

GCSE OCR Math J560

Algebric fraction

Question Paper

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Simplify $\frac{3(x+1)}{(x+1)^2}$

[1 mark]

Question 2

Show that $\frac{a}{b+1} - \frac{a}{(b+1)^2}$ can be written as $\frac{ab}{(b+1)^2}$

[2 marks]



(a) Simplify fully $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{2x^2 - 5x + 3}$

[3 marks]

Question 4

Simplify	$\frac{x+1}{x+1}$ +	$\frac{x+3}{2}$	I
	2	3	

[3 marks]

Question 5

(b) Write
$$\frac{4}{x+2} + \frac{3}{x-2}$$
 as a single fraction in its simplest form.

[3 marks]

Question 6

Simplify
$$\frac{4(x+5)}{x^2+2x-15}$$

[2 marks]



Simplify $\frac{x^2 - 9}{2x^2 + 5x - 3}$

[3 marks]

Question 8

Write as a single fraction in its simplest form

$$\frac{2}{y+3} - \frac{1}{y-6}$$

[3 marks]

Question 9

Simplify fully
$$\frac{2x^2 - 5x + 3}{x^2 + 5x - 6}$$

[3 marks]

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Write as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{5}{2-x} - \frac{4}{x}$

[3 marks]

Question 11

Simplify $\frac{x^2 - 16}{2x^2 - 5x - 12}$

[3 marks]

Question 12

 $2 - \frac{x+2}{x-3} - \frac{x-6}{x+3}$ can be written as a single fraction in the form $\frac{ax+b}{x^2-9}$ where *a* and *b* are integers.

Work out the value of *a* and the value of *b*.

[4 marks]



Simplify fully $\frac{3x^2 - 8x - 3}{2x^2 - 6x}$

[3 marks]

Question 14

Show that $\frac{2x^2 - 3x - 5}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$ can be written in the form $\frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$ where a, b, c and d are integers.

[3 marks]