



EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

Boost your performance and confidence
with these topic-based exam questions

Practice questions created by actual
examiners and assessment experts

Detailed mark scheme

Suitable for all boards

Designed to test your ability and
thoroughly prepare you

2002

XVIII

1583

Time allowed
74 Minutes

Score

/62

Percentage

%

CHEMISTRY

**OCR
AS & A LEVEL**

Mark Scheme

**Module 3: Periodic table and
energy**

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Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	(a)	<p>Method 1: 100% OR (only) one product OR no waste product OR addition (reaction) ✓</p> <p>Method 2: < 100% AND two products OR (also) produces NaBr OR (There is a) waste product OR substitution (reaction) ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW co-product or by-product for waste product</p> <p>For '< 100%' ALLOW not 100% OR method 2 has a low(er) atom economy (compared to method 1)</p> <p>IGNORE produces Br⁻ / Na⁺ DO NOT ALLOW incorrect waste products e.g. Br₂, HBr, Br, Na</p> <p>ALLOW correctly calculated value of 42 or 41.8 up to calculator value of 41.83154324 correctly rounded for second mark</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW incorrect values for the atom economy of method 2.</p> <p>ALLOW ONLY 1 mark for a statement that both methods have 100% atom economy.</p>
	(b)	Acid ✓	1	<p>ALLOW H⁺ / named mineral acid / H₂SO₄ / H₃PO₄</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW 'weak acid' e.g. ethanoic acid</p> <p>IGNORE pressure IGNORE temperature</p>

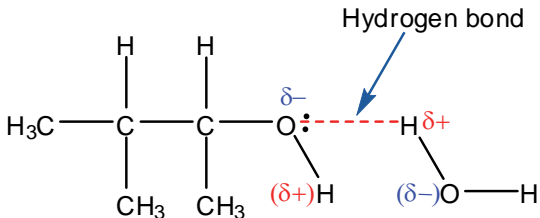
Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(c)	(i)	(Average enthalpy change) when one mole of bonds ✓ of (gaseous covalent) bonds is broken ✓	2	IGNORE energy required OR energy released DO NOT ALLOW bonds formed
		(ii)	FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF enthalpy change = $-42 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks IF enthalpy change = $+42 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 2 marks (Energy for bonds broken) = 5538 (kJ) ✓ (Energy for bonds made) = 5580 (kJ) ✓ $\Delta H_r = -42 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ ✓	3	IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible. two common incorrect answers are: $-970 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 2 marks $+970 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 1 mark IGNORE signs ALLOW 1076 (bonds broken); 1118 (bonds made) Correct sign required ALLOW ECF for bonds broken – bonds made IF at least one molar ratio is used e.g. 8 x C–H

