

Please write clearly in	n block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

GCSE BIOLOGY

Foundation Tier

Paper 2F

F

Monday 1 June 2020 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
TOTAL		



	Answer all questions in the spaces p	provided.	
0 1	A food for pet dogs contains meat from chickens.		
	Figure 1 shows the food chain.		
	Figure 1		
	Wheat plant — Chicken	Dog	
0 1 . 1	What is the trophic level of the dog?	14	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]	
	1 2 3	3	
 Draw one line from each organism to the description of the organism's position in the food chain. [3 marks] 			
	Organism	Description	
		Herbivore	
	Chicken		
		Producer	
	Dog		
		Secondary consumer	
	Wheat		
		Tertiary consumer	



0 1.3	Name the process wheat plants use to make glucose.	
0 1.4	Some of the chicken biomass does not become part of the dog's biomass.	
	What is one reason why?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[· ··································
	Some of the chicken is used for the dog to grow	
	The dog produces waste in faeces	
	The wheat is eaten by the dog	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	



	A new dog food has been developed.
	The new dog food is made from insects.
	The insects in the dog food factory are fed on vegetables.
0 1.5	Which pyramid of biomass represents the vegetables, insects and dogs in this food chain?
	Tick (✓) one box.



0 1 . 6	Beef from cows is used to make some dog food.	outsi b
	Cows release methane.	
	The company that makes dog food from insects made the statement:	
	'Dog food made from insects is more sustainable than dog food made from beef.'	
	Which are two reasons that support the company's statement? [2 marks]	
	Tick (✓) two boxes.	
	Dogs will eat more insects than cows	
	Farming cows needs more land than farming insects	
	Fewer cows being farmed will slow down global warming	
	Fewer insects than cows are needed to produce dog food	
	The food chain for dog food made from insects has more trophic levels	9
	Turn over for the next question	



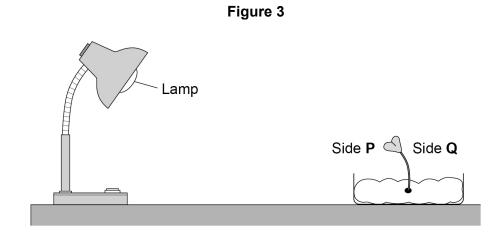
0 2	A student investigated the effect of light intensity on the growth of seedlings.	
	Figure 2 shows the equipment.	
	Lamp Damp cotton wool Petri dish Petri