

On the Wild Side -1	Name:	
	Class:	
	Date:	
Time:		
Total Marks Available:		
Total Marks Archived:		
Level: Edexcel A level Biology		
Subject: Biology		
Exam Board: Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE AS and A level	Biology A (Salters-Nuffield) and also	
Pearsons Edexcel AS and A Level Biology B (9BI0) - Is how level Biology Students of other Boards	ever suitable for use by AS and A	
Topic: On the Wild Side -1		
Type: Topic Questions		

To be used by all students preparing for Edexcel AS and A level Biology A and Biology B - Students of other Boards may also find this useful



Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	An answer that makes reference to two of the following:		
	 the integrin binds to receptors 	ALLOW (complementary) proteins in placxe of receptors	
	 on (the surface of capillary) endothelial cells (1) 	IGNORE activates (capillary) endothelial cells	
	 holding the immune cell in place / stopping the immune cell moving with the blood (1) 		
	 giving the immune cells time to squeeze between the endothelial cells (into the brain) (1) 	ALLOW trapping the immune cell	
		ALLOW allowing immune cells to cross {the basement membrane / capillary wall}	(2)



Q2.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
(i)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following:		
	 primers have a specific base sequence (1) 	IGNORE contain complementary bases	
	 bind to complementary bases (at either end) of the DNA be amplified (1) 	ALLOW primers attach to the start of the STR sequence	
		ALLOW anneal for bind	
	 therefore, provide a site for the DNA polymerase to bind (1) 	ALLOW allowing DNA polymerase to create a complementary strand	
			(2)



Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number (ii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:		
	 the base sequences of the alleles are different (1) 	ALLOW they have different numbers of base pairs e.g. wild type 345bp and the G20210A has 322bp	
	 the restriction enzyme {recognises / cuts} at a specific {site / DNA base sequence} (1) 		
	 that is only present in the G20210A allele (1) 		
	 therefore, a shorter fragment is produced for the G20210A allele (1) 		(3)



Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
(iii)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 identify an appropriate reagent to be provided (in excess) (1) 	e.g. DNA, polymerase, primers, mononucleotides	
	 identify appropriate conditions (to control) (1) 	e.g. temperatures used are 95, 55 and 70°C / duration of steps in cycle	
	change the number of cycles (1)		
	 use gel electrophoresis (to determine quantity of DNA produced) (1) 	ALLOW a description of gel electrophoresis	
	 choose the smallest number of cycles that produces an observable band (1) 	ALLOW choose the number of cycles giving the {thickest / clearest} band	(4)



Q3.

Question Number	Answer
	Answers will be credited according to candidates' deployment of knowledge and understanding of material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.
	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.
	Comparisons between phospholipid bilayer and proteins in the cell surface membrane: • judgement about the relative importance of the phospholipid bilayer and the proteins within that bilayer
	 Use of data: most proteins in the cell are associated with the cell membrane whilst quantities of phospholipid are the same the proteins have more functions
	 Importance of proteins in the cell surface membrane: immune response e.g. as antigens and therefore body defence, antibodies, MHC proteins receptors e.g. receptor proteins on tip of sperm allowing acrosome reaction when encounters zona, for neurotransmitters regulation e.g. with regards to hormones such insulin signal / transcription e.g. transcription factors, secondary messengers transport e.g. active transport, as channel proteins allowing facilitated diffusion, as {voltage-gated / eq} channels for the nerve impulse / resting potential or / and role of Na*-K* pump
	 Importance of phospholipid bilayer in some of: the role of fluidity and structure of cell the membrane inhibiting polar substances moving across due to having a hydrophobic component having both hydrophilic and hydrophobic components which leads to the separation of the aqueous contents of the cell from its aqueous external surroundings allowing diffusion of gases directly across it myelin sheath / nerve impulse



Level	Marks	Descriptor	Additional guidance
0		No awardable content	
1	1-3	An explanation may be attempted but with limited interpretation or analysis of the scientific information with a focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information. The explanation will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.	Discussion of one type of membrane protein linked to its role May have lots of irrelevant information
2	4-6	An explanation will be given with occasional evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of more than one piece of scientific information. The explanation shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure.	Discussion of more than one membrane protein linking them to their function Also discussing the role of phospholipids
3	7-9	An explanation is made which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of several pieces of scientific information. The explanation shows a well- developed and sustained line of scientific reasoning which is clear and logically structured.	Good discussion of role of proteins and phospholipids – reaching a judgement Linking role of proteins and phospholipids Number of specific examples of membrane proteins Very little if any irrelevant information



Q4.