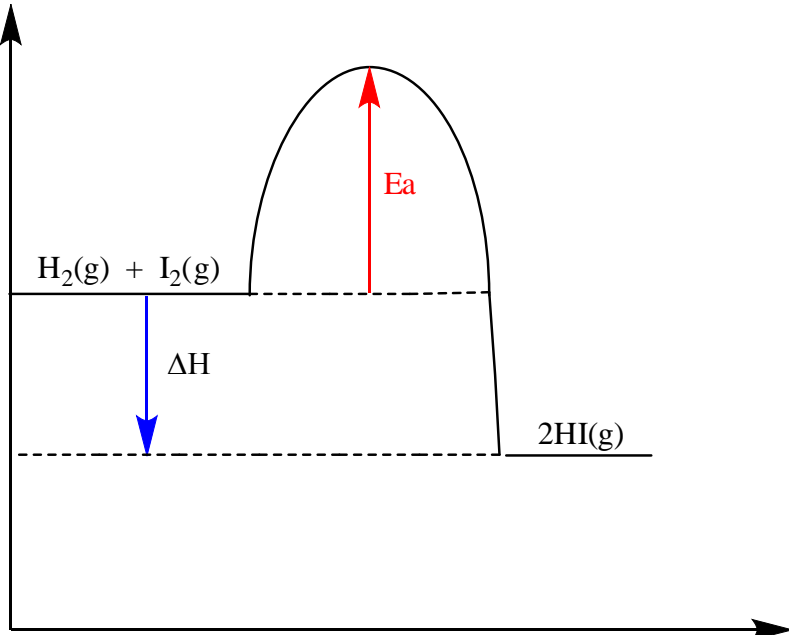
Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(d)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF mass = 8.21 (g) award 3 marks</p> <p>Actual $n(\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{OH}) \text{ produced} = \frac{3.552}{74} = 0.048 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$</p> <p>theoretical $n(\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{OH}) = n(\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br}) = 0.048 \times \frac{100}{80} = 0.06 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$</p> <p>Mass of $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br} = 0.06 \times 136.9 = 8.21 \text{ (g)} \checkmark$ 3 SF required</p>	3	<p>ALLOW ECF at each stage</p> <p>ALLOW expected mass $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{OH} = 3.552 \times \frac{100}{80} = 4.44 \text{ (g)}$</p> <p>ALLOW Mass $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br}$ reacted = $0.048 \times 136.9 = 6.5712 \text{ (g)}$</p> <p>ALLOW Mass of $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br}$ used = $6.5712 \times \frac{100}{80} = 8.21 \text{ (g)}$</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW 8.22 (<i>from use of 137 as M_r of $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br}$</i>)</p>
		Total	11	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF $\Delta H_c = -2260 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 4 marks IF $\Delta H_c = (+)2260 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks (incorrect sign) IF $\Delta H_c = (\pm)2257(.2) \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks (not 3 sf)</p> <p>Moles Amount, n, $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$ calculated correctly = 0.0175 (mol) ✓</p> <p>Energy q calculated correctly = 39501 (J) OR $39.5(01) \text{ (kJ)}$ ✓</p> <p>Calculating ΔH correctly calculates ΔH in kJ mol^{-1} to 3 or more sig figs ✓</p> <p>Rounding and Sign calculated value of ΔH rounded to 3 sig. fig. with minus sign ✓</p>	4	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>Note: $q = 180 \times 4.18 \times 52.5$ ALLOW 39501 OR correctly rounded to 3 sig. fig. (J) IGNORE sign IGNORE working</p> <p>Note: from 39501 J and 0.0175 mol $\Delta H = (-)2257.2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$</p> <p>IGNORE sign at this intermediate stage ALLOW ECF from incorrect q and/or incorrect n</p> <p>Final answer must have correct sign and three sig figs</p>
		(ii)	<p>ANY TWO FROM THE FOLLOWING ✓✓</p> <p>incomplete combustion</p> <p>non-standard conditions</p> <p>evaporation of alcohol/water</p> <p>specific heat capacity of beaker/apparatus</p>	2	<p>IGNORE heat loss (<i>in question</i>)</p> <p>ALLOW burns incompletely IGNORE incomplete reaction</p>

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(b)	(i)	$5\text{C(s)} + 6\text{H}_2\text{(g)} + \frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2\text{(g)} \longrightarrow \text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{O(l)} \checkmark$	1	Balancing numbers AND species AND states all required DO NOT ALLOW multiples of this equation
		(ii)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF enthalpy change = $-3320 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks IF enthalpy change = $(+3320 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)})$ award 2 marks ----- Working for CO_2 AND H_2O seen anywhere</p> <p> $5 \times (-)394$ AND $6 \times (-)286$ OR $(-)1970$ AND OR $(-)3686 \checkmark$ $(-)1716$ </p> <p>Calculates ΔH_c</p> <p>A further 2 marks for correct answer AND correct sign $= 5 \times -394 + 6 \times -286 = -366$ $= -3320 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \checkmark\checkmark$</p> <p>A further 1 mark for correct answer AND incorrect or no sign $= (+)3320 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \checkmark$ <i>Cycle wrong way around:</i> $-366 - (5 \times -394 + 6 \times -286)$</p>	3	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible</p> <p>Common incorrect answers are shown below Award 2 marks for -1744 OR -1890 OR -314 OR -4052 Award 1 mark for 1744 OR 1890 OR 314 OR 4052</p>

