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Detailed mark scheme

Suitable for all boards

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2002

**XVIII**

1583

Time allowed  
**62 Minutes**

Score

**/52**

Percentage

**%**

**CHEMISTRY**

**OCR  
AS & A LEVEL**

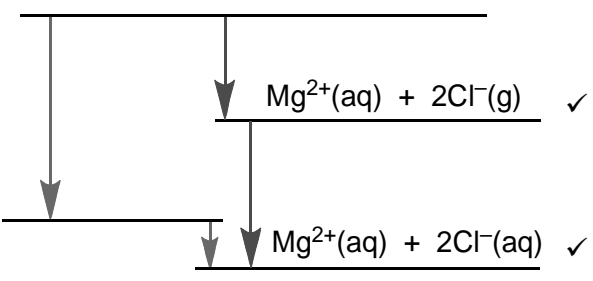
**Mark Scheme**

**Module 5: Physical chemistry and transition elements**

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Question	er	Mark	Guidance
1 (a)	(The enthalpy change that accompanies) the formation of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound ✓ from its <b>gaseous ions</b> ✓ (under standard conditions)	2	<b>IGNORE</b> 'Energy needed' <b>OR</b> 'energy required' <b>ALLOW</b> as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal, substance, solid <b>Note:</b> 1st mark requires <b>1 mole</b> <b>2nd mark</b> requires <b>gaseous ions</b> <b>IF</b> candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions', award 2nd mark but <b>NOT</b> 1st mark  <b>IGNORE:</b> $\text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{g}) + 2\text{Cl}^{-}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \text{MgCl}_2(\text{s})$ (question asks for words)
(b) (i)	Hydration involves bond forming <b>OR</b> bonds are made ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> statement of <b>any type of bond</b> being formed <b>ALLOW</b> (chloride) ions attract water (molecules)  <b>ALLOW</b> a response in terms of <b>hydrogen bonds</b> breaking <b>AND</b> bond making  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> response stating that energy is required <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> response that refers to ions in $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , eg $\text{H}^{+}$
(ii)		2	Correct species <b>AND</b> state symbols required for both marks Mark each marking point independently  <b>ALLOW</b> response on upper line: $\text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{g}) + 2\text{Cl}^{-}(\text{aq})$ (ie $\text{Cl}^{-}$ hydrated before $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ )  <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{MgCl}_2(\text{aq})$



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Question	er	Mark	Guidance
1 (b) (iii)	<p><b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b> <b>IF answer = <math>-1921 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}</math> award 2 marks</b></p> <p>-----</p> <p><math>(-2493) + (-154) = (2 \times -363) + \Delta H_{\text{hyd}}(\text{Mg}^{2+}) \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\Delta H_{\text{hyd}}(\text{Mg}^{2+}) = (-2493) + (-154) - (2 \times -363)</math> <math>= -1921 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p>	2	<p><b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any <b>ECF</b> credit possible using working below. <b>See list below for marking of answers from common errors</b></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> for 1 mark:</p> <p>-2284 use of <math>\text{Cl}^-</math> rather than <math>2 \times \text{Cl}^-</math> (+)1921 signs all reversed <b>OR</b> lack of 2 for 363 -1613 sign wrong for 154 (+)3065 sign wrong for 2493 -3373 sign wrong for <math>2 \times 363</math></p>
(c)	<p>Magnesium ion <b>OR</b> <math>\text{Mg}^{2+}</math> is smaller <b>OR</b> <math>\text{Mg}^{2+}</math> has greater charge density <math>\checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\text{Mg}^{2+}</math> has a stronger attraction to <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> <b>OR</b> <math>\text{Mg}^{2+}</math> has a stronger bonding with <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> <math>\checkmark</math></p>	2	<p><b>ORA:</b> Calcium ion <b>OR</b> <math>\text{Ca}^{2+}</math> is larger <b>OR</b> <math>\text{Ca}^{2+}</math> has smaller charge density</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> idea of close packing of ions <b>IGNORE</b> 'atomic' and 'atoms' and assume that Mg or Ca refer to ions, ie <b>ALLOW</b> Mg has a smaller (atomic) radius</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> Mg has a stronger attraction to <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> <b>ORA:</b> e.g. <math>\text{Ca}^{2+}</math> has less attraction to <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> Mg <b>atoms</b> have a stronger attraction to <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> stronger attraction/bonding between ions <b>Note:</b> Response must refer to attraction/bonding with <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> or this must be implied from the whole response</p>
<b>Total</b>		<b>9</b>	



## EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	a	<p>F B G E D</p> <p>FIVE correct ✓✓ FOUR correct ✓✓ THREE correct ✓</p>	3	<p>ALLOW 1450 736 G 76 -6</p>
	b	<p>Correct calculation <math>-642 - (+76 + (2 \times 150) + 736 + 1450 + (2 \times -349)) \checkmark</math> <math>-642 - 1864</math> <math>= -2506 \checkmark</math> (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>)</p>	2	<p>ALLOW for 1 mark: -2705 (2 × 150 and 2 × 349 not used for Cl) -2356 (2 × 150 not used for Cl) -2855 (2 × 349 not used for Cl) +2506 (wrong sign) DO NOT ALLOW any other answers</p>
	c	<p>Magnesium ion OR Mg<sup>2+</sup> has greater charge (than sodium ion OR Na<sup>+</sup>) OR Mg<sup>2+</sup> has greater charge density ✓</p> <p>Magnesium ion OR Mg<sup>2+</sup> is smaller ✓</p> <p>Mg<sup>2+</sup> has a stronger attraction (than Na<sup>+</sup>) to Cl<sup>-</sup> ion OR Greater attraction between oppositely charged ions ✓</p>	3	<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b></p> <p>ALLOW magnesium/Mg is 2+ but sodium/Na is 1+ DO NOT ALLOW Mg atom is 2+ but Na atom is 1+ ALLOW 'charge density' here only</p> <p>ALLOW Mg OR magnesium is smaller DO NOT ALLOW Mg<sup>2+</sup> has a smaller atomic radius</p> <p>ALLOW anion OR negative ion for Cl<sup>-</sup> DO NOT ALLOW chlorine ions DO NOT ALLOW Mg has greater attraction</p> <p>ALLOW 'attracts with more force' for greater attraction but DO NOT ALLOW 'greater force (could be repulsion)</p> <p>ALLOW reverse argument throughout in terms of Na<sup>+</sup></p>
Total			8	



Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	a	$(K_c =) \frac{[\text{NH}_3]^2}{[\text{N}_2] [\text{H}_2]^3} \checkmark$	1	Must be square brackets
	ii	$\text{dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \checkmark$	1	<b>ALLOW</b> $\text{mol}^{-2} \text{dm}^6$ <b>ALLOW ECF</b> from incorrect $K_c$ expression
	b	<p><b>Unless otherwise stated, marks are for correctly calculated values. Working shows how values have been derived.</b></p> $[\text{N}_2] = \frac{7.2}{6.0} \text{ OR } 1.2 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)}$ <p><b>AND</b> <math>[\text{H}_2] = \frac{12}{6.0} \text{ OR } 2.0 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p> $[\text{NH}_3] = \sqrt{(K_c \times [\text{N}_2] \times [\text{H}_2]^3)}$ <p><b>OR</b> <math>\sqrt{(8.00 \times 10^{-2} \times 1.2 \times 2.0^3)} \checkmark</math></p> $= 0.876 \text{ OR } 0.88 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark$  $\text{amount NH}_3 = 0.876 \times 6 = 5.26 \text{ OR } 5.3 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$	4	<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b></p> <p>For all parts, <b>ALLOW</b> numerical answers from 2 significant figures up to the calculator value</p> <p>1st mark is for realising that concentrations need to be calculated.</p> <p><b>Correct numerical answer with no working would score all previous calculation marks</b></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> calculator value: 0.876356092 down to 0.88, correctly rounded</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> calculator value down to 5.3, correctly rounded</p>



Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
b	<b>EXAMPLES OF INCORRECT RESPONSES IN (b) THAT MAY BE WORTHY OF CREDIT</b>		<p>-----</p> <p><b>ALLOW ECF from incorrect concentrations (3 marks)</b> For example, If concentrations <b>not</b> calculated at start, then</p> $[\text{NH}_3] = \sqrt{(8.00 \times 10^{-2} \times 7.2 \times 12.0^3)} \checkmark$ $= 31.5 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \checkmark$ <p>Equilibrium amount of <math>\text{NH}_3 = 31.5 \times 6 = 189.6 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark</math></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>IF candidate has <math>K_c</math> expression upside down, then all 4 marks are available in (b) by ECF</b></p> <p>Correct <math>[\text{N}_2]</math> AND <math>[\text{H}_2] \checkmark</math></p> $[\text{NH}_3] = \sqrt{\frac{[\text{N}_2][\text{H}_2]^3}{K_c}} = \sqrt{\frac{1.2 \times 2^3}{8.00 \times 10^{-2}}} \checkmark$ $= 11.0 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \checkmark$ <p>Equilibrium amount of <math>\text{NH}_3 = 11.0 \times 6 = 66.0 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark</math></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>IF candidate has used <math>K_c</math> value of <math>8.00 \times 10^{-2}</math> AND values for <math>\text{N}_2</math> AND <math>\text{H}_2</math> with powers wrong, mark by ECF from calculated as below (3 max in (b))</b></p> <p>Correct <math>[\text{N}_2]</math> AND <math>[\text{H}_2] \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>[\text{NH}_3]</math> expression ✗</p> <p><b>ECF:</b> Calculated <math>[\text{NH}_3] \checkmark</math></p> <p><b>ECF:</b> Equilibrium amount of <math>\text{NH}_3 \checkmark</math></p>



