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Mathematics: analysis and approaches Higher level Paper 1

1	5	May	2025
	J	IVIC	, 2020

Zone A afternoon Zone B afternoon Zone C afternoon	С	andidat	e se	essio	n nu	mbe	er	
2 hours								

Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- You are not permitted access to any calculator for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches HL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [110 marks].





Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{4x^3}{3} - 16x$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

The graph of y = f(x) has a local minimum point at (p, q) where p > 0.

Find the value of p and the value of q.



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2.	[Max	ximum mark: 7]	
		invests 1000 dinar in an account which pays a nominal annual interest rate of 4% pounded quarterly .	
		amount of money in the account after one complete year can be written as $1000\left(1+k\right)^4$ re $k\in\mathbb{Q}$.	
	(a)	Write down the value of k .	[1]
	(b)	Expand and simplify $(1+x)^4$.	[2]
	(c)	Hence or otherwise, find the amount of money in the account after one complete year, giving your answer correct to the nearest dinar.	[4]



3. [Maximum mark:	4]	
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Find the area completely enclosed by the curves $y = e^x$, $y = -e^x$, and the lines x = -1 and x = 1.



[3]

[3]

4. [Maximum mark: 6]

Consider events A and B such that $P(A') = P(A \cup B) = \frac{3}{4}$ and $P(B|A) = \frac{2}{3}$.

(a) Find $P(A \cap B)$.

(b) Show that events A and B are independent.

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5. [Maximum mark: 8]

Consider a sequence of ten rectangular picture frames $F_1, F_2, \dots, F_9, F_{10}$.

Picture frame $F_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ has width $4\,\mathrm{cm}$ and height $5\,\mathrm{cm}\,.$

The width and height of picture frame F_n , are each increased by $50\,\%$ to generate the width and height of the next picture frame F_{n+1} , for $n\in\mathbb{Z}^+$, $1\leq n\leq 9$.

- (a) (i) Show that the area of picture frame F_n is $20\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{n-1} \mathrm{cm}^2$.
 - (ii) Hence, find the mean area of the ten picture frames, giving your answer in the form $p\left(\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^a-1\right)$ cm², where $p\in\mathbb{Q}^+,\ a\in\mathbb{Z}^+.$ [5]
- (b) Find the median area of the ten picture frames, giving your answer in the form $q\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^4 \text{cm}^2$, where $q \in \mathbb{Q}^+$. [3]

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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

The line L_1 has vector equation ${\it r}=4{\it i}-{\it k}+\lambda(a{\it j}+{\it k})$, where a , $\lambda\in\mathbb{R}$.

The line L_2 has vector equation $\textbf{\textit{r}}=\textbf{\textit{i}}-b\textbf{\textit{k}}+\mu(\textbf{\textit{i}}+2\textbf{\textit{j}}+3\textbf{\textit{k}})$, where b , $\mu\in\mathbb{R}$.

The lines ${\cal L}_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ and ${\cal L}_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$ are perpendicular and intersect at a unique point.

Find the value of a and the value of b.



7.	[Maximum	mark:	5]

Consider the complex number $z = 3^{i-1}$.

(a) Write the integer 3 in the form e^a where $a \in \mathbb{R}$.

[1]

- (b) Hence, giving your answers in the form $p\cos(\ln q)$ where p , $q\in\mathbb{Q}^{^{+}}$, find
 - (i) $\operatorname{Re}(z)$;

(ii)	$\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{1}{-}\right)$
. ,	$\langle z \rangle$

[4]

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8. [Maximum mark: 7]

Seema claims that $n > \log_2 n$ for $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

(a) Show that $1 + \log_2 n \ge \log_2 (n+1)$ for $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

[2]

(b) Use mathematical induction and the result from part (a) to prove that Seema's claim is valid.

[5]



9. [Maximum mark: 8]

Consider the homogeneous differential equation $\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{x-y}{x+y}$, where x > 0 and $y \neq -x$.

It is given that y = 0 when x = 2.

By using the substitution y=vx, show that the solution of the differential equation is $x^2-2xy-y^2=4$.



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Do **not** write solutions on this page.