Question Number	Indicative content
*	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.
	Basic information
	 All the treatment combinations were effective at treating TB All treatments had some { relapses / individuals with TB } 3 years after treatment { Group 1 / Groups 1 and 2 / Rifampicin + Pyrazinamide / Rifampicin + Isoniazid } had the lowest number of patients with TB (3 years later)
	Evidence for linkages made
	 Percentage relapse varies depending on second part of treatment Combinations involving Rifampicin most effective The antibiotics tested act on different targets in bacteria Gaps in information - not all combinations tested, other combinations might be more effective Other time scales may have been more effective
	 Evidence for sustained scientific reasoning Could be other reasons for infections with TB 3 years later not due to the antibiotic treatment No information about dormant TB (only percentage of active cases) Bacterial RNA polymerase possibly the best target for antibiotics Antibiotics targeting synthesis of cell wall fatty acids least effective in terms of relapses Idea of combination of antibiotics with different mode of activity most effective



Level	Mark	Descriptor	
Level 0	Marks	No awardable content	
Level 1	1-2	An answer may be attempted but with limited interpretation or analysis of the scientific information with a focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information.	Reference to effectiveness of different combinations of antibiotics.
		The answer will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.	
Level 2	3-4	An answer will be given with occasional evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of both pieces of scientific information.	Reasons for differences in effectiveness considered.
		The answer shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure.	
Level 3	5-6	An answer is made which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of both pieces of scientific information.	Information about action of antibiotics related to effectiveness. Evaluation of study design considered.
		The answer shows a well-developed and sustained line of scientific reasoning which is clear and logically structured.	



Q5.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
	Any two of • more (new) cases		
	 the total number of cases is relatively constant 	ALLOW only slight change in total number of cases	
	 and the number of people dying from TB is decreasing 		
	And		
	 so {more are being successfully treated / the programme is effective} 		(3)



Q6.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark	
(i)	 idea that bacteria are resistant to fewer {antibiotics / antibiotic combinations} (in 2006 than 2007) ; in both years there are resistant strains to {streptomycin / INH + rifampicin + ethambutol / INH } ; idea that there are resistant strains to INH + rifampicin in 2006 but not in 2007 ; 	ACCEPT clear abbreviations to the names of the antibiotics throughout 1 ACCEPT a description e.g. new resistances, resistant to 4 in 2006 and 5 in 2007 3 ACCEPT idea that {resistance decreased to zero / no longer resistant} 4 ACCEPT idea of resistance developing NB development of new resistances to {ethambutol / rifampicin} = Mp 1 and 4		
	 idea that there are resistant strains to {ethambutol / rifampicin} in 2007 but not in 2006 ; 		(3)	



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark	
(ii)	 bacteria have a mutation in {DNA / gene / eq }; idea that the {presence / usage of} {antibiotic (INH) / INH} acts as a selection pressure ; 			
	3. idea that the allele (for resistance) is passed on ;	3 NOT gene		
	4. idea that bacteria {divide by asexual reproductio n / divide by binary fission / produce clones / eq};	4 ACCEPT divide by mitosis / conjugation / transduction / transformation / eq		
	 idea of increasing the allele frequency ; 			

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	 idea that the more resistant bacteria there are, the more likely new strains will acquire the (resistance) gene; 		(3)

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(iii)	 reference to codes of {practice / conduct / eq }; 	1 ACCEPT named policy /code NB Mp5 is for named practice	
	 idea that appropriate {antibiotics / named example} should be given to patients ; 	2 ACCEPT not giving antibiotics if not necessary / not using antibiotics for prophylactic treatment / using narrow spectrum antibiotics / rotate antibiotic use	
	 idea of {educating patients about taking antibiotics / taking the full course of antibiotics ; 		
	 credit another appropriate procedure e.g. hand washing, screening ; 		(2)