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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	<b>c</b>	<b>i</b> Equilibrium shifts to right <b>OR</b> Equilibrium towards ammonia ✓  Right hand side has fewer number of (gaseous) moles ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> 'moves right' <b>OR</b> 'goes right' <b>OR</b> 'favours right' <b>OR</b> 'goes forwards'  <b>ALLOW</b> 'ammonia side' has fewer moles <b>ALLOW</b> 'there are more (gaseous) moles on left'
		<b>ii</b> $K_c$ does not change ✓  Increased pressure increases concentration terms on bottom of $K_c$ expression more than the top <b>OR</b> system is now no longer in equilibrium ✓  top of $K_c$ expression increases and bottom decreases until $K_c$ is reached ✓	3	<b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b> Any response in terms of $K_c$ changing scores <b>ZERO</b> for Part (ii) <b>ALLOW</b> $K_c$ is temperature dependent only <b>OR</b> $K_c$ does not change with pressure  <b>ALLOW</b> $\frac{[\text{NH}_3]^2}{[\text{N}_2][\text{H}_2]^3}$ no longer equal to $K_c$
	<b>d</b>	<b>i</b> $\text{CH}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow 3\text{H}_2 + \text{CO}$ ✓	1	State symbols <b>NOT</b> required <b>ALLOW</b> : $\text{CH}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + \text{H}_2$ $\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow 4\text{H}_2 + \text{CO}_2$ $\text{CH}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow 2\text{H}_2 + \text{HCHO}$ $\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow 3\text{H}_2 + \text{HCOOH}$
		<b>ii</b> Electrolysis of water <b>OR</b> $\text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{H}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2$ ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> electrolysis of brine <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> reforming <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> cracking <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> reaction of metal with acid







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Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
		iii	Activation energy is too high OR reaction too slow ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> increases the rate <b>OR</b> more molecules exceed activation energy <b>OR</b> more successful collisions <b>ALLOW</b> rate constant increases <b>IGNORE</b> comments on yield
			<b>Total</b>	<b>22</b>	

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Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
4 a	(The enthalpy change that accompanies) the formation of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound ✓ from its <b>gaseous ions</b> ✓ (under standard conditions)	2	<b>IGNORE</b> 'Energy needed' <b>OR</b> 'energy required' <b>ALLOW</b> as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal, substance, solid, product <b>Note:</b> 1st mark requires <b>1 mole</b> <b>2nd mark</b> requires <b>gaseous ions</b> <b>IF</b> candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions', award 2nd mark but <b>NOT</b> 1st mark <b>IGNORE</b> reference to 'constituent elements'  <b>IGNORE:</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{O}^{2-}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$ <i>Question asks for a definition, not an equation</i>
b i	<b>C</b> (or 2C) <b>A</b> <b>B</b>  <b>D</b> <b>G</b>  <b>E</b> (or 2E)  <b>F</b> All seven correct ✓✓✓ Five <b>OR</b> six correct    ✓✓ Three <b>OR</b> four correct    ✓	3	<b>ALLOW</b> 496 (OR 992)                    -141                    790  249 <b>G OR</b> <b>Lattice enthalpy/LE</b> [OR answer to (ii)]  108 (OR 216)  -4
ii	<b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b> <b>IF answer = -2520 (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>) award 2 marks</b> ----- $-414 = (2 \times 108) + 249 + (2 \times 496) + (-141) + 790 + \Delta H_{\text{LE}}$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta H_{\text{LE}} = -414 - [(2 \times 108) + 249 + (2 \times 496) + (-141) + 790] \checkmark$  $= -414 - 2106 = \mathbf{-2520 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}} \checkmark$	2	<b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer, check <b>the list below for marking of answers from common errors</b> ----- <b>ALLOW</b> for 1 mark: -1692                    wrong sign for 414 -1916 $2 \times 108$ and $2 \times 496$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ -2412 $2 \times 108$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ -2024 $2 \times 496$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ +2520                    wrong sign for final answer -2802                    sign changed for 1st electron affinity of oxygen -2395.5                atomisation of oxygen halved