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(c)	<p>QWC: Evidence of the IR absorption at 1720 cm^{-1} for presence of C=O/carbonyl group ✓</p> <p>QWC: No carboxylic acid OH absorption in IR OR no peak between $2500\text{--}3300\text{ cm}^{-1}$ AND so J is a secondary alcohol OR so K is a ketone ✓</p> <p>Alcohol J</p> $ \begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \quad \text{H} \\ \quad \\ \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{H} \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array} $ <p style="text-align: right;">✓✓</p> <p>Compound K Structure of a carbonyl compound that could be obtained from alcohol J ✓</p> <p>Equation Balanced equation for conversion of J to K ✓ e. $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 + [\text{O}] \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$</p>	6	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>LOOK ON THE SPECTRUM for labelled peaks which can be given credit BOTH IR at $\sim 1720\text{ cm}^{-1}$ AND C=O required ALLOW ranges from <i>Data Sheet</i>, i.e. C=O within range $1640\text{--}1750\text{ cm}^{-1}$; IGNORE any reference to C-O absorption For structures of J and K, ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above IGNORE any names given for J and K</p> <p>ALLOW 1 mark for the structure of an alcohol with the molecular formula $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$ DO NOT ALLOW pentan-1-ol (<i>primary and unbranched</i>) or 2-methylbutan-2-ol (<i>branched but tertiary</i>)</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW any marks for J and K if more than one structure is given for J</p> <p>Note: 'sticks' in either J and/or K will lose only 1 mark</p> <p>ALLOW 1 mark for:</p> $ \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \quad \text{H} \\ \quad \\ \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array} $ <p style="text-align: right;">IF a structure is not given for J</p> <p>NOTE: structures for J and K could be awarded from the equation, even if not labelled.</p> <p>ALLOW molecular formulae in equation i.e. $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{O} + [\text{O}] \longrightarrow \text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ DO NOT ALLOW equations that form a carboxylic acid</p>

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(d)		<p>Labelled diagram showing at least one H-bond between alcohol molecule and water ✓</p> <p>e.</p> 	1	<p>IF diagram is not labelled ALLOW Hydrogen bonds / H bonds from text</p> <p>Diagram should include role of an O lone pair and dipole charges on each end of H bond.</p> <p>IGNORE alcohol R group, even if wrong</p> <p>ALLOW structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above</p>
			Total	17	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3 (a)	<p>There are 3 marking points required for 2 marks</p>  <p> $\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g})$ ΔH $2\text{HI}(\text{g})$ </p> <p> H_2 and I_2 on LHS AND 2HI on RHS AND correctly labelled E_a ✓ </p> <p> ΔH labelled with product below reactant AND arrow downwards ✓ </p>	2	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>IGNORE state symbols.</p> <p>E_a:</p> <p>ALLOW (+)173 only as an alternative label for E_a ALLOW no arrowhead or arrowheads at both ends of activation energy line The E_a line must point to maximum (or near to the maximum) on the curve OR span approximately 80% of the distance between reactants and maximum regardless of position ALLOW A_E or A_E for E_a</p> <p>ΔH:</p> <p>IF there is no ΔH labelled ALLOW -9 as an alternative label for ΔH. IF ΔH is labelled IGNORE any numerical value.</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW $-\Delta H$. ALLOW this arrow even if it has a small gap at the top and bottom i.e. does not quite reach reactant or product line</p>
(b)	<p>(+)182 ✓</p>	1	<p>This is the ONLY acceptable answer</p>

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(c)		<p>Look at answer if +63 kJ AWARD 2 marks If 63 (no sign) OR -63 (incorrect sign) AWARD 1 mark</p> <p>No of moles of HI = 14 moles ✓</p> <p>Enthalpy Change = +63 kJ ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW one mark for +126 kJ</p> <p>Sign and value required. ALLOW ECF from incorrect number of moles of HI</p>
	(d)	(i)	<p>Rate of the forward reaction is equal to the rate of the reverse reaction ✓</p> <p>OR</p> <p>concentrations do not change ✓</p>	1	<p>ALLOW both reactions occur at same rate</p> <p>IGNORE conc. of reactants = conc. of products</p>
		(ii)	<p>More H₂ and I₂ OR less HI ✓</p> <p>(equilibrium position shifts) to the left AND (Forward) reaction is exothermic OR reverse reaction is endothermic OR in the endothermic direction ✓</p>	2	<p>Mark each point independently</p> <p>ALLOW more reactants OR less products</p> <p>Note: ALLOW suitable alternatives for to the left e.g. towards reactants OR towards H₂ / I₂ OR in reverse direction OR favours the left.</p> <p>ALLOW gives out heat for exothermic ALLOW takes in heat for endothermic</p> <p>IGNORE responses in terms of rate</p>
		(iii)	<p>No effect AND Same number of (gaseous) moles on both sides ✓</p>	1	<p>ALLOW same number of molecules on each side</p>

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(e)		<p>Look at answer if (+)298 AWARD 2 marks If answer is -298 AWARD 1 mark (incorrect sign)</p> <p>2 x H-I bond enthalpy correctly calculated (436 +151-(-9) =) (+)596 ✓</p> <p>H-I bond enthalpy correctly calculated (Bond energy for H-I $\frac{(+596)}{2}$ =) (+)298 kJ mol⁻¹ ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW 1 mark for (+)293.5 kJ mol⁻¹ (bonds broken divided by 2) ALLOW 1 mark for (+)289 kJ mol⁻¹ (incorrect expression i.e. $\frac{[436 +151+(-9)]}{2}$)</p>
			Total	11	



Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = $-38.3 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 4 marks IF answer = $(+)38.3 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks (incorrect sign) IF answer = $-38,300 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ award 3 marks (used J instead of kJ).</p> <p>Energy q calculated correctly = 1149.5 (J) ✓ OR 1.1495 (kJ) ✓</p> <p>Moles Amount, n, of Na_2CO_3 calculated correctly = $0.03(00)$ ✓</p> <p>Calculating ΔH correctly calculates ΔH in kJ mol^{-1} to 3 or more sig figs ✓</p> <p>Rounding and Sign calculated value of ΔH rounded to 3 sig. fig. with minus sign ✓</p>	4	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>Note: $q = 50.0 \times 4.18 \times 5.5$ ALLOW 1149.5 OR correctly rounded to 3 sig figs (J) IGNORE sign IGNORE working ALLOW $53.18 \times 4.18 \times 5.5$ OR 1222.6082 OR 1220 OR correctly rounded to 3 or more sig figs in J or kJ</p> <p>IGNORE working IGNORE trailing zeros</p> <p>IGNORE sign at this intermediate stage ALLOW ECF from incorrect q and/or incorrect n</p> <p>Final answer must have correct sign and three sig figs</p> <p>ALLOW $-40.8 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ if 53.18 used in calculation of q ALLOW $-40.7 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ if q is rounded to 1220 from 53.18 earlier</p>
	(b) (i)	<p>(Enthalpy change) when one mole of a compound ✓ is formed from its elements ✓</p> <p>298 K / 25 °C AND 1 atm / 100 kPa / 101 kPa / 1 bar ✓</p>	3	<p>ALLOW energy required OR energy released ALLOW one mole of substance OR one mole of product DO NOT ALLOW one mole of element</p> <p>IGNORE reference to concentration</p>



EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

[illegible]

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(a)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</p> <p>IF answer = -4596, award 3 marks. IF answer = $+4596$ award 2 marks.</p> <p>(-116) ✓</p> <p>(-4480) ✓</p> <p>-4596 ✓</p>	3	<p>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p>ALLOW 116 OR $-4(+54) - 5(-20)$ OR $-216 + 100$</p> <p>ALLOW 4480 OR $4(-394) + 12(-242)$ OR $-1576 - 2904$</p> <p>ALLOW ecf from $\Delta H_{\text{products}} - \Delta H_{\text{reactants}}$</p> <p>ALLOW for 2 marks $(+4596)$ (cycle the wrong way round) OR -4364 ($\Delta H_{\text{reactants}}$ the incorrect sign) OR $(+4364)$ ($\Delta H_{\text{products}}$ the incorrect sign) OR -752 (moles not used for products) OR -4514 (moles not used for reactants)</p> <p>ALLOW for 1 mark $(+752)$ (moles not used for products and the cycle the wrong way round) OR $(+4514)$ (moles not used for reactants and the cycle the wrong way round) OR -670 (moles not used for reactants and products)</p> <p>Note: There may be other possibilities</p>



Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(b)	(i)	FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = +820, award 2 marks . IF answer = -820 or +1640 award 1 mark . amount of N_2O = 10 (mol) ✓ enthalpy change = (+)820 ✓	2	IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below ALLOW ECF, ie moles of N_2O x enthalpy of formation
		(ii)	(+)82 ✓	1	
		(iii)	(+)283 ✓	1	
	(c)		$\text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{O}_2 + \text{O}$ AND $\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{O}_3$ ✓ rate of ozone decomposition (almost) equals rate of ozone formation ✓	2	ALLOW $\text{O}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{O}_2 + \text{O}$ ALLOW $\text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{O}_2 + \text{O}$ is reversible ALLOW $\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{O}_3$ is reversible IGNORE dots IGNORE other equations involving ozone, eg $\text{O} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{O}_2$ IGNORE comments about an equilibrium ALLOW rate of forward reaction is similar to the rate of the backward reaction if marking point 1 is awarded
	(d)		$\text{NO} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$ ✓ $\text{NO}_2 + \text{O} \rightarrow \text{NO} + \text{O}_2$ ✓	2	ALLOW $\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{NO} + 2\text{O}_2$ ✓ IGNORE dots IGNORE $\text{O} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{O}_2$ IGNORE $2\text{O}_3 \rightarrow 3\text{O}_2$
			Total	11	