Q7.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(a)(i)	 reference to {death / killing / destroying / eq } (of bacteria cells); 	1. Ignore reference to stopping growth	
	2. idea that {bacteria / cells} burst ;	2. Accept lysis, loss of osmotic control	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(a)(ii)	 reference to cells cannot {reproduce / increase in number / produce new cells / multiply / replicate / eq}; 		
	2. idea of no (cell) division ;	2. Accept no binary fission	(2)



Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
(b)(i)	1. (A and C resistant as) no {clear zone / zone of inhibition / eq} around A and C ;	1. Accept a clear description of this area around the disc	
	<pre>2. idea that {clear zone / eq} indicates where antibiotic {inhibits growth / kills bacteria / eq};</pre>	2. Accept converse	
	3. {clear zone / eq} around B {smaller/ eq} than clear zone around D ;	3. Accept converse	
	4. idea of {size / diameter / width /eq} of clear zone indicates {effectiveness / eq} ;		
	[check diagram for appropriate labels]		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(ii)	C reliability ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(iii)	D validity;	(1)



Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(c)	 reference to hospitals {having / changing / eq } a {code of practice / protocol / policy / standards / eq} (for dealing with hospital acquired infections); idea of clothing rules for 	1. Allow references to pillows for pillow cases throughout	
	hospital workers ;		
	 reference to <u>improved</u> laundry of bed linen e.g. {<u>increased</u> frequency / higher washing temperature / eq}; 	 Allow pillow cases should be washed daily 	
	 reference to use of special {pillow cases / treatment of pillow cases} e.g. microfilters, treated with antibacterials, sterilisation, disposable pillow cases; 		
	 reference to use of special procedures when carrying {pillow cases / bed linen} to laundry e.g. sealed plastic bags ; 		
	 screening of patients / isolation of infected patients / eq ; 		
	 idea of hand washing regimes / eq ; 	7. Allow hands should always be washed	
			(3)



Q8.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)	A active artificial	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(i)	 antibodies appear (in blood) {immediately / on day 0 / eq} in group B but {on day 4 / after 3 days} in group A ; antibodies reach higher levels in group B / eq ; credit comparative manipulated data ; 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(ii)	 antibodies present from the first vaccination / eq ; 		
	2. idea of a secondary immune response ;		
	3. memory cells already present / eq ;		
	4. due to first vaccination / eq ;		
	 memory cells mean that {antibodies produced immediately} / eq ; 		
	6. on exposure to (same) antigen / eq ;		(3)



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(c)	 idea that the virus will be destroyed quicker ; 		
	 {more / wider range of} memory cells present ; 		(2)
	so {higher levels / faster production} of antibodies ;		

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(d)	Comparisons of groups A and B		
	 not very reliable as sample size is small / eq ; 		
	 data for first 15 days after vaccination are reliable as error bars do not overlap ; 		
	 data for 30 and 60 days not reliable as error bars overlap ; 		
	Comparisons within either of the groups		(3)
	 there may be no change in the first fifteen days ; 		



Q9.

Question	Acceptable Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
(a)	A		(1)

Question	Indiantiv	a contont				
Question	Indicative	e content				
Number						
*(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.					
	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.					
	 Vaccination stimulates primary immune response Reference to antigen presenting cells Activation of T helper cells / reference to cytokines Reference to B effector cells / activation of T killer cells (Differentiation into) plasma cells that secrete antibody Reference to memory cells (Secondary immune response) antibody production is {sooner / faster / greater} for pathogen A 					
	 Insuff 	 Insufficient antibody initially produced in primary response for pathogen B 				
Level	Mark	Descriptor				
	0	No awardable content				



Level 1	1-2	Demonstrates isolated elements of biological knowledge and understanding to the given context with generalised comments made. The explanation will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.
Level 2	3-4	Demonstrates adequate knowledge and understanding by selecting and applying some relevant biological facts/concepts to provide the explanation being presented. Lines of argument occasionally supported through the application of
		relevant evidence (scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures). The explanation shows some linkages and lines of reasoning with some structure.
Level 3	5-6	Demonstrates comprehensive knowledge and understanding by selecting and applying relevant knowledge of biological facts/concepts to provide the explanation being presented. Line(s) of argument supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence (scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures). The explanation shows a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is clear, coherent and logically structured.