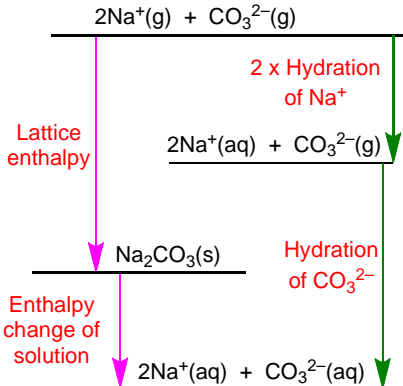
## EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
c	<p><b>ALLOW</b> reverse argument throughout (ORA)</p> <p><b>Comparison of size AND charge of cations</b> Mg<sup>2+</sup> is smaller <b>AND</b> Mg<sup>2+</sup> has a greater charge <b>OR</b> Mg<sup>2+</sup> has a greater charge density ✓</p> <p><b>Comparison of size of anions</b> S<sup>2-</sup> is larger <b>OR</b> S<sup>2-</sup> has a smaller charge density ✓</p> <p><b>Comparison of attraction of a cation and an anion</b> Mg<sup>2+</sup> has stronger attraction <b>OR</b> Na<sup>+</sup> has weaker attraction <b>AND</b> S<sup>2-</sup> has weaker attraction <b>OR</b> O<sup>2-</sup> has stronger attraction ✓</p>	3	<p>Any other number: <b>CHECK</b> for <b>ECF</b> from 1st marking point for expressions with <b>ONE</b> error only</p> <p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b></p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> For <b>ALL</b> marking points, assume that the following refer to 'ions', Mg<sup>2+</sup>, etc. For 'ions', <b>ALLOW</b> 'atoms' For Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup> and S<sup>2-</sup>, <b>ALLOW</b> symbols: Mg, Na, O and S <b>ALLOW</b> names: magnesium, sodium, oxygen, oxide, sulfur, sulfide <b>BUT DO NOT ALLOW</b> molecules <i>i.e.</i> <b>ALLOW</b> Mg has a smaller (atomic) radius</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> idea of close packing of ions</p> <hr/> <p><b>ORA:</b> Na<sup>+</sup> is larger <b>AND</b> Na<sup>+</sup> has a smaller charge <b>OR</b> Na<sup>+</sup> has a smaller charge density ✓ <b>IGNORE</b> just Mg<sup>2+</sup> is small <i>comparison required</i></p> <p><b>ORA</b> O<sup>2-</sup> is smaller <b>OR</b> O<sup>2-</sup> has a larger charge density ✓ <b>IGNORE</b> just S<sup>2-</sup> is large <i>comparison required</i></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> pull for attraction <b>ALLOW</b> 'attracts with more force' for greater attraction <b>BUT ... IGNORE</b> just 'greater force' (<i>could be repulsion</i>) <b>OR</b> comparison of bond strength/energy to break bonds</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> comparisons of numbers of ions</p>



Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
d i	Cycle needs <b>formation</b> of $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ions (from C and O) ✓ i.e. <b>NOT</b> breaking up of $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ion	1	<b>ALLOW</b> carbonate ion contains C and O <b>ALLOW</b> carbonate ion contains 2 elements <b>IGNORE</b> sodium carbonate contains 3 elements <b>IGNORE</b> carbonate ion has covalent bonds
d ii	See also <b>Appendix 1</b> at end of mark scheme  <b>Mark allocation</b> 1 – $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$ on a lower line <b>AND</b> 'Lattice enthalpy' label (as below) links the lines ✓  2 – $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a middle line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on a lower line <b>AND</b> ' $\Delta H$ hydration' labels (as below) link the lines ✓  <b>NOTE:</b> For hydration labels, see diagram below 2 x hydration of $\text{Na}^+$ <b>OR</b> hydration of 2 x $\text{Na}^+$ is <b>required</b>  3 – ' $\Delta H$ solution' label <b>BELOW</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$ <b>AND ALL</b> arrows in correct directions ✓	3	<b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b> <b>MARK AS FOLLOWS</b> 1. Mark the cycle 2. <b>IF</b> there is <b>no cycle</b> , mark the equation below ----- <b>State symbols</b> are required for <b>ALL</b> species <b>IGNORE</b> direction of any arrows until <b>MARK 3</b>  <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$ on a lower line as an alternative for $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$  <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ hydrated first: i.e. $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on middle line  <b>ALLOW</b> two hydration stages combined i.e. $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on a lower line <b>AND BOTH</b> 'Hydration' labels link the lines ✓  <b>IF</b> cycle shown using $\text{NaCO}_3$ , $\text{Na}^+$ and $\text{CO}_3^-$ <b>ALLOW ECF</b> for third marking point only <b>NOTE: DO NOT ALLOW ECF</b> from any other species  <b>For simple energy cycles</b> a maximum of 2 marks only can be awarded – See <b>APPENDIX 1</b> ----- <b>For an equation</b> , only 1 mark can be awarded  Lattice enthalpy = $-\Delta H(\text{solution}) \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$ + $[2 \times \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{Na}^+] + \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{CO}_3^{2-}$



Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
			<p>OR</p> <p>Lattice enthalpy + <math>\Delta H(\text{solution}) \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3</math> = <math>2 \times \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{Na}^+ + \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{CO}_3^{2-}</math> ✓</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols for equation approach</p>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	