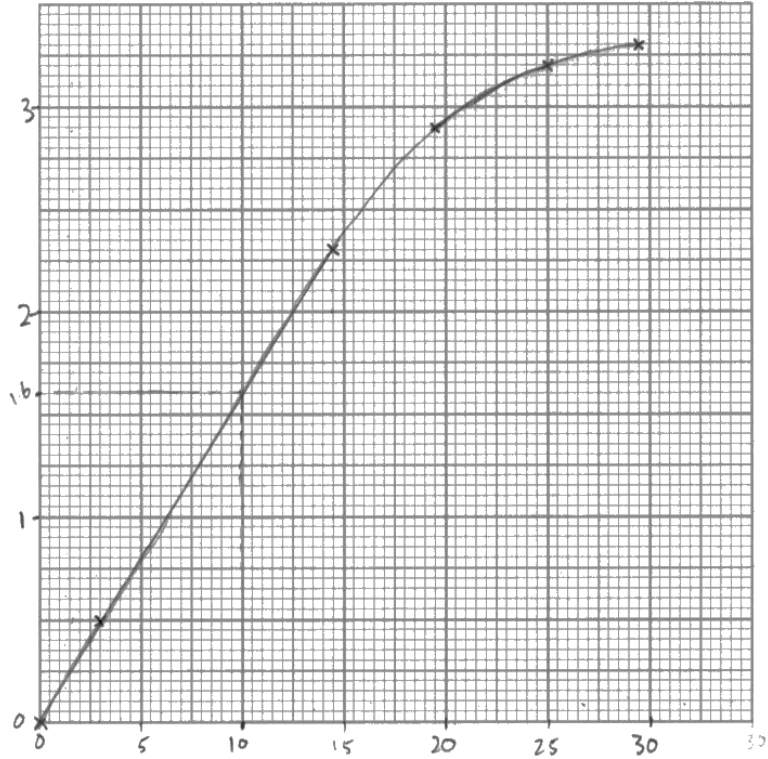


Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a)	A		1
(b) (i)	<p>suitable scales;</p> <p>6 points plotted;</p> <p>curve of best fit;</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must use &gt; half width and half height of grid</li> <li>• to nearest ½ square, up to two marks available for this, -1 each error</li> <li>• reject dot to dot</li> <li>• allow a reasonably smooth curve, points should be evenly distributed about the line</li> </ul>	4



Voltage across X in V	Current in X in A
0	0
3.0	0.5
14.5	2.3
19.5	2.9
25.0	3.2
29.5	3.3



(ii)	$V = I \times R$	in words, or accepted symbols or rearranged	1
(iii)	value of I from graph; rearranged equation/sub into equation; evaluation; unit; e.g. $I = 1.6$ ( $\pm 1/2$ a small square) $10 = 1.6 \times R$ OR $R = 10/1.6$ $R = 6.3$ $\Omega$ / ohms	allow ECF from graph  answers without working can gain full marks  $R = 6.25$ allow answers which round to a number in the range 5.8 to 6.3	4
(iv)	any three descriptions from: - MP1. as V increases I increases (at first);  MP2. constant gradient/constant R (at first);  MP3. I is proportional to V;  MP4. gradient changes at high voltage/eq;  MP5. $\Delta I$ smaller (than previously) for $V > 15V$ ;	allow as I increases V increases  graph line linear (at first)  nonlinear above $\sim 15 V$ graph is less steep at high voltage  R increases for $V > 15V$ (to $\sim 8\Omega$ )  ignore slows down positive correlation	3

(v)	any two conclusions from: - MP1. resistance is constant at first;  MP2. resistance is not constant / resistance increases as V (or I) increases;  MP3. because X gets hot(ter);  MP4. X is a filament lamp;	allow V and I are proportional at first, it obeys Ohms law at first  non-ohmic /does not obey Ohms law / V and I are not proportional  increasing temperature  total marks = 15	2
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Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	any 3 of:  MP1. idea of {rubbing / tearing} of {materials / surfaces};  MP2. idea of movement / transfer of electrons;  MP3. electrons have negative charge;  MP4. (object becomes) negatively charged by gaining electrons OR positively charged by losing electrons;  MP5. need for insulating material(s);	movement of positive {charge / electrons} can only score MP1 and MP5 ignore 'friction'	3
(b)	any 2 of: MP1. idea of opposite charges OR positive and negative charges;  MP2. idea of attraction;  MP3. idea of an (attractive) force larger than the weight of the loose end of tape;	reject if mentions positive electrons ignore 'different' condone 'unlike'	2