Q10.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	A description that makes reference to the following:		
	 { phagocytes / macrophages } engulf antigens (1) 		
	 antigen is presented on the surface of antigen presenting cells (1) 	ALLOW reference to production of APCs / antigen presenting cells	
	 lymphocytes with receptors that are (specific / complementary) to (particular) antigens bind to APC (1) 	ALLOW CD4 receptors ALLOW T cells for	
		lymphocytes	(3)

Q11.

Question	Answer				A	Additional guidance	Mark
Number							
	Physical barrier Chemical barrier	Keratin in the skin ✓ x	Lysozyme in mucus x ✓	Hydrochloric acid in the stomach x ✓		3 correct answers 1 mark All correct 2 marks	(2)



Q12.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(a)	 bacteria have DNA, viruses have DNA or RNA ; 	NB piece answers together throughout	
	 idea that bacteria have {circular / eq} genetic material, viruses have {linear / straight}; 	Do not accept in context of plasmid	
	 bacterial DNA is double-stranded, viral {DNA / RNA} is single (or double) stranded / eq; 		
	 bacteria (may) have plasmids, viruses do not have plasmids / eq; 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(i)	 reference to {phagocytosis /endocytosis / engulfing}; 		
	2. credit details of phagocytosis ;	eg formation of {pseudopodia / membrane extensions around bacteria} / cytoplasmic streaming / binding to bacteria	
	 reference to bacterium inside a {vacuole / vesicle / phagolysosome}; 	Not phagolysozyme	(2)

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(ii)	 idea that bacteria need to be accessible to antibiotics ; idea of bacteria inside macrophages ; 		
	3. reference to waxy layer of (these) bacteria ;		
	 idea that (bacteriostatic) antibiotics affect dividing bacteria; 	Not bacteriocidal antibiotics	
	 reference to antibiotic resistance (of these bacteria); 		(2)



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(iii)	 idea of {dead / attenuated / eq} {organisms / pathogen / bacterium / eq} put into person; 	NB not simply crediting ref to vaccination as in stem of question Accept antigen	
	 reference to (stimulation of) {specific / primary} (immune) response ; 		
	3. credit details of T helper cell activation ;	eg macrophages as APCs	
	4. credit details of B cell activation ;	eg involvement of cytokines, B cells as APCs	
	5. credit details of T killer cell activation ;	eg involvement of cytokines, infected cells as APCs	
	6. reference to production of memory cells ;		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Answer Additional Guidance	
(c)	 reference to {<u>further</u> lung damage / severe breathing problems / eq}; idea that the <i>Mycobacterium</i> get into the 	eg cannot obtain enough oxygen	
	{blood / lymph}; 3. idea that organ failure (leads to death) ;		
	 idea of {reduced / weakened} immune response (due to a loss of T cells); 		
	5. credit detail of role of T (helper) cells ;	eg production of cytokines	
	6. credit detail of effect of no T killer cells ;	eg infected cells will not be destroyed	
	7. credit detail of effect of no B cells ;	eg no antibody produced	
	 ref to {secondary / opportunistic / other} infections (causing death); 		(4)



Q13.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
(i)	A description that makes reference to three of the following		
	 (small groups of) healthy volunteers are given the vaccine to testfor side effects (1) 		
	 (healthy volunteers) tested for presence of antibodies to the virus (following vaccination) (1) 		
	 a group of people at risk of contracting the disease is given the vaccine (1) 		
	 the number of people who develop the viral disease (following vaccination) are monitored (1) 		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	An answer that makes reference		
	to four of the following • large numbers of people died from the disease (1)	ALLOW disease is (usually) fatal	
	 health workers are in close contact with people suffering from the disease (1) 	ALLOW health workers and family most likely to be exposed to the virus	
	 the side effects of the vaccine will not be worse than contracting Ebola(1) 	ALLOW risk from the disease is much greater than the risk from the vaccine	
	 vaccinating immediate family will help to reduce the spread of disease(1) 		
	 if health workers were vaccinated they could care for more people (1) 		(4)



Q14.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	An answer that makes reference to three of the following:		
	 <u>Similarities</u> both contain { genetic material / RNA } (1) both have a phospholipid bilayer (1) 	IGNORE both have DNA ALLOW lipid bilayer	
	Differences	ALLOW converse i.e. HIV does not have	(3)
	 (only) HIV has { capsid / protein coat / GP 120 } (1) 	ALLOW converse i.e. bacterium does not have	



