

Friday 17 May 2024 - Morning

A Level Psychology

H567/01 Research methods

Time allowed: 2 hours

You must have:

a ruler (cm/mm)



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Please write clea	arly in	black	ink.	Do no	ot writ	e in the barcodes.		
Centre number						Candidate number		
First name(s)								
Last name								

INSTRUCTIONS

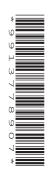
- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer all the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 20 pages.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



Section A

Multiple Choice

For each question write the letter in the box.

1	Wh	ich type of reliability is checked by a correlation between the data of two researchers?	
	Α	inter-rater	
	В	replicability	
	С	split-half	
	D	test-retest	
	You	ur answer	[1]
2	Wh	ich of the following has a naturally occurring independent variable?	
	Α	both field and laboratory experiments	
	В	field experiment	
	С	laboratory experiment	
	D	quasi experiment	
	Υοι	ur answer	[1]
3	Wh	ich of these indicates there is less than a 2.5% chance of the null hypothesis being true?	
	A	p < 2.50	
	В	p < 0.25	
	С	p < 0.025	
	D	p > 0.0025	
	You	ur answer	[1]

4		ch of the following is the best measure of central tendency to use if there is an extreme valu ne data set?	е
	Α	both the mean and the mode	
	В	mean	
	С	median	
	D	mode	
	You	r answer [1]
5	If th	e standard deviation of a data set is 9, what is the variance?	
	Α	3	
	В	4.5	
	С	9	
	D	81	
	You	r answer [1]
6		ch of these always involves a mixture of standardised pre-prepared questions and ones that made up as the interview progresses?	t
	Α	panel interviews	
	В	semi-structured interviews	
	С	structured interviews	
	D	unstructured interviews	
	You	r answer [1]
7	Whi	ch of these is true of the calculated value (observed value) in a statistical test of significance	?
	Α	it is always a whole number	
	В	it is based on the data collected	
	С	it is in a table of values	
	D	it will always be a number between 1 and -1	
	You	r answer [1]

8	vvna	at is 57.638 writte	en to two significant figures?	
	Α	57		
	В	57.63		
	С	57.64		
	D	58		
	You	r answer		[1]
9		v many condition witness testimon	ns were there in Experiment 2 of Loftus and Palmer's (1974) study of ny?	
	Α	one		
	В	two		
	С	three		
	D	four		
	You	r answer		[1]
10		was the dependitory attention?	dent variable operationalised in Experiment 1 of Moray's (1959) study of	
	Α	memory of digit	rs · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	В	memory of hear	ring own name	
	С	memory of song	gs	
	D	memory of word	ds	
	You	ranswer		[1]
11	Whi	ch of these exan	mples of research would collect nominal data?	
	Α		udy investigating the relationship between a person's height (in centimetre of confidence (on a scale of 0-to-20)	s)
	В	a self-report stu	dy that asks people to rate how happy they are on a scale of 0-to-100	
	С	an experiment t	that records blood pressure as a measure of anxiety to two different stress	ors
	D	an observation checkout assist	study which records whether customers say 'thank you' or not to the ant in a shop	
	You	r answer		[1]

12	Whi	ch of these does not feature when writing a reference using the Harvard system?	
	Α	name of the university the research was conducted at	
	В	surname of the researcher(s)	
	С	title of the research	
	D	year of publication	
	You	r answer	[1]
13	Whi	ch correlation coefficient shows the strongest relationship between the variables studied?	
	Α	- 0.94	
	В	- 0.87	
	С	+ 0.72	
	D	+ 0.86	
	You	r answer	[1]
14		ch of these is an ethical consideration Milgram (1963) used to make his research more cal?	
	Α	debrief	
	В	deception	
	С	informed consent	
	D	protection from harm	
	You	r answer	[1]
15	Wha	at is the name of the process where research is evaluated prior to publication?	
	Α	peer review	
	В	preliminary review	
	С	professional review	
	D	prospective review	
	You	r answer	[1]

16	Whi	ch measure of dispersion only uses the lowest and highest values in a data set?	
	Α	range	
	В	standard deviation	
	С	variance	
	D	none of the above	
	You	r answer	[1]
17	Wha	at is the name of the rating scale that involves two words with opposite meaning?	
	Α	Likert	
	В	semantic differential	
	С	sequential	
	D	verbal parallel	
	You	r answer	[1]

18 A psychologist wanted to see how age might affect memory. Group A were aged 20–30 years and Group B were aged 60–70 years. All participants were shown the same 20 objects on a screen for 10 seconds and then asked to immediately recall as many of the objects as they could.

Group A 20–30 years	Number of items recalled	Group B 60–70 years	Number of items recalled
1	17	1	14
2	13	2	12
3	17	3	5
4	11	4	13
5	16	5	14
6	12	6	13
7	19	7	13

		7	19	7	13	
(a)	Whi	ich of these is	the mean score of the 20–3	0 year old particip	pants?	
	Α	12				
	В	15				
	С	16				
	D	17				
	You	r answer				[1]
(b)	Whi	ich of these re	sults from the table above w	ould be classed a	as anomalous data?	
	Α	5				
	В	13				
	С	17				
	D	19				
	You	r answer				[1]
(c)	Whi	ich extraneous	s variable has been controlle	d for in this resea	rch?	
	Α	gender				
	В	IQ				
	С	occupation				
	D	task				
	You	r answer				[1]

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Section B

Research design and response

Slipping up can be good

Psychologists have investigated many ways that could improve how children learn. However, most of these have concentrated on studying the effect of different teaching styles, rather than focusing on the child themself. A psychologist taking a more child-focused approach wants to study if being more relaxed affects concentration levels. They want to investigate if young children can concentrate better when wearing comfortable slippers on their feet compared to wearing shoes. The study is to be conducted in one large primary school with 240 children on the register.

