



EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

GCSE OCR Math J560

Perpendicular Lines

Question Paper

*"We will help you to
achieve A Star "*



Question 1

The points P and Q have coordinates $(-1, 6)$ and $(9, 0)$ respectively.

The line l is perpendicular to PQ and passes through the mid-point of PQ .

Find an equation for l , giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

[5 marks]

Question 2

The line l_1 has equation $y = -2x + 3$

The line l_2 is perpendicular to l_1 and passes through the point $(5, 6)$.

(a) Find an equation for l_2 in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

[3 marks]



Question 3

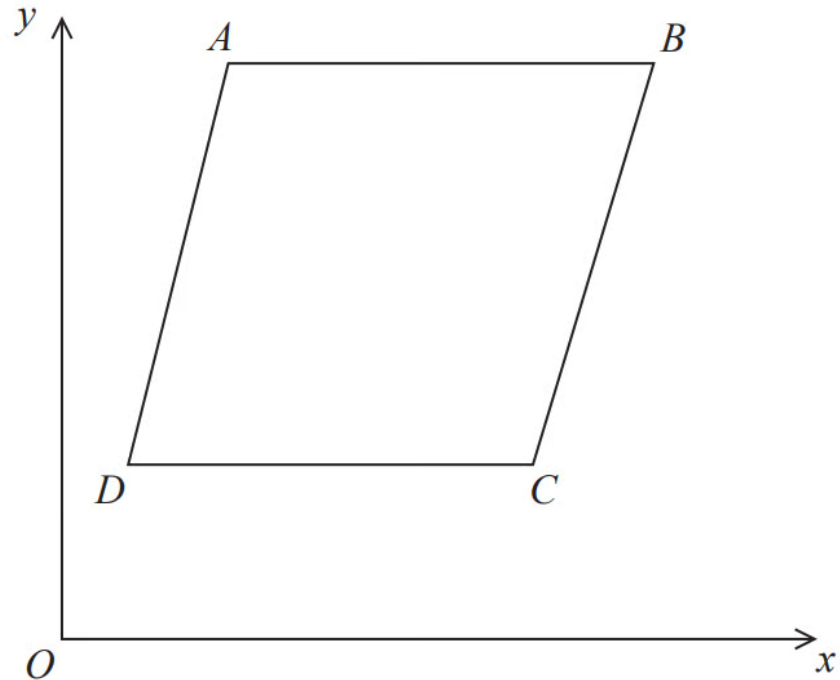
The line l_2 crosses the x -axis at the point A and the y -axis at the point B .

(b) Find the x -coordinate of A and the y -coordinate of B .

[2 marks]



Question 4



$ABCD$ is a rhombus.

The coordinates of A are $(5, 11)$

The equation of the diagonal DB is $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 6$

Find an equation of the diagonal AC .

[4 marks]



Question 5

The line l_1 has equation $3x + 5y - 2 = 0$

(a) Find the gradient of l_1 .

[2 marks]

Question 6

The line l_2 is perpendicular to l_1 and passes through the point $(3, 1)$.

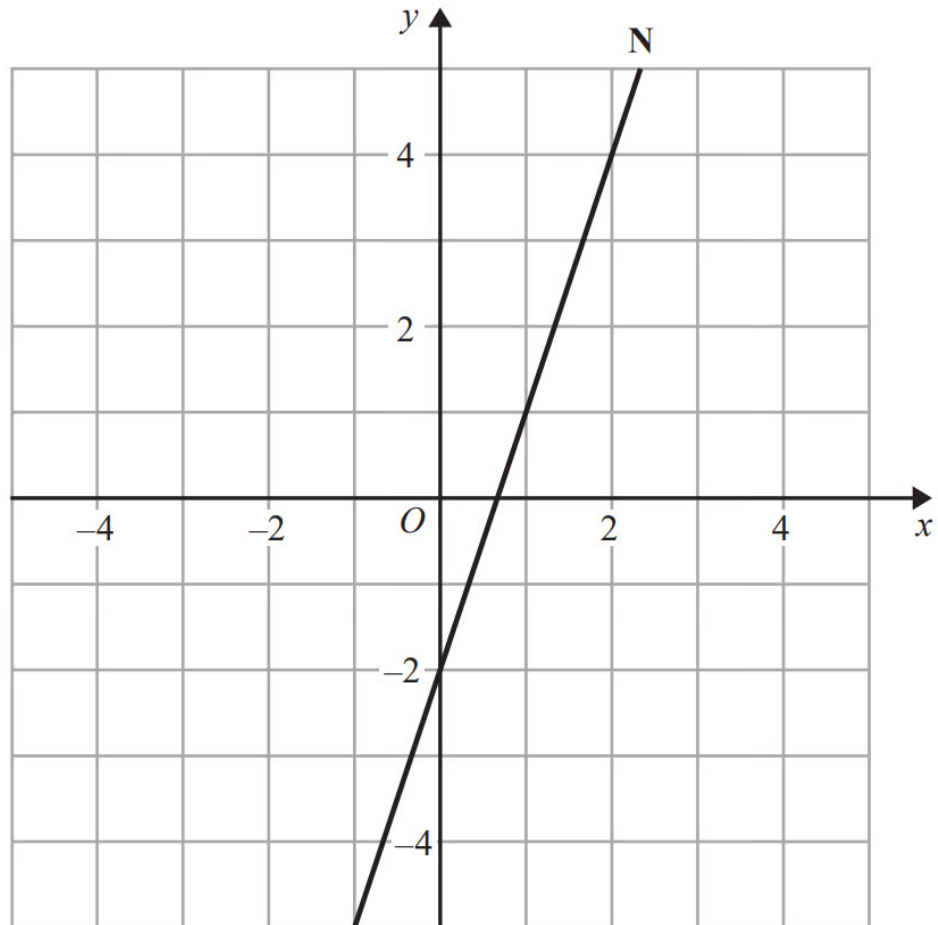
(b) Find the equation of l_2 in the form $y = mx + c$, where m and c are constants.

