

Mark schemes

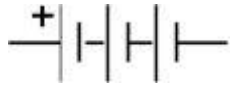
Q1.

- (a) correct circuit symbol

1

3 cells joined in series in correct orientation

e.g.



ignore absence of + symbol

1

- (b) $R = \frac{12}{1.6}$

1

$$R = 7.5 (\Omega)$$

1

an answer of 7.5 (Ω) scores 2 marks

- (c) 4.0 (Ω)

allow their answer to part (b) – 3.5 correctly calculated

1

- (d) it decreases

1

the current would be higher (for the same p.d.)

reason only scores if correct box is chosen

or

more than one path for charge to flow

allow current for charge

or

total resistance is always less than the smallest individual resistance

1

[7]

Q2.

- (a) potential difference

allow p.d.

allow voltage

1

temperature

1

in this order only

- (b) the current increases (when the potential difference increases) 1
- (which) causes the temperature of the filament to increase 1
- (so) the resistance increases
do not accept resistance increases and then levels off 1
- (c) a higher proportion / percentage of the (total) power / energy input is usefully transferred
wastes less energy is insufficient
- or**
 higher (useful) power / energy output for the same (total) power / energy input 1
- (d) potential difference increases 1
- current decreases 1
- (e) 1000 (Ω)
reason only scores if $R = 1000 (\Omega)$ 1
- potential difference is shared in proportion to the resistance
allow a justification using a correct calculation 1
- (f) $12 = I \times 7000$ 1
- $$I = \frac{12}{7000}$$
- 1
- $I = 1.71 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (A)}$
an answer that rounds to $1.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (A)}$ scores 3 marks 1
- $I = 1.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (A)}$
this answer only
- or**
 $I = 0.0017 \text{ (A)}$
an answer of $2.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (A)}$ scores 2 marks
if no other marks scored allow 1 mark for calculation of total resistance (7000Ω) 1
- an answer of $1.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (A)}$ scores 4 marks*

Q3.

- (a) current at 0.5 V = 0.91 (A)

1

$$P = 0.91 \times 0.5$$

1

$$P = 0.455 \text{ (W)}$$

an answer of 0.455 (W) scores 3 marks

1

- (b) straight line with positive gradient

allow for 1 mark a straight line that passes through (0.1, 0)

1

positive y-axis intercept

ignore any values on y-axis

1

(c)
$$0.15 = \frac{0.52}{\text{total } P}$$

1

total P = 3.47 (W)

1

$$\text{area} = \frac{3.47}{450}$$

1

area = 7.7×10^{-3} (m²)

*an answer of 7.7×10^{-3} (m²) scores 4 marks**allow use of student's calculated incorrect total power for last 2 marking points*

1

- (d) connect the solar cells in parallel

1

(so that) the current has multiple paths it can take

or

the total resistance is less than the resistance of one solar cell

1

[11]**Q4.**

- (a) 97 500 = 65.0 × t

1

$$t = \frac{97500}{65.0}$$

1

t = 1500 (s)

an answer of 1500 (s) scores 3 marks

an answer of 1.5 scores 2 marks

1

(b) $19.6 = I^2 \times 1.60$

1

$$I^2 = \frac{19.6}{1.60}$$

1

$$I = 3.5 \text{ (A)}$$

allow 1 mark for a correct value for I correctly multiplied by 4

1

current through battery = 14 (A)

an answer of 14 (A) scores 4 marks

1

[7]

Q5.

(a) $V = 0.10 \times 45$

1

4.5 (V)

1

(b) $R = 12 / 0.10$

1

total resistance = 120 (Ω)

1

$$R = 120 - 105 = 15 \text{ (Ω)}$$

1

(c) (total) resistance decreases

1

(so) current increases

1

[7]

Q6.

(a) 20

1

(b) 50

1

(c) (i) 115

1

(ii) 230

1

(iii) if one goes out the other still works

or
brighter

accept power (output) is greater
can be switched on/off independently is insufficient

1

- (d) the outside/casing is plastic
there is plastic around the wires is insufficient
it is plastic is insufficient

1

and plastic is an insulator

an answer the light fitting is double insulated gains both marks

1

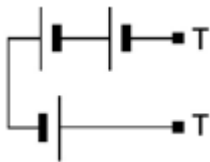
- (e) (residual current) circuit breaker
accept RCCB
accept RCBO
accept RCCD
accept RCB
accept miniature circuit breaker / MCB
trip switch is insufficient
breaker is insufficient
do not accept earth wire

1

[8]

Q7.

