

Wednesday 11 June 2025 – Morning

A Level Computer Science

H446/01 Computer systems

Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes



You can use:

- a ruler (cm/mm)
- an HB pencil

Do not use:

- a calculator



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

--	--	--	--	--

Candidate number

--	--	--	--

First name(s)

Last name

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **140**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has **32** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

2
BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

1 Charlie is about to study a computer games design course at university. He needs to purchase a computer to allow him to design and edit the graphics in his games, including video files.

(a) Charlie's computer contains a data bus, an address bus and a control bus.

State the purpose of each of these three buses.

Data bus

Address bus

Control bus

[3]

(b) Charlie will need to use input **and** output devices when designing and editing his computer games.

(i) State **one** input device **and one** output device that Charlie could use **and** give an example use of each.

Input device

Device name

Example use

Output device

Device name

Example use

[4]

- (ii) Charlie will need to store a large collection of files containing high definition images and high definition videos that he will use during his course.

State a type of secondary storage device that Charlie could use and give a reason why.

Type of storage

.....

Reason.....

.....

[2]

- (c) In addition to the Central Processing Unit (CPU), Charlie will purchase a Graphical Processing Unit (GPU) that will be used to process and display the graphics in his games.

- (i) Tick (✓) **one** box on each row to indicate if each statement is referring to a CPU **or** a GPU.

Statement	CPU	GPU
Suited to performing simple operations in parallel on larger data sets		
Suited to performing complex operations on smaller data sets		

[2]

- (ii) State **two** benefits of using a GPU to process and display the graphics in computer games.

Benefit 1

.....

Benefit 2

.....

[2]

- (d) Charlie will require an operating system that will allow him to have several applications open at the same time.

- (i) State which type of operating system Charlie will need to install.

.....

..... **[1]**

2 OCR Consultants is designing a computer for a large company.

(a) OCR Consultants is designing the architecture of the CPU.

(i) Compare **two** differences between the Von Neumann architecture and the Harvard architecture.

Difference 1

.....

.....

.....

Difference 2

.....

.....

.....

[4]

(ii) OCR Consultants is considering using pipelining.

State **two** benefits of using pipelining.

Benefit 1

.....

Benefit 2

.....

[2]

(iii) OCR Consultants can base the CPU around a RISC architecture or a CISC architecture.

Compare **two** differences between a RISC architecture and a CISC architecture.

Difference 1

.....

.....

.....

Difference 2

.....

.....

.....

[4]

(iv) Describe a benefit of making the CPU a multicore CPU.

.....

.....

.....

.....

[2]

3

(a)

(i) Convert the denary number **189** into an 8-bit binary number.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

(ii) Convert the denary number **189** into a hexadecimal value.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

(iii) Convert the hexadecimal value **E4** into a denary number.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

(b) Explain the effect that a right shift of **three** places will have on a positive binary number.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(d)

(i) Show the result of applying a bitwise **AND** mask of 1010 1110 to the byte 1010 0011.

Byte	1010 0011
AND Mask	<u>1010 1110</u>
Result	

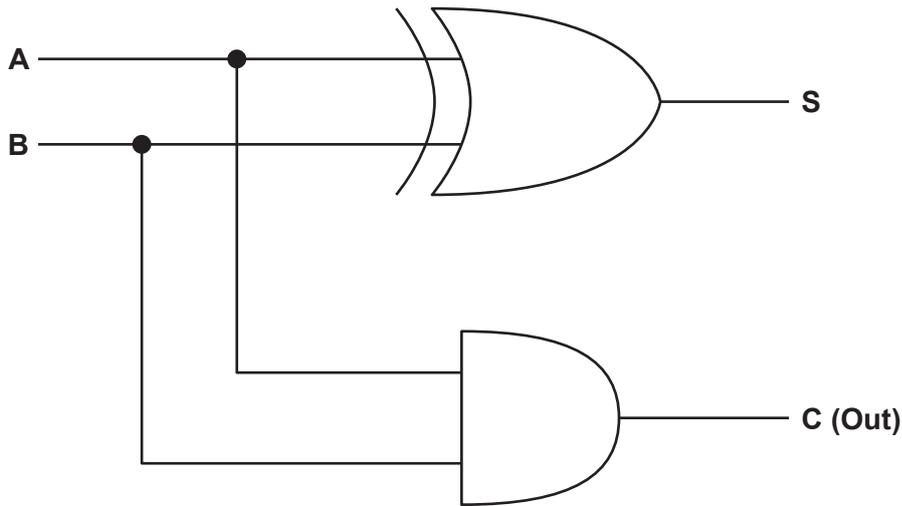
[2]

(ii) State the purpose of the bitwise **AND** mask.

.....

..... [1]

5 This diagram shows the logic circuit for a **half** adder.



(a) Complete the truth table for this half adder circuit.

A	B	S	C (Out)
0	0		
0	1		
1	0		
1	1		

[4]

(b) Describe the difference between a half adder circuit and a full adder circuit.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

(c) The diagram below shows a partially completed logic circuit for a **full** adder.