[3 marks]



Question 7

The line **N** is drawn below.



Find an equation of the line perpendicular to line **N** that passes through the point $(0, 1)$.

[3 marks]



Question 8

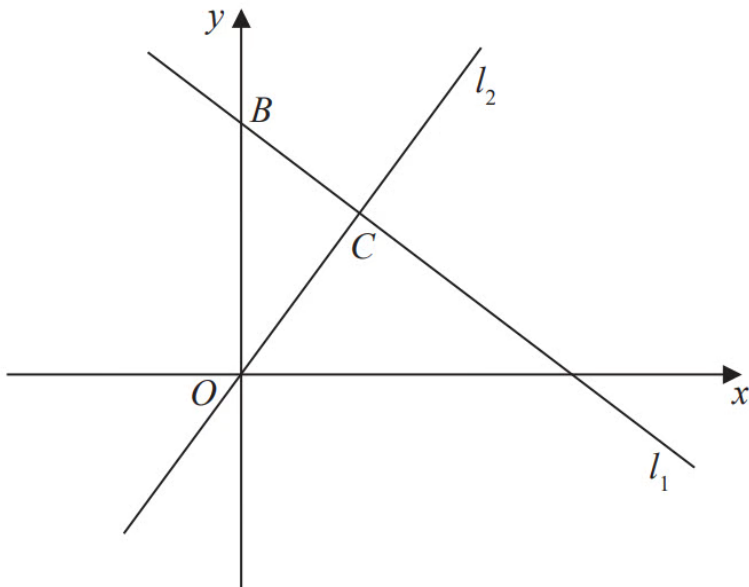


Figure 2

The line l_1 , shown in Figure 2 has equation $2x + 3y = 26$

The line l_2 passes through the origin O and is perpendicular to l_1

(a) Find an equation for the line l_2

[4 marks]



Question 9

The line L has equation $y = 5 - 2x$.

- (a) Show that the point $P(3, -1)$ lies on L .

[1 mark]

Question 10

- (b) Find an equation of the line perpendicular to L , which passes through P . Give your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

[4 marks]



Question 11

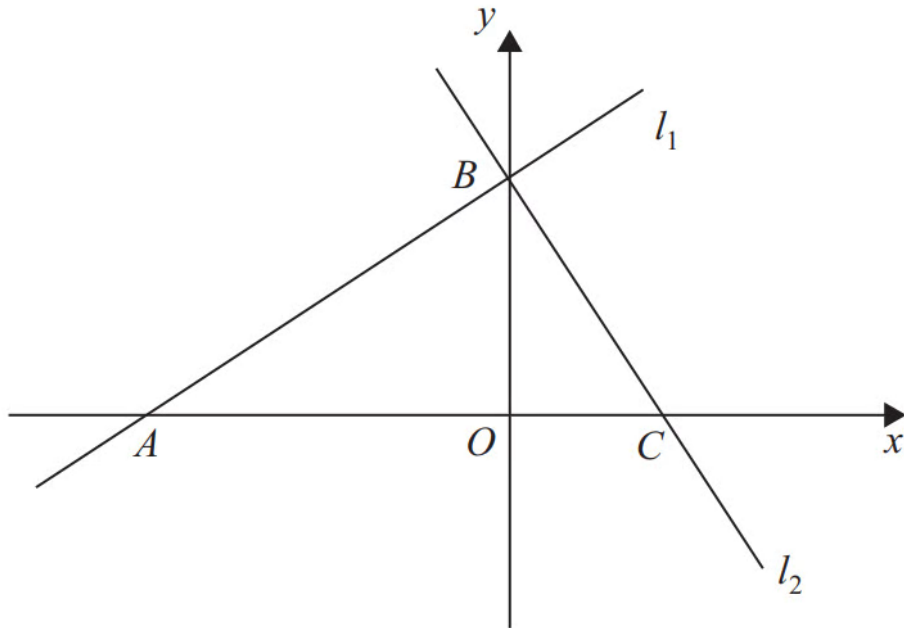


Figure 1

The line l_1 has equation $2x - 3y + 12 = 0$

(a) Find the gradient of l_1 .

[1 mark]



Question 12

The line l_1 crosses the x -axis at the point A and the y -axis at the point B , as shown in Figure 1.

The line l_2 is perpendicular to l_1 and passes through B .

(b) Find an equation of l_2 .

[3 marks]



Question 13

The points A and B have coordinates $(3, 4)$ and $(7, -6)$ respectively. The straight line l passes through A and is perpendicular to AB . Find an equation for l , giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

[5 marks]



Question 14

A is the point with coordinates $(1, 3)$

B is the point with coordinates $(4, -1)$

The straight line L goes through both A and B .

Is the line with equation $2y = 3x - 4$ perpendicular to line L ?

You must show how you got your answer.

[4 marks]



Question 15

The point P has coordinates $(3, 4)$

The point Q has coordinates (a, b)

A line perpendicular to PQ is given by the equation $3x + 2y = 7$

Find an expression for b in terms of a .

[5 marks]