



EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

## Lifestyle, Health and Risk Part -3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Time:

Total Marks Available:

Total Marks Archived:

Level: Edexcel A level Biology

Subject: Biology

Exam Board: Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE AS and A level Biology A (Salters-Nuffield) and also Pearsons Edexcel AS and A Level Biology B (9BI0) - Is however suitable for use by AS and A level Biology Students of other Boards

Topic: Lifestyle, Health and Risk Part -3

Type: Mark Scheme

To be used by all students preparing for Edexcel AS and A level Biology A and Biology B - Students of other Boards may also find this useful



## Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(i)	<b>B - X</b> <i>The only correct answer is B</i> <i>A is incorrect because W is a relay neurone</i> <i>C is incorrect because Y is a motor neurone</i> <i>D is incorrect because Z is a multipolar neurone</i>	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(ii)	<b>D - sugar molecules which are joined by glycosidic links</b> <i>The only correct answer is D</i> <i>A is incorrect because glycolipids are not made of amino acids</i> <i>B is incorrect because glycolipids are not made of amino acids</i> <i>C is incorrect because sugar molecules are not joined by ester bonds</i>	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(iii)	An answer that makes reference to three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• { form synapses / connections } with other neurones (1)</li><li>• { integrate / receive } impulses from other neurones (1)</li><li>• involved in summation</li><li>• { propagate a signal / initiate an action potential } to the { cell body / axon }</li></ul>		(3)



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Q2.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(i)	<p>C – location of a gene on a chromosome</p> <p><i>The only correct answer is C</i></p> <p><i>A is incorrect because locus is not the genetic code for a protein</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because a centromere holds together sister chromatids and not a locus</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because a locus is not the paternal part of a genome</i></p>	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to three of the following:</p> <p>Similarities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• both have a carboxylic acid group</li><li>• both have { hydrocarbon chains / chains formed from only hydrogen and carbon }</li></ul> <p>Differences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• saturated fatty acids have { no carbon to carbon double bonds / only have carbon to carbon single bonds }</li><li>• saturated fatty acids are straight chains and unsaturated fatty acids have { bent chains / a kink in the chain }</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW annotated diagrams used show similarities and differences</p> <p>ALLOW COOH</p> <p>ALLOW description of hydrocarbon chains</p> <p>ALLOW converse for unsaturated fatty acids</p>	(3)



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Q3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	An answer that makes reference to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• { identify / remove } any anomalies (1)</li><li>• to calculate a mean / can make valid comparisons (1)</li></ul>	ALLOW to gain more repeatable data ALLOW outliers for anomalies  ALLOW produce / form for calculate	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• (because time is required) for the alcohol to be absorbed (1)</li><li>• (because time is required) for acclimatisation (1)</li></ul>	ALLOW getting used to the new conditions / overcoming stress of being moved	(2)



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Q4.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• alcohol concentrations between 0.00 and 0.17 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> (1)</li><li>• controlling one biotic variable (1)</li><li>• controlling one abiotic variable (1)</li><li>• determine the concentration at which the <i>Daphnia</i> show a decrease in heart rate (1)</li><li>• use of microscope to count heart beats of <i>Daphnia</i> (1)</li></ul>	<p>e.g. age, size, sex, species of <i>Daphnia</i>,</p> <p>e.g. temperature, volume of alcohol</p> <p>ALLOW the concentration at which the mean heart rate drops below 221 beats per minute</p>	<p>(5)</p>



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Q5.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• cauliflower extract from same mass (of cooked and uncooked cauliflower) (1)</li><li>• description of titration of cauliflower extract with DCPIP (1)</li><li>• using same {volume / concentration} of DCPIP (1)</li><li>• determine the vitamin C content in cooked and uncooked cauliflower by comparing with solution of known vitamin C concentration (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW cauliflower extracts of the same concentration produced</p> <p>e.g. volume of cauliflower extract taken to decolourise the DCPIP</p> <p>ALLOW volume of DCPIP added to cauliflower extract until the DCPIP is no longer decolourised</p> <p>e.g. by using a vitamin C calibration curve</p>	<p>(4)</p>

Q6.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An explanation that makes reference to two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• water is a component of blood (1)</li><li>• ions are charged (1)</li><li>• dipole nature of water allows it to {surround / bond to / interact with} ions (1)</li></ul>	<p>IGNORE water and ions form hydrogen bonds</p>	<p>(2)</p>