19	Write a one-tailed alternative hypothesis for this study.
	[3]
20*	Explain how you would conduct a study using the laboratory experimental method to investigate if wearing slippers affects a child's ability to concentrate. Justify your decisions as part of your explanation.
	You must refer to:
	 how you would use random sampling to obtain 30 participants for the study the experimental design you would use in this study how you would operationalise the dependent variable to obtain quantitative data the control of one extraneous variable.
	You should use your own experience of practical activities to inform your response. [15]

•••••
•••••
•••••

21 (a)	Suggest one open question you could use to obtain some additional information for this study.
	[3]
(b)	Outline one strength of the use of open questions in this study.
	[3]
22	Outline one strength of conducting this study as a laboratory experiment.
	[3]

Outline one way you could uphold the ethical consideration of respect in this study.
Explain two factors that could affect the external validity of this study.
1
2

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Turn over for the next question

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Section C

Data analysis and interpretation

Sounds familiar

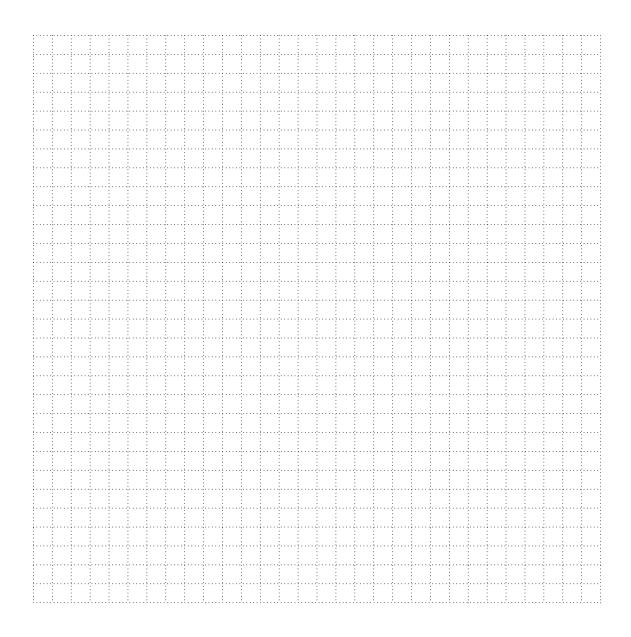
Memory can be influenced by many different things. However, there are techniques which we can use to improve our memory. One such technique involves reading aloud the information we want to remember. A psychologist investigated this by giving participants a set of 30 words to try and remember. Six participants studied the words in silence. A different group of six participants were instructed to read the words aloud when trying to learn them. The data collected is presented in the table below.

Number of words correctly recalled (max. 30)					
Reading aloud group		Silent study group			
Participant	Score	Rank	Participant	Score	Rank
а	24	9.5	а	14	2
b	27	11	b	16	3
С	21	6	С	12	1
d	20	5	d	29	12
е	23	8	е	17	4
f	22	7	f	24	9.5
n ₁ = 6			n ₂ = 6		

25	Outline one conclusion that can be made from the raw data presented in this table.			
	[3]			

26 Draw a fully labelled bar chart showing the mean number of words recalled in each condition. Plot the means to two significant figures. [4]





27	analyse the data from this study.
	T [*]

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28		ey U test, the data obtained must be ranked. In the e of 24. Explain how this is dealt with when ranking			
		[3]			
29 (a)	Calculate the U value for the Mann-Whitney U test for the data collected in this study. Show your workings. You may use the formula presented below.				
	U = the smaller of U_1 and U_2				
	Where U ₁ is	and U ₂ is			
	$U_1 = R_1 - \frac{n_1(n_1 + 1)}{2}$	$U_2 = R_2 - \frac{n_2(n_2 + 1)}{2}$			
		[5]			
(b)	How is the critical value used to determine if	the findings are statistically significant?			
		[11]			

30	Explain what $p > 0.05$ would mean if it appeared as part of the significance statement when reporting the findings from this study.	
31 (a)	Explain one strength of using quantitative data in this study.	
		[3]
(b)	Explain one weakness of using quantitative data in this study.	
		[3]

32	This study used an independent measures design.	
(a)	Identify one strength and one weakness of this design.	
		[2]
(b)	Outline two ways that an independent measures design could affect the validity of this study.	
	1	
	2	
		[4]
33	Which section of the write-up of a practical report would each of the following appear in, other than the abstract?	
(a)	Details of sample obtained.	
		[1]
(b)	Suggestions for possible future research.	
		. [1]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

19

EXTRA ANSWER SPACE

If you need extra space use these lined pages. You must write the question numbers clearly in the margin.			

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