Section B

Answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

10. [Maximum mark: 18]

The function f is defined by f(x) = 5(x+1)(x+3), where $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Write f(x) in the form $a(x-h)^2 + k$, where $a, h, k \in \mathbb{Z}$. [4]
- (b) Sketch the graph of y = f(x), showing the values of any intercepts with the axes and the coordinates of the vertex. [4]
- (c) Solve the inequality $f(x) \le 40$. [4]

The function g is defined by $g(x) = \ln x$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$, x > 0.

- (d) (i) Write down an expression for $(f \circ g)(x)$.
 - (ii) Solve the inequality $(f \circ g)(x) \le 40$. [3]
- (e) Find the domain of $g \circ f$. [3]

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[4]

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11. [Maximum mark: 17]

The plane Π_1 has equation x + 2y + z = 0 and the plane Π_2 has equation x - y - 2z = 0.

The acute angle between the planes $\Pi_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ and $\Pi_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$ is $\theta.$

(a) Show that
$$\theta = 60^{\circ}$$
.

A third plane $\,\Pi_{_{\! 3}}$ is perpendicular to both $\,\Pi_{_{\! 1}}$ and $\,\Pi_{_{\! 2}}.$

The unique point of intersection of all three planes is the point R(5, -5, 5).

(b) Find the Cartesian equation of
$$\Pi_3$$
.

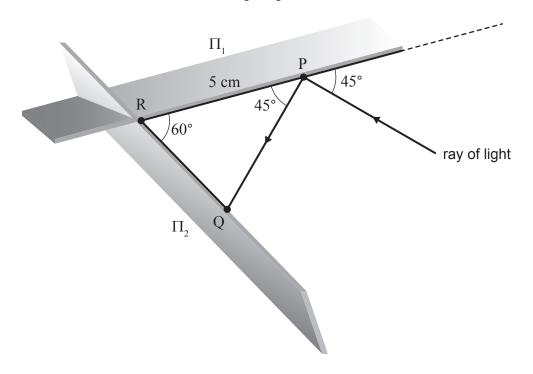
Each of the planes $\Pi_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ and $\Pi_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$ contains a mirror.

A ray of light is directed towards the mirror in $\Pi_{_{\rm I}}$. The ray of light forms an angle of 45° with $\Pi_{_{\rm I}}$ and meets it at the point P.

The ray of light is then reflected towards the mirror in Π_2 , and meets Π_2 at the point Q. The points P and Q are contained in Π_3 .

It is given that PR = 5 cm.

This information is shown on the following diagram.



(This question continues on the following page)



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

(Question 11 continued)

- (c) (i) Using an appropriate compound angle identity, show that $\sin 75^{\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$.
 - (ii) Find QR, giving your answer in the form $p(\sqrt{q}-1)$ cm where $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$. [7]

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12. [Maximum mark: 19]

Consider the family of functions $f_n(x) = \cos^n x$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

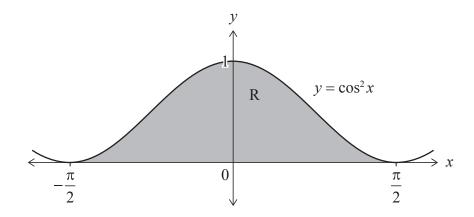
(a) By writing $\cos^n x$ as $\cos^{n-1} x \cos x$, show that

$$\int \cos^n x \, dx = \cos^{n-1} x \sin x + (n-1) \int \cos^{n-2} x \, dx - (n-1) \int \cos^n x \, dx \text{ for } n > 1.$$
 [4]

(b) Hence, show that
$$\int f_n(x) dx = \frac{1}{n} \cos^{n-1} x \sin x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int f_{n-2}(x) dx$$
 for $n > 1$. [2]

(c) Hence, find an expression for $\int \cos^4 x \, dx$, giving your answer in the form $p \cos^3 x \sin x + q \cos x \sin x + rx + c$ where $p, q, r \in \mathbb{Q}^+$. [4]

The region R is enclosed by the graph of $y = \cos^2 x$ and the x-axis where $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$, as shown in the following diagram.



The region R is rotated by 2π radians around the x-axis to form a solid of revolution.

(d) Find the volume of the solid.

[4]

- (e) (i) Find the Maclaurin series of $f_n(x)$ up to the term in x^2 .
 - (ii) Hence or otherwise, find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{f_n(x)-1}{x^2}$ in terms of n. [5]

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