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Q7.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• D validity</li></ul> <p><i>The answer is not A as controlling the variety of mice does not improve data accuracy</i></p> <p><i>The answer is not B as controlling the variety of mice does not improve data precision</i></p> <p><i>The answer is not C as controlling the variety of mice does not improve data reliability</i></p>	(1) Comp

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• there is no difference in { the number of offspring born / fertility } { if genetically modified or not / if supplied drug K or not / between the treatments }</li></ul>	IGNORE 'significant' ALLOW between the groups	(1) Exp



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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• { the GM mice / group P } had very few offspring (1)</li><li>• therefore raised HDL levels lead to reduced fertility (1)</li><li>• {non-GM mice / group R } had fewer offspring than {group Q / GM mice given drug K } (1)</li><li>• suggesting that HDL levels below a certain concentration reduce fertility (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW GM mice had fewest offspring</p> <p>ALLOW converse</p> <p>ALLOW converse</p> <p>ALLOW – some HDL required for fertility</p>	(4) Exp

Q8.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• pressure increases in the ventricles (1)</li><li>• greater pressure (in the ventricles) than in the { atria / arteries } (1)</li><li>• causing atrioventricular valves to close (1)</li><li>• causing the semilunar valves to open / forcing blood into the arteries (1)</li></ul>	<p>IGNORE reference to events during atrial systole</p>	(3)





Q9.

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>as heart rate increases, so does incidence of {both conditions / CHD and cancer } <b>(1)</b></li><li>relationship between heart rate and CHD quantified <b>(1)</b></li><li>relationship between heart rate and cancer quantified <b>(1)</b></li><li>greater increase in incidence of cancer with increased heart rate <b>(1)</b></li><li>at a heart rate &gt;99bpm there is a reduction in incidence of both conditions / plateaus / little difference <b>(1)</b></li></ul>	<p>ALLOW converse</p> <p>e.g. 1.95x increase up to 99 bpm / 1.88x increase at &gt;99</p> <p>e.g. 4.0x increase up to 99 bpm / 3.8x increase at &gt;99</p> <p>ALLOW converse</p>	<b>(5)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>mid heart beat rate is more common in the (general) population / heart rate is normally distributed in the population <b>(1)</b></li><li>fewer people available at low and high heart rate because of other health risks <b>(1)</b></li></ul>	<p>ALLOW high and low heart rates are less common</p>	<b>(2)</b>



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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(iii)	An answer that makes reference to two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• still (statistically) a large sample size <b>(1)</b></li><li>• wide range of heart rates considered <b>(1)</b></li><li>• percentage incidence used (rather than number) <b>(1)</b></li></ul>		<b>(2)</b>

Q10.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• hydrolysis</li></ul>		<b>(1)</b>



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Q11.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• beta-blockers reduce blood pressure (1)</li><li>• therefore reducing the risk of {atherosclerosis / heart disease /CVD} (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW prescribed to people with {highblood pressure / irregular heart beat / anxiety}</p> <p>ALLOW because high blood pressure can {cause atherosclerosis / damage the endothelium}</p> <p>ALLOW heart attack</p>	(2)

Q12.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	<p>The only correct answer is A - the ventricles contract, atrioventricular valves close and semilunarvalves open</p> <p><i>B is incorrect because the AV valves do not open</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because the ventricles do not relax</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the semilunar valves do not close</i></p>	(1)



Q13.

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(a)</b>	$17.0 \div 140$ (1) $= 121.43 \text{ cm}^3$ (1)		<b>(2)</b>

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(b)(i)</b>	An explanation that shows elements of reasoning /justification in the form of a linked response from the following points: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>the higher pressure is in the left ventricle / lower pressure is in the right ventricle (1)</li><li>because the left ventricle has more muscle (1)</li><li>because it needs a higher pressure to get blood through the aorta to the body (except lungs) (1)</li></ul>	Allow appropriate structural consequential comments for right ventricle.	<b>(3)</b>

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(b)(ii)</b>	D		<b>(1)</b>

Q14.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(i)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>calculation of { largest difference in concentration / largest value at 0 minutes and smallest value at 30 minutes } (1)</li><li>calculation of rate of decrease in nicotine concentration per minute (1)</li></ul>	Example of calculation $(35.0 + 9.3) / 44.3$ and $(24.1 - 5.6) / 18.5$  $25.8 \div 30$ $= 0.86$ Correct answer without working gains full marks	<b>(2)</b>



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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>percentage change greater for {the lower concentration of / 0.1 mg } nicotine (1)</li><li>a higher concentration causes a positive (percentage) change whilst the lower concentration leads to a negative (percentage) change (1)</li><li>correct calculation of percentage change for both rat groups (1)</li></ul>	<p>2.08% for { 1.0 mg nicotine / group A } and 6.25% for { 0.1mg nicotine / group B }</p>	<b>(2)</b>