Total 5 marks

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)		C (kinetic energy to electrical energy)		1
(b) (i)		Conversion to seconds; Substitution into correctly rearranged equation; Calculation; e.g. (time = ) 60 (s) $\frac{39\,000\,000}{(490 \times 60)}$ 1300 (V)	No mark for stating the formula, since $E = I \times V \times t$ is given on page 2  60 seen in working  1330, 1327, 1326.5 (V) Correct answer without working scores full marks Allow 1.3 kV for THREE marks Allow Power of Ten error , for a maximum of TWO marks e.g. $1.326 \times 10^{-3}$ , 1.33, 130	3
(ii)		Any four of MP1 (High voltage leads to) low current;  MP2 mention of a relevant equation e.g. $P=IV$ , $P=I^2R$ ;  MP3 Less energy is lost (from the wires);  MP4 More efficient;  MP5 can use thinner wires;	Allow less heat loss  Ignore cost argument  Allow: Can transmit the energy further	4
(c) (i)		Current that changes direction (continuously);  100 times per second;	Allow switches from +ve to -ve Allow 50 times/cycles per second. Allow time period e.g. 0.01 s, 0.02 s, 1/50s	2
(ii)		Transformers change the voltage / current;  Transformers use alternating current / a.c.;	Allow step-up, step-down  Allow reverse argument	2

Total for question 6 = 12 marks



Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	idea that Energy source which cannot be replaced;	allow: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• can't be used again</li><li>• supply is limited in time</li><li>• can't be replenished (for a long time)</li><li>• can't be regenerated</li></ul> ignore: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• can' be recycled</li><li>• can't be stored</li><li>• unqualifie 'finite/limited/will run out'</li><li>• not sustainable</li><li>• can be used up</li></ul>	1
(ii)	Any from for 1 mark;  Coal Oil or named fuel Gas	allow: crude oil fossil (fuel(s)) petrol diesel gasoline kerosene paraffin methane butane propane  ignore: burning fuel(s)	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (b) (i)	<p>AT WIND FARM: any one from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Step-up transformer used at the wind farm;</li> <li>• voltage increased (for transmission);</li> </ul> <p>DURING TRANSMISSION: any one from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• transmitted at (high voltage and) low current;</li> <li>• no/little energy is wasted during transmission;</li> </ul> <p>AT CITY END: any one from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Step down transformer at 'other end'/OWTTE;</li> <li>• voltage reduced to 230V/for safety/for homes;</li> </ul>	<p>allow: description of a transformer</p> <p>Allow small voltage loss in transmission</p>	3



Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (b) (ii)	<p>Answer to a maximum of SIX marks to include: up to 4 ideas from advantages and up to 4 ideas from disadvantages Annotate with ticks /underlining</p> <p>advantages</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Renewable energy resource;</li><li>2. No /little carbon emission or air pollution OR will not add to global warming OR little pollution;</li><li>3. Source of energy is free OR low running costs;</li><li>4. Brings employment/construction to some remote areas OR good for the local economy;</li><li>5. Lots of energy available OR abundant source OR wind farm can generate large amounts of electricity;</li><li>6. wind turbines can be more efficient than conventional power stations;</li></ol> <p>disadvantages</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Unsightly/ugly OR can damage views/ blight landscapes / local people may find them an intrusion;</li><li>2. Can be noisy/ causes noise pollution;</li><li>3. Only work when the wind blows/ above certain wind speed OR no constant output of electricity OR not reliable;</li><li>4. Each generator can only generate a small amount of electricity OR many are needed to supply the amount of electricity required for a city;</li><li>5. Costly to construct /maintain;</li><li>6. can only be placed in certain areas OR require large areas;</li></ol>	<p>If a single word list, penalise by ONE mark</p> <p>accept suitable/sensible alternatives</p> <p>ignore:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• environmentally friendly</li><li>• cheaper than fossil fuels</li><li>• kills birds /harming animals</li><li>• unqualified 'expensive' /'high costs'</li><li>• safer</li><li>• carbon-neutral</li><li>• unqualified 'more efficient' /'high efficiency'</li></ul>	6
		Total	<b>11</b>