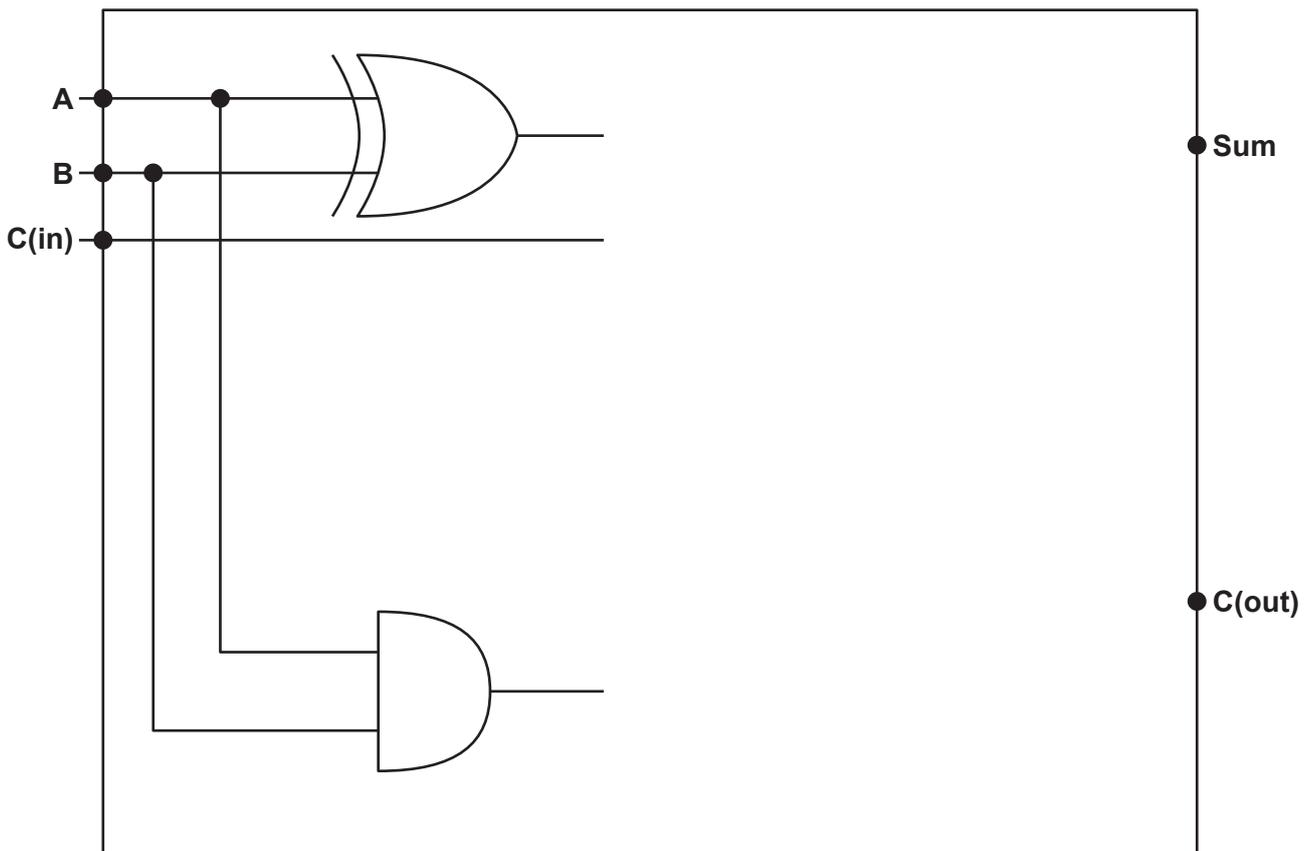
The full adder circuit contains **three** inputs:

- **A** – represents the first input
- **B** – represents the second input
- **C(in)** – represents the carry bit from the previous stage of the addition.

The full adder circuit contains **two** outputs:

- **Sum** – represents the result of adding the three inputs **A**, **B** and **C(in)**
- **C(out)** – represents the carry that is passed to the next stage of the addition.

Complete the logic circuit to represent a full adder.



[4]

(d) This Karnaugh map represents a different logic circuit.

		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	0	1	1	1
	01	0	1	1	0
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	0	0	1	1

Use this Karnaugh map to find the simplified expression for this circuit.

You should annotate the Karnaugh map to show the groups that you have used to find the simplified expression.

Write your simplified expression here.

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

(ii) DCC Software is considering the benefits of both an interpreter and a compiler.

State **two** benefits of using an interpreter.

Benefit 1

.....

Benefit 2

.....

[2]

(iii) State **two** benefits of using a compiler.

Benefit 1

.....

Benefit 2

.....

[2]

(c) DCC software uses a database table called `TblSoftware` to store details about all of their products.

ProductID	Name	Type	Price
DCC01	DCCPhotos	Image	£129.99
DCC02	DCCDraw	Image	£119.99
DCC03	DCCAnimate	Image	£99.99
DCC04	DCCMovie	Video	£189.99
DCC05	DCCEffects	Video	£99.99
DCC06	DCCAudio	Sound	£119.99

TblSoftware

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) OCR Photo uses run length encoding to compress the generated photographs.