Q15.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark	
	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:			
	Similarities			
	 to avoid adverse environmental conditions (1) 			
	 formation of resistant {outer coating / capsule} (1) 			
	 reduce metabolic activity (1) 			
	Differences			
	 sporulation and no sporulation (1) 			
	 different reasons for entering dormancy (1) 	e.g. mycobacterium enters dormancy to avoid immune response and Bacillus to survive lack of		
	 (only) genetic material is in a protective capsule in Bacillus (1) 	resources	(4)	



Q16.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	B - smaller than ribosomes in eukaryotes	
	The only correct answer is B	
	A is not correct because bacterial ribosomes are smaller than eukaryotic ribosomes	
	C is not correct because bacterial ribosomes are smaller than animal ribosomes	(1)
	D is not correct because bacterial ribosomes are smaller than plant ribosomes	

Q17.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	An answer that makes reference to two of the following:		
	 only one cell as opposed to potentially many (1) 		
	 no nucleus present (1) 	ALLOW DNA not associated with histones	
	 no membrane-bound organelles present / absence of named membrane-bound organelle other than nucleus (1) 	ALLOW example e.g. no mitochondrion	(2)



Q18.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
	 at the start of composting the percentage of organic carbon is less and the percentage of nitrogen is more when cow dung is added (1) 		
	 adding cow dung does not change the decrease in organic carbon (1) 	e.g. 12.8% and 12.7%	
	 adding cow dung causes {a slight / no change} to the increase in nitrogen (1) 	e.g. 0.43% compared with 0.47%	
	 adding cow dung has no significant effect on composting (of coffee husks) (1) 		3



Q19.

Question Number		Indicative content			
*	deploy materi	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.			
	candid which include	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content ncluded in the response must be scientific and relevant.			
	•	the CVID group is more susceptible to bacterial infections the CVID group produces fewer antibodies to bacterial antigens have a reduced percentage of B cells have a similar ratio of T helper to T killer cells have a normal percentage of T lymphocytes can defend themselves against viruses but not bacteria (therefore) antiviral medication not required could prescribe (prophylactic) antibiotics could provide passive immunity by giving them antibodies / immunoglobulins			
Level	Mark	Descriptor			
0	0	No awardable content			
1	1-2	Limited scientific judgement made with a focus			



Level	Mark	Descriptor	
		on mainly just one method, with a few strengths/weaknesses identified.	
		A conclusion may be attempted, demonstrating isolated elements of biological knowledge and understanding but with limited evidence to support the judgement being made.	
2	3-4	A scientific judgement is made through the application of relevant evidence, with strengths and weaknesses of each method identified. A conclusion is made, demonstrating linkages to elements of biological knowledge and understanding, with occasional evidence to support the judgement being made.	
3	5-6	A scientific judgement is made which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence from the analysis and interpretation of the scientific information. A conclusion is made, demonstrating sustained linkages to biological knowledge and understanding with evidence to support the judgement being made.	



Q20.

Question Number	Accoptable Anewer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	positive correlation		(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	 correct diameter or 	(1)	14 mm	
	radius measured		Example of Calculation $3.14 \times 7^2 = 154 \text{ mm}^2$	
	 correct answer 	(1)	Allow full marks for correct answer with no working	
			_	(2)
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Q21.

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)	C hydrolysis	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(i)	B to give a range of values for the independent variable	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(ii)	B one	(1)

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(iii)	 idea that {bacteria / fungi / decomposers / eq} release enzymes (for decomposition); 	1. ACCEPT external digestion / extracellular digestion	
	 idea of the formation of {monomers / glucose / amino acids / small molecules} / eq ; 		
	that {are soluble / dissolve} ;		
	 idea that some (soluble) molecules {soak into the ground / taken up (by organisms) ; 		
	 idea of {respiration / fermentation} of {glucose / eq} (by decomposers); 		
	6. carbon dioxide (released) / eq ;		
	7. idea of water loss ;	7. e.g. evaporation of water / leaves drying out	
	 idea of {worm / appropriate named organism} activity; 	8. e.g. animals eat the leaves, leaves pulled into soil	(4)



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(iv)	 idea that an increase in temperature would increase the rate of decomposition (up to an optimum temperature); 		
	 reference to enzymes (in decomposition) ; 		
	 idea that increased {heat / kinetic} energy results increase in {number of collisions / energy of collisions (between enzymes and substrate) / enzyme-substrate complexes}; 		
	 idea that increased temperature increases rate at which bacteria increase ; 		
	 idea that above a certain temperature rate of decomposition would {decrease / stop}; 		
	 idea that at higher temperatures enzymes become denatured OR bacteria killed ; 	6. NOT enzymes start to denature NB need the term 'denaturing' or its derivative	(4)



Q22.