- (a) 3rd box from the left ticked



1

- (b) correct symbol drawn in series with other components
symbol must have upper case A

1

- (c) (i) $9 + 3 = 12V$
reason only scores if this mark scored

1

pd of battery is shared between the variable resistor and fixed resistor

accept $V_1 + V_2 = \text{pd of the battery}$

accept p.d. is shared in a series circuit

accept voltage for p.d.

1

- (ii) 600

reason only scores if this mark scored

1

p.d. of supply shared equally when resistors have the same value

or

ratio of the p.d. is the same as the ratio of the resistance

1

(iii) 0.015

or

their (c)(i) ÷ (their (c)(ii) + 200) correctly calculated

allow 2 marks for correct substitution ie $12 = I \times 800$

or

their (c)(i) = $I \times (\text{their (c)(ii)} + 200)$

allow 1 mark for total resistance = 800 (Ω) or their (c)(ii) + 200

or

allow 1 mark for a substitution of $12 = I \times 200$

or

their (c)(i) = $I \times 200$

or

alternative method using the graph

$V = 3 V$ (1)

$3 = I \times 200$ (1)

3

[9]

Q8.

(a) filament bulb

1

(b) (i) 6 V

1

(ii) 3 Ω or their $\frac{(i)}{2}$ correctly calculated

allow 1 mark for correct substitution ie

$6 = 2 \times R$

or their (i) = $2 \times R$

2

(iii) 1 A

1

(iv) 6 Ω or their (i) / their (iii) correctly calculated

1

(v)

Decrease	Stay the same	Increase
	✓	

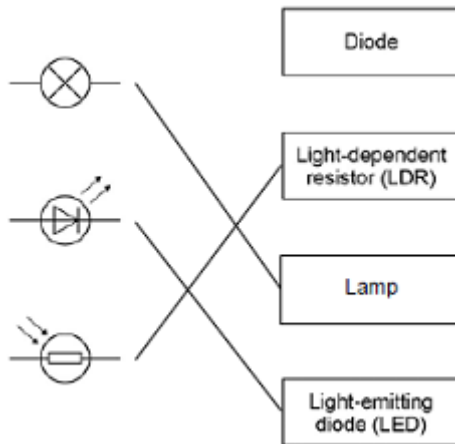
✓		
✓		

1
1
1

[9]

Q9.

(a)



allow 1 mark for each correct line if more than one line is drawn from any symbol then all of those lines are wrong

3

(b) (i) half

1

(ii) 3(V)

1

(iii) V_1

1

(c) (i) potential difference / voltage of the power supply
accept the power supply
accept the voltage / volts
accept number of cells / batteries
accept (same) cells / batteries
do not accept same ammeter / switch / wires

1

(ii) bar drawn – height 1.(00)A
ignore width of bar
allow 1 mark for bar shorter than 3rd bar

2

(iii) as the number of resistors increases the current decreases

1

[10]

Q10.

(a) 35

an answer with more than 2 sig figs that rounds to 35 gains 2 marks

allow 2 marks for correct method, ie $\frac{230}{6.5}$

allow 1 mark for $I = 6.5$ (A) or $R = \frac{230}{26}$

an answer 8.8 gains 2 marks

an answer with more than 2 sig figs that rounds to 8.8 gains 1 mark

3

(b) (maximum) current exceeds maximum safe current for a 2.5 mm² wire
accept power exceeds maximum safe power for a 2.5 mm² wire

or

(maximum) current exceeds 20 (A)

(maximum) current = 26 (A) is insufficient

1

a 2.5 mm² wire would overheat / melt

accept socket for wire

*do **not** accept plug for wire*

1

(c) a.c. is constantly changing direction
accept a.c. flows in two directions
accept a.c. changes direction

a.c. travels in different directions is insufficient

1

d.c. flows in one direction only

1

[7]

Q11.

(a) (i) 6

1

(ii) variable resistor

1

(iii) voltmeter

1

(b) (i) point at 3 V ringed

1

(ii) The student misread the ammeter.

1

(iii) 1 (volt)

accept every volt

(c) as one increases so does the other

or

directly proportional

or

positive correlation

accept a numerical description, eg when one doubles the other also doubles