A black and white photograph is encoded using **B** for the colour black and **w** for the colour white.
The encoded sequence is:

W4B1W4
W3B3W3
W2B5W2
W1B7W1

Use the grid to show the result of using run length encoding to decompress this sequence.

[4]

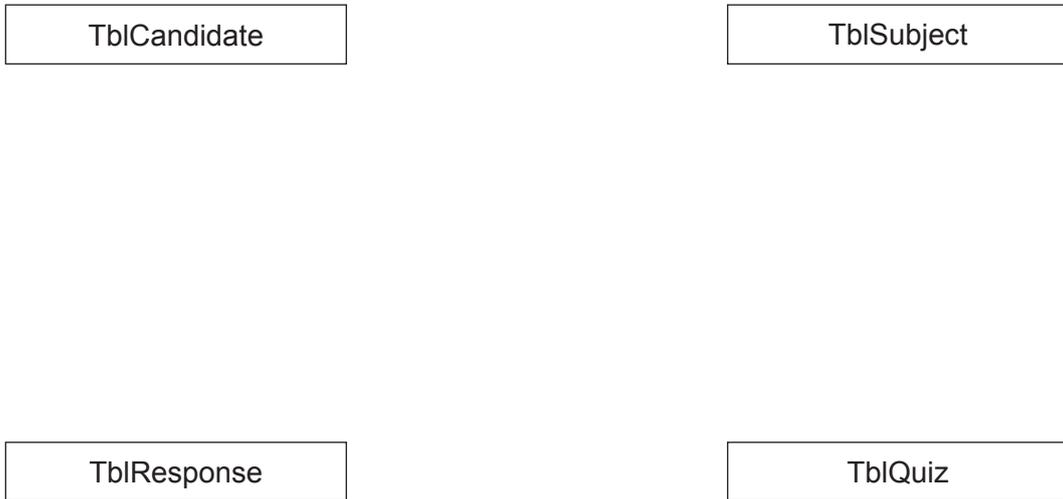
(b) Due to the limitations of flat file databases, Orla decides to create a relational database containing these **four** tables:

- TblCandidate – Stores data about the candidates
- TblSubject – Stores data about the subject
- TblQuiz – Stores the questions for each individual quiz and the answers
- TblResponse – Stores the candidate’s responses for a given quiz.

The fields in each table are shown here. **PK** indicates the primary keys and **FK** indicates the foreign keys that are used.

TblCandidate	TblSubject	TblQuiz	TblResponse
CandidateID (PK)	SubjectID (PK)	QuizID (PK)	ResponseID (PK)
CandidateName	SubjectName	Q1Text	Date
eMail	Description	Q1Answer	Q1Response
PhoneNumber		Q2Text	Q2Response
		Q2Answer	Q3Response
		Q3Text	Score
		Q3Answer	QuizID (FK)
		SubjectID (FK)	CandidateID (FK)

Complete an Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) to show the relationships between these **four** tables.



(c) In order to determine what tables were required, Orla used database normalisation.

(i) State **two** requirements for a database to be in Second Normal Form (2NF).

1

.....

2

.....

[2]

(ii) State **two** requirements for a database to be in Third Normal Form (3NF).

1

.....

2

.....

[2]

- (d) Orla wants a web based version of the quiz. She develops a function called `checkAnswers` to calculate the score of each quiz on the client side using JavaScript.

Next to each candidate answer is an empty HTML element. When the user presses submit, the function, `checkAnswers`, will check if each answer is correct. If so, it will add the word "Correct" into the empty HTML element.

The function, `checkAnswers` takes **three** parameters:

- `responses` – an array of the IDs of the HTML elements that contains the user's responses.
- `feedbacks` – an array of the IDs of the HTML elements that the text "Correct" is to be written to if the candidate gets the question right. The array will be the same length as `responses`.
- `answers` – an array of the correct answer for each of the questions. The array will be the same length as `responses`.

The function returns the final score out of three for the quiz. It loops through each question to calculate if the candidate got it correct and processes it appropriately if they did.

Complete the function `checkAnswers`, using pseudocode or program code.

```
function checkAnswers(responses, feedbacks, ..... )
{
    var ..... = 0;
    for(var qCount = 0; qCount < responses.length; qCount++)
    {
        response = document.getElementById(responses[qCount]).innerHTML;
        answer = answers[.....];
        feedbackElement = document.getElementById(feedbacks[qCount]);
        if (response == answer)
        {
            score = .....
            feedbackElement.innerHTML = "Correct";
        }
    }
    ..... score;
}
```

[5]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

EXTRA ANSWER SPACE

If you need extra space use these lined pages. You must write the question numbers clearly in the margin.

A large area of lined paper for writing answers. It features a vertical margin line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines for writing. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

A large area of the page is reserved for writing, featuring a vertical solid line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines extending across the page.

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