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(a)	larvae show no significant preference for light over dark side (1)	Allow vice versa Must have NO in hypothesis.	(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(b)(i)	calculation of expected frequency 10 and 10 (1)		
	(O-E) ² /E for both light and dark sides 49 \div 10 = 4.9 (1)		
	sum = 9.8 (1)		(3)

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(b)(ii)	 An answer that makes reference to the following: higher than 3.84 therefore Chi square value as high as 9.8 arise by chance alone less than 1 in 20 / 0.05 therefore there is a significant difference (1) 	allow ECF for incorrect value of Chi allow converse if calculated of Chi is lower than 3.84	(1)



Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(c)	An explanation that makes reference to five of the following:		
	 use of dead tissue containing toxin and dead tissue not containing tissue so valid comparison can be made (1) 		
	 {young larvae of same length / fly eggs} allowed access to both types of dead tissue so they have same potential for growth (1) 		
	 reference to time scale before growth of larvae measured to allow time for growth to occur (1) 		
	 length measured for several larvae to ensure reliability (1) 		
	 control of {temperature / type of tissue / age of tissue / species of larvae} because these factors affect growth (1) 		(5)
	 recognition that comparison of results may show under or over estimate of time of death (1) 		



Q23.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)	A bacteria and fungi	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(i)	A none	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(b)(ii)	D validity	(1)

Question			
Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(b)(iii)	1. 2. ref to hydrolysis ;		
	3. by {enzymes / cellulase} / eq ;		
	 produced by microorganisms / eq ; 		
	into(β) glucose ;		
	 uptake of glucose into microorganisms / eq ; 		
	 idea that glucose is used in {respiration / fermentation}; 		(4)
	 releasing carbon dioxide into the atmosphere / eq ; 		
	 idea that some of glucose (solution) soaks into ground ; 		



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
-	 to make investigation valid ; idea that {temperature / heat energy} affects {rate of enzyme reactions / enzyme activity / rate of decomposition} ; increase in {heat / kinetic} energy results in more {collisions / energetic collision / enzyme-substrate complexes / eq} ; 	<pre>t {temperature / ergy} affects {rate of reactions / enzyme / rate of osition} ; e in {heat / kinetic} results in more ns / energetic / enzyme-substrate ees / eq} ;</pre> 4. ACCEPT bacteria killed / eq	(4)
	 idea that high temperature results in enzyme {denaturing / becoming denatured}; 		
	5. (so) decomposition would stop / eq ;		



Q24.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	 An answer that makes reference to two of the following: PERVs (are retroviruses) present in the pig'sgenome (1) 	ALLOW pigs inherit the PERVs /retroviruses in their genomic DNA	Choose an item. (2)
	 PERV virus particles {are produced by / bud of from} the pig cells (1) PERVs bind to membrane receptors (on humancells) (1) 	ALLOW membrane coated particlesfuse with human cells ALLOW enter cells by endocytosis	
	 PERVs insert their nucleic acid into the cells (1) 		



Q25.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	A description that makes reference to three of the following: standardisation of pigs studied (1) 	e.g. same {size / breed / mass / type / age /sex}	
	 named {environmental condition / abiotic factor} controlled (1) 	ALLOW example of an abiotic factor being monitored such as temperature	
	 record the presence of different species (of insects) (1) at regular intervals of time (1) 	e.g. every 24 hours, every day, hourly, weekly	
			(3)

Number (ii) An exp follow	planation that makes reference to three of the	
	planation that makes reference to three of the	
	record which {insects / species} are present (on the human) (1)	
•	compare with results from investigation (on pigs) to determine time of death (1)	
•	take into account which stages of the lifecycle are present (1)	
	(when using stage of succession to determine time of death) environmental variables need to be taken into account (1)	(3)