
- **D** (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHO

(Total 1 mark)



Which one of the following alcohols forms a mixture of alkenes when dehydrated?

- A propan-1-ol
- **B** propan-2-ol
- **C** pentan-1-ol
- **D** pentan-2-ol

(Total 1 mark)



Which one of the following mechanisms is **not** involved in the reaction sequence below?

 $CH_{3}CH_{3} \rightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}CI \rightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}OH \rightarrow CH_{2}=CH_{2} \rightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}Br$ 

- A electrophilic addition
- **B** electrophilic substitution
- **C** nucleophilic substitution
- **D** free-radical substitution



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Certain chemical tests were performed on the pain-relief drug ibuprofen. The results of these tests are given in the table below.

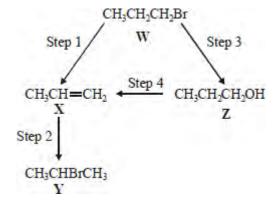
Test	Result	
Aqueous sodium carbonate	Effervescence	
Bromine water	Remained orange	
Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) and heat	Remained orange	
Fehling's solution and heat	Remained blue	

Which one of the following functional groups do these results suggest that ibuprofen contains?

$$c$$
  $c = c$ 



For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



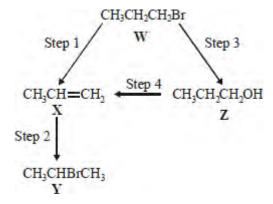
Which one of the following statements is **not** correct?

- **W** and **Y** are structural isomers. Α
- В **Z** is a primary alcohol.
- C **Y** gives two peaks in its proton n.m.r. spectrum.
- C **X** has geometrical isomers.



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For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



Which one of the following reagents would **not** bring about the reaction indicated?

A Step 1 : alcoholic KOH

B Step 2 : aqueous Br<sub>2</sub>

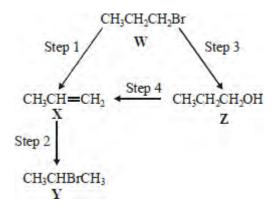
C Step 3 : aqueous NaOH

C Step 4 : concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>



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For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



Which one of the following statements is **not** correct?

- A Reaction of **W** with sodium cyanide followed by hydrolysis of the resulting product gives propanoic acid.
- **B** Mild oxidation of **Z** produces a compound that reacts with Tollens' reagent, forming a silver mirror.
- **C Z** reacts with ethanoic acid to produce the ester propyl ethanoate.
- **C W** undergoes addition polymerisation to form poly(propene).

(Total 1 mark)

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Which one of the following is **not** a correct general formula for the non-cyclic compounds listed?

- A alcohols C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n+2</sub>O
- **B** aldehydes C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n+1</sub>O
- C esters C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- C primary amines C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n+3</sub>N





Which one of the following reactions will produce an organic compound that has optical isomers?

- dehydration of butan-2-ol by heating with concentrated sulphuric acid Α
- В reduction of pentan-3-one by warming with NaBH<sub>4</sub>
- C addition of Br<sub>2</sub> to 3-bromopropene
- D reduction of 2,3-dimethylpent-2-ene with H<sub>2</sub> in the presence of a nickel catalyst

(Total 1 mark)



Which one of the following is **not** a correct statement about vitamin C, shown below?

- It is a cyclic ester. Α
- В It can form a carboxylic acid on oxidation.
- C It decolourises a solution of bromine in water.
- D It is a planar molecule.

(Total 1 mark)



Which statement about ethanal is

It reacts with Tollens' reagent to form silver. Α

It has a higher boiling point than ethanol.

C Its empirical and molecular formulas are different.

D It belongs to a homologous series with general formula  $C_nH_{2n+1}O$