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Question Number	Indicative content
*(iii)	<p>Answers will be credited according to candidates' deployment of knowledge and understanding of material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.</p> <p>The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.</p> <p>Give examples of relevant biological knowledge and understanding:</p> <p><u>Validating the statement</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Investigation involved rats inhaling nicotine which humans do during smoking</li><li>• Rats are mammals so can extrapolate to humans</li></ul> <p><u>Not validating the statement</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Nicotine inhaled (for both nicotine concentrations) leads to vasoconstriction and then vasodilation and then returns to original diameter</li><li>• Blood pressure for 1mg nicotine concentration increases and decreases but drops below original value</li><li>• Presence of nicotine leads to noradrenaline release which increases heart rate</li><li>• Blood pressure (for both nicotine concentrations) increases and decreases</li><li>• No reference to rats inhaling smoke, only nicotine</li><li>• Rats are not the same as humans</li><li>• Sample size too small to make a valid statement</li></ul> <p><u>Comment</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• whether agree or disagree with statement</li></ul>



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			<b>Additional guidance</b>
<b>Level 0</b>	Marks	No awardable content	
<b>Level 1</b>	1-2	<p>Limited scientific judgement made with a focus on mainly just one method, with a few strengths/weaknesses identified.</p> <p>A conclusion may be attempted, demonstrating isolated elements of biological knowledge and understanding but with limited evidence to support the judgement being made.</p>	<p>An answer that refers to just one piece of evidence – either lumen size or blood pressure</p> <p>Simple conclusion drawn from the evidence</p>
<b>Level 2</b>	3-4	<p>A scientific judgement is made through the application of relevant evidence, with strengths and weaknesses of each method identified.</p> <p>A conclusion is made, demonstrating linkages to elements of biological knowledge and understanding, with occasional evidence to support the judgement being made.</p>	<p>An answer that refers to evidence concerning both lumen size and blood pressure</p> <p>Links made between lumen size, vasoconstriction and blood pressure</p>
<b>Level 3</b>	5-6	<p>A scientific judgement is made which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence from the analysis and interpretation of the scientific information.</p> <p>A conclusion is made, demonstrating sustained linkages to biological knowledge and understanding with evidence to support the judgement being made.</p>	<p>An answer that refers to data about vasoconstriction and vasodilation and links it to effect of nicotine on the release of noradrenaline and therefore on blood pressure</p> <p>Conclusion made considering validity of data collected from rats and how it can be applied to humans</p>



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Q15.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• (strong) positive correlation</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW velocity of blood flow is (directly) proportional to the lumen diameter</p> <p>ALLOW description of relationship e.g. as lumen diameter increases velocity of blood flow increases</p>	(1)

Q16.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	<p>A description that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• the allele (G20210A) increases the risk of suffering a deep vein thrombosis / two copies of the allele (G20210A) increases risk (1)</li><li>• there is a { 2.5 fold increase in risk with one allele / 20 fold increase in risk with two alleles / 8-fold increase in risk with two alleles compared to one allele} (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW abbreviations for G20210A</p> <p>ALLOW DVT</p> <p>IGNORE 1.5 x, 17.5 x and 19 x as these come from incorrect subtractions of risk factors</p>	(2)





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Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>Choose an item.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• correct proportion of homozygous individuals calculated (1)</li><li>• correct probabilities (p and q) determined for Hardy-Weinberg equation (1)</li><li>• correct number of heterozygotes determined (1)</li></ul>	<p>Example of calculation</p> <p><math>P^2</math> or <math>q^2 = 0.005</math></p> <p><math>p = 0.0707</math> <math>q = 0.9293</math> or <math>2pq = 0.1314</math></p> <p><math>= 10\,000 \times 0.1314 = 1314</math></p> <p>ALLOW <math>p = 0.071</math> and <math>q = 0.929</math> or <math>2pq = 0.1319</math> <math>= 10\,000 \times 0.1319 = 1319</math></p> <p>ALLOW three marks for 1302 ALLOW two marks for 1300</p> <p>Correct answer with no working gains full marks</p>	<b>(3)</b>

Q17.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• hydrolysis / description of hydrolysis (1)</li><li>• of glycosidic bonds (1)</li></ul>		<b>(2)</b>



