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Detailed mark scheme

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CHEMISTRY

50 Minutes

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%

Mark Scheme

Paper 2: Advanced Organic and Physical Chemistry

/42

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Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (a)(i)	Ignore drawn shapes	pyramidal	(20
	Shape is trigonal planar/triangular planar (1)	Just planar	
	Bond angle 120(°) (1)		
	Mark independently BUT no TE on incorrect shape	°C	



Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
*1(a)(ii)	(Shape) Ignore references to tetrahedral/pyramidal FFF NOTE: Lone pair on central N atom NOT required ALLOW: Any correct variation as long as the shape is clear (1) (Bond angle) 107° ALLOW Any angle between 106° – 108°	No M1 if incorrect name for shape eg bipyramidal	(4)
	OR 102° (as this is the actual bond angle) (1) Mark independently (Explanation))	
	Minimum repulsion/maximum separation (between pairs of electrons) (1)	
	Lone pair-bond pair repulsions are greater/more than bond pair-bond pair repulsions	between atoms / Just bonds repel	
	ALLOW		
	Lone pair(s) repel more than bond pair(s)		
	(1)	
	Mark independently		



Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
Number 1(a) (iii)	M1 FF FN→B—F FN→B—F FF OR FF OR Dot and cross diagram, allow all dots or crosses. IGNORE omission of non-bonding electrons on Fs. But no mark if dot and cross shown for N-B bond. (1 M2 Dative covalent (bond)	No M1 if dative bond categorically from B to N	(2)
	Mark independently		

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
1 (b)(i)	+2		(1)
	ALLOW		
	2+		

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
1 (b)(ii)	$OF_2 + H_2O \rightarrow 2HF + O_2$ Ignore state symbols even if incorrect Allow multiples	H ₂ F ₂	(1)



Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
1 (c)	Accept all dots OR all crosses		(1)



Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (a)(i)	H H .x .x xx H.xC.xC.xSx.H .x .x xx H H All Bonding electrons (1) Ignore any circles/bonds with electrons Two lone pairs on sulfur Dependent on eight electrons around sulfur (1) Accept all dots/crosses Fully correct methanethiol 1max	missing Hs/Cs (-1)	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (a) (ii)	104.5 (°) (accept 91 to 105)(1)		3
	(Four pairs/two bonding pairs and two non- bonding pairs of electrons in) minimum repulsion/maximum separation/as far apart as possible (tetrahedral arrangement)	atoms	
	Ignore the number of pairs of electrons (1)	Linear shape (-1)	
	And lone/non bonding pair(s) of electrons repel more (than bond pairs/CH bonds) (1)	repel any sort of atoms	
	Mark independently		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
Number 2 (b) (i)	Two pairs of electrons/two bonds (around the H atom) OR Can be shown on a diagram either with electrons or bonds (in approximate straight line) around the hydrogen (1) (Repel to) maximum separation/minimum repulsion/as far apart as possible (1) Dependent on first mark except:	Linear shape on its own	2
	Allow: It has a linear shape due to maximum separation/minimum repulsion 1 max		



Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (b) (ii)	Sulfur is less electronegative (than oxygen)/not electronegative enough OR oxygen is more electronegative (than sulfur) / electronegative enough	Bigger/higher rmm/ atom/molecule alone	1
	OR Hydrogen bonds can only occur between H and either N, O, or F due to the large difference in electronegativity	Hydrogen not bonded to N, O, or F alone	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (c) (i)	Temporary asymmetrical distribution/ random arrangement of electrons/ charge (density) Ignore references to atoms/molecules	Any mention of permanent dipoles = 0/2	2
	OR instantaneous/temporary dipole (1) (these produce) induced dipoles OR description of induction (1) Mark independently Ignore references to atoms/molecules	d+ and d- /θ+ and θ- unless clearly temporary	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (c) (ii)	Ethanethiol/sulfur has more electrons (so forces are stronger)	Larger charge cloud/ larger electron cloud/ more outer electrons on their own	1
	Allow sulfur has an extra shell of electrons	Any reference to size/radius/rmm unless with correct answer	
	OR ethanol/oxygen has fewer/less electrons (so forces are weaker)		
	Allow oxygen has one fewer shell of electrons		



Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d) (i)	Any one from: Bubbles (of gas) /fizzing /effervescence Sodium disappears/dissolves/gets smaller White solid forms Multiple answers: number correct minus	Sodium rushes about (i.e. any confusion with reaction of sodium with water) Flames Steam	1
	number wrong to give a maximum of 1 and a minimum of 0 Ignore: sodium floats or sinks and/or heat given out and/or hydrogen produced	Steam	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d) (ii)	Na + $CH_3CH_2SH \rightarrow CH_3CH_2SNa + \frac{1}{2}H_2$ Accept multiples Ignore charges on sodium salt/state	H for hydrogen CH ₃ CH ₂ NaS	1
	symbols even if incorrect		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (e) (i)	$C_2H_5Br + KOH \rightarrow C_2H_5OH + KBr/K^+ + Br^-$		1
	Accept ionic equation $C_2H_5Br + OH^- \rightarrow C_2H_5OH + Br^-$		
	Allow molecular formula of alcohol, C ₂ H ₆ O		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (e) (ii)	Type – substitution (1) Mechanism – Nucleophilic (1) Accept words in either order. Both words may be given on either line. N.B. This is the only way to score 2 marks!		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (e) (iii)	KSH /NaSH		1
	Allow KHS/NaHS or H ₂ S		
	Ignore state symbols		



Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (f)	Sulfur dioxide/SO ₂ (1)	SO ₃ CO ₂	2
	Causes acid rain (1)	Attacks ozone layer CO ₂ causes acid rain	
	Allow effects of acid rain e.g. acid lakes/lake pollution/ crop or forest damage/limestone building damage/named metal which corrodes. [It is quite possible candidates will give details of oxidation of sulfur dioxide to sulfur trioxide and formation of sulfuric acid. Ignore any of this additional information.]		
	Allow triggers asthma		
	Ignore any reference to greenhouse gas/ global warming/any reference to sea pollution or sea creatures		
	Second mark dependent on first mark except allow: If SO ₂ not mentioned then, SO ₃ /H ₂ SO ₄ causes acid rain for 1 mark		



3(a)(i) | 109 (°) / 109.5 (°) / 109° 28′

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (a)(ii)	104 – 106 (°) (1) O atom has two lone pairs (and 2 bonding pairs) (1) This mark can be given independently of the first and third mark Lone pairs repel each other more than bonding pairs / angle is reduced to minimise repulsion (by lone pairs) / to maximise separation (of lone pairs) (1) Ignore 'bonds repel each other' Angle in (ii) must be smaller than in (i) for third mark to be given	Lone pairs repel H atoms	3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(i)	Any two from Fizzing / effervescence / bubbles (of gas) (1)	Just "Hydrogen forms"/"gas forms"	2
	Sodium dissolves / disappears / reduces in size (1)	Fumes	
	White solid /precipitate forms (1)		
	Ignore identification of products even if incorrect.		
	Ignore sodium melting / moving around / sinking / floating		
	Ignore colourless solution forms		
	Ignore temperature changes / sodium going on fire		

I 1



3 (b)(ii)	$C_6H_{11}OH + PCI_5 \rightarrow HCI + C_6H_{11}CI + POCI_3$ (1) (1)		2
	(1) for HCl (1) for rest of the equation correct	C ₅ H ₁₁ COH	
	Cyclohexanol can be skeletal, $C_6H_{11}OH/C_6H_{12}O$	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CHOH Unless a bond is shown connecting	
	Accept 'PCI ₃ O' instead of POCI ₃ Accept skeletal formula for C ₆ H ₁₁ CI	C1 and C6	
	-CI		
	Ignore state symbols		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(iii)	White smoke / solid with ammonia Allow white fumes / dense white fumes / steamy white fumes OR White precipitate with silver nitrate Ignore reference to ammonia solution unless HCI is specifically bubbled into solution	Just steamy / misty fumes Just testing with an indicator	1
	Ignore using an indicator to show gas is acidic with one of the above tests Ignore description of appearance of HCI before testing	Bleaches litmus	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(iv)	=0		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(v)	(Colour change from) Orange to green / blue / brown	blue- green green-blue yellow to green	1
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (c)	C ₆ H ₁₀ ⁽⁺⁾	$C_6H_{10}^ (CH_2)_5C$ $C_5H_{10}C$ C_6H_{11} $(CH)_5OH$	1