## IB Maths: AA HL

## Permutations \& Combinations

## Topic Questions

These practice questions can be used by students and teachers and is Suitable for IB Maths AA HL Topic Questions

| Course | IB Maths |
| :--- | :--- |
| Section | 1. Number \& Algebra |
| Topic | 1.7 Permutations \& Combinations |
| Difficulty | Medium |

Level: IB Maths
Subject: IB Maths AA HL
Board: IB Maths

## Topic: Permutations \& Combinations

## Question 1

Consider the letters of the word SUNDAY. Find the number of permutations of four letters that can be chosen if
(i) no restrictions apply
(ii) there must be at least one vowel (A or U)
(iii) both vowels must be chosen and they must be kept together in any permutation.

## Question 2

Three letters are chosen at random from the letters in the world AIRFIELD>
(a) Find the number of ways that the selection may contain
(i) no Is
(ii) exactly one I
(iii) two Is.
(b) Write down the number of arrangements of three letters chosen at random from the word AIRFIELD that have exactly one letter I.

## Question 3

In a maths test students are required to answer four out of seven questions.
(a) Find the number of ways in which the questions can be chosen if there are no restrictions.
(b) Find the number of ways in which the questions can be chosen if the last question is compulsory.
(c) Find the number of ways in which the questions can be chosen if the students must do at least 1 of the last two questions
[2 marks]

## Question 4

A farm has a new litter of kittens. Two of the kittens are classed as mostly white, four are mostly black, and five are classd as black and white mixed.

Five of the kittens are selected at random.
(a) Find the number of ways in which the selection might contain:
(i) both of the mostly white kittens
(ii) none of the kittens that are classed as black and white mixed.
[4 marks]
(b) Find the number of ways in which the selection might contain at least two kittens that are classed as mostly black

## Question 5

A pool table has fifteen different balls including the black ball.
(a) Given that the black ball is the last to be potted and the rest of the balls are potted one at a time in a random order, in how many ways can the fifteen balls be potted?

## Question 5b

The other fourteen balls consist of seven pairs of different coloured balls. One of each pair has a stripe across it and the other has a spot on it.
(b) Given that the black ball is still the last to be potted, in how many ways can the fifteen balls be potted one at a time if
(i) all the balls of one type (striped or spotted) must be potted before any balls of the other type?
(ii) both balls from a coloured pair must be potted (one after the other, in any order) before any balls of another colour are potted?

## Question 6

Ms Aiba has twelve different maths textbooks on her classroom bookshelf. Five of them are Statistics textbooks and the other seven are Pure Mathematics textbooks. Determine the number of different ways that the books can be arranged on the shelf if
(i) there are no restrictions
(ii) the Statistics textbooks are all first and then the Pure textbooks are all last
(iii) the Statistics textbooks are all together and the Pure textbooks are all together (iv) only the Statistics textbooks are all together.

## Question 7

Nine shirts for a baseball team are numbered from 1 to 9 . Five players are allowed to take one shirt each.

Find the number of ways this can be done if
(i) there are no restrictions
(ii) the first three players all decide to choose an even numbered shirt.

## Question 8a

Riley is going on holiday and is allowed to bring along four of his toys. At home he has nine different plastic dinosaurs, six different toy cars, and five different wooden reptiles.
(a) How many different selections of his toys can he make if he chooses at least one of each type of toy?

## Question 8b

Riley can't decide so he persuades his parents to allow him to bring along five toys instead.
(b) Given that he brings more plastic dinosaurs than any other type of toy, how many different selections can he make now?
[4 marks]

## Question 9

Two parents, Julie and Malcolm, have 15 household chores to be given to their five children, Biddy, Gus, Mandy, Charlie and Claire.

Find the number of ways in which the 15 household chores can be distributed if Biddy is to do 5 of them, Gus is to do 4 of them, Mandy is to do 3 of them, Charlie is to do 2 of them and Claire is to 1 of them.

## Question 10a

A team of 16 is to be split up in order to complete a number of tasks.
(a) Find the number of ways the team can be divided into
(i) two equal groups
(ii) four equal groups.

## Question 10b

A quarter of the team are unable to help with the tasks due to COVID-19 infections.
(b) Find the number of ways that the remaining team members can be divided into
(i) two equal groups
(ii) three equal groups.

## Question 11

You have a set of four different coloured flashlights that you use to send messages to your friend who lives across from you on the same street.
(For purposes of this question, a 'message' is considered to be a single sequence of one or more coloured lights, displayed one after the other.)
(a) Find the number of different messages you can send using two different coloured flashlights displayed one after the other.
(b) Find the number of different messages you can send using three different coloured flashlights displayed one after the other.
(c) Find the total number of different messages you could send using your four flashlights, under the condition that all the colours in a given message must be different from each other.

## Question 12

In this question given your answers in the form $a x 10^{k}$, where $\mathbf{1} \leq a<10$ and $\mathbf{k} \in Z$.

John is a builder who has divided his day's work into 15 separate tasks. Two of these tasks John consider's physically demanding' because one includes moving bricks and the other includes concrete mising.
(a) Find the number of ways John can complete the tasks given that one 'physically demanding' task is done at the start of the day and the other 'physically demanding' task is done at the end of the day.
(b) Find the number of ways John can complete the tasks given that the two physically demanding tasks are not done consecutively.

