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1.1 Measurements in Physics

Hard



PHYSICS

IB HL

1.1 Measurements in Physics

Question Paper

Course	DP IB Physics
Section	1. Measurement & Uncertainties
Topic	1.1 Measurements in Physics
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 20
Score: /10
Percentage: /100

Question 1

The theory of gas flow through small diameter tubes at low pressures is an important consideration of high vacuum techniques.

One equation used in this theory is:

$$Q = \frac{kr^3(p_1 - p_2)}{L} \sqrt{\frac{M}{RT}}$$

Where k is a unitless constant, r is the radius of the tube, p_1 and p_2 are the pressures at each end of the tube, L is the length of the tube, M is the molar mass of the gas, R is the molar gas constant and T is the thermodynamic temperature of the gas.

What are the base units of Q ?

- A. kg s^{-1}
- B. kg m s^{-1}
- C. kg mol^{-1}
- D. kg m s^{-2}

[1 mark]

Question 2

What is the correct value for the Gravitational constant?

- A. $6.67 \times 10^{-3} \text{ nN m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
- B. $6.67 \times 10^5 \text{ N mm}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
- C. $6.67 \times 10^{-20} \text{ kN mm}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
- D. $6.67 \times 10^{-17} \text{ N km}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$

[1 mark]

Question 3

Which estimate is realistic?

- A. The kinetic energy of a bus travelling on an motor way is 30 000 J
- B. The power of a domestic light is 300 W
- C. The temperature of a hot oven is 300 K
- D. The volume of air in a car tyre is 0.03 m^3

[1 mark]

Question 4

The frictional force F on a sphere falling through a fluid is given by the formula:

$$F = 6 \pi a \eta v$$

In this equation, a is the radius of the sphere, η is a constant relating to the fluid and v is the velocity of the sphere.

What are the units of η ?

- A. kg m s^{-1}
- B. $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
- C. kg m s^{-3}
- D. $\text{kg m}^{-3} \text{s}^{-3}$

[1 mark]

Question 5

The speed v of a liquid leaving a tube depends on the change in pressure ΔP and the density ρ of the liquid. The speed is given by the equation:

$$v = k \left(\frac{\Delta P}{\rho} \right)^n$$

In this equation, k is a constant that has no units.

What is the value of n ?

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$
- B. 1
- C. $\frac{3}{2}$
- D. 2

[1 mark]



Question 6

A boy jumps from a wall 5 m high. What is an estimate of the change in momentum of the boy when he lands without rebounding?

- A. $4 \times 10^0 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$
- B. $4 \times 10^1 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$
- C. $4 \times 10^2 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$
- D. $4 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$

[1 mark]

Question 7

When a constant braking force is applied to a vehicle moving at speed v , the distance d moved by the vehicle as it comes to rest is given by the expression:

$$d = kv^2$$

In this equation, k is a constant.

When d is measured in metres and v is measured in metres per second, the constant has a value of k_1 .

What is the value of the constant when the distance is measured in metres, and the speed is measured in kilometres per hour?

- A. $\frac{k_1}{12.96}$
- B. $\frac{k_1}{3.6}$
- C. $3.6k_1$
- D. $12.96k_1$

[1 mark]

Question 8

What is the unit for the gas constant in fundamental SI units?

- A. $\text{kg m s}^{-2} \text{K mol}^{-1}$
- B. $\text{kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-2} \text{K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$
- C. $\text{kg}^2 \text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \text{mol}$
- D. $\text{kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-2} \text{mol}^{-1}$

[1 mark]

Question 9

Which of the following gives the correct unit for $\frac{g^3}{G}$?

- A. kg s^{-4}
- B. $\text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-4}$
- C. $\text{kg m}^3 \text{s}^{-4}$
- D. kg s^{-8}

[1 mark]

Question 10

The drag coefficient C_d is a number with no units. It is used to compare the drag on different cars at different speeds. It is given by the equation

$$C_d = \frac{2F}{\rho v^n A}$$

F is the drag force on the car, ρ is the density of the air, A is the cross-sectional area of the car and v is the speed of the car.

What is the value of n ?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

[1 mark]