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Q18.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	<p>A description that makes reference to two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• polysaccharide made up of many monosaccharide components (1)</li><li>• joined together by {condensation reactions / glycosidic bonds} (1)</li><li>• (only)1-4 glycosidic bonds present / no 1-6 glycosidic bonds present(1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW chain of glucose molecules</p>	<p>(2)</p>



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Q19.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	<p>A description that makes reference to two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>the valves are open { when atria contract / atrial systole / when blood pressure greater in atria (than ventricles) } (1)</li><li>the valves close { when ventricles contract / during ventricular systole/when pressure greater in ventricles (than atria) } (1)</li><li>valves prevent backflow of blood into the atria during ventricular systole (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW valves open to allow blood to flow from atria to ventricles</p> <p>ALLOW tendons prevent valves from inverting during ventricular systole</p>	(2) Exp

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>{ larger lumen / less muscle (in walls) / thinner walls } (1)</li><li>explanation { larger lumen as blood pressure lower / less muscle because contraction not needed to push blood back to the heart } (1)</li></ul>	<p>IGNORE valves</p> <p>ALLOW thinner walls linked to lower blood pressure</p>	(2) Exp



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Q20.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• atheroma {reduces the diameter of / narrows} the lumen of arteries (1)</li><li>• therefore reducing (the velocity of) blood flow (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW {atherosclerosis / plaques} reduce the diameter of the lumen of arteries</p> <p>ALLOW {atheroma / atherosclerosis / plaques} partially block the arteries</p>	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• reduce supply of oxygen to the heart muscle (1)</li><li>• resulting in reduced aerobic respiration (1)</li><li>• resulting in {weaker heart muscle contraction / death of heart tissue} (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW less oxygen for respiration</p> <p>ALLOW more anaerobic respiration</p> <p>ALLOW causing heart muscle to contract more frequently</p> <p>ALLOW heart muscle contracts more slowly</p>	(2)



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Q21.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(i)	<p><b>The only correct answer is B 1</b></p> <p>The only conclusion that can be valid for these results is that 'each vegetable contains less vitamin C when it is cooked than uncooked'</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because there is one valid conclusion</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because there is only one valid conclusion</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because there is only one valid conclusion</i></p>	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>recommended daily value divided by concentration in cooked cauliflower (1)</li><li>correct mass of cauliflower calculated (1)</li></ul>	<p><u>Example of calculation</u></p> <p><math>(90 \div 20) = 4.5</math></p> <p>450 g</p> <p>ALLOW 450 000 mg</p> <p>Correct answer with no working gains full marks</p>	<b>(2)</b>



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Q22.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• TENS provides pain relief (1)</li><li>• high frequency {most effective / more effective than low frequency} (1)</li><li>• quantified difference between before TENS and after TENS to show that A was the largest (1)</li><li>• there was overlap between the {low frequency TENS / B} and {TENS with no pulses / placebo / control / C} (1)</li></ul>	<p>ALLOW TENS is effective</p> <p>{4.8 / 65.8%} pain relief reduction for group A but only {2.8 / 38.4% for group B} / {2.3 / 37.7% for group C}</p>	<p>(4)</p>

Q23.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BMI calculation for 2017 (1)</li><li>• interpretation of data for BMI (1)</li></ul>	<p>26.51 / 26.5</p> <p>ALLOW if written in the table</p> <p>(just) in overweight category</p>	<p>(2)</p>



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Q24.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	<p>A description that makes reference to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>women requiring {pain relief / surgical intervention} (when they gave birth) <b>(1)</b></li><li>condition of mothers <b>(1)</b></li></ul>	<p>e.g. same age / same number of babies / no pre-existing pain medication / same gestation period</p>	<b>(2)</b>

Q25.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
<b>(i)</b>	<p><b>D</b> – is correlated with a reduction in CVD</p> <p><i>The only correct answer is D</i></p> <p><b>A</b> is not correct because the incidence of CVD decreases with increasing magnesium ion intake and it is not possible to infer causation from the data</p> <p><b>B</b> is not correct because it is not possible to infer causation from the data in graph</p> <p><b>C</b> is not correct because the incidence of CVD decreases with increasing magnesium ion intake</p>	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
<b>(ii)</b>	<p><b>B</b> – 78 mg day<sup>-1</sup></p> <p><i>The only correct answer is B</i></p> <p><b>A</b> is not correct because 43 is the increase required to achieve a 0.05 reduction in relative risk</p> <p><b>C</b> is not correct because 118 is the Mg<sup>2+</sup> intake that is associated with a 0.25 reduction in relative risk</p> <p><b>D</b> is not correct because 347 is the correct column chosen with no subtraction</p>	<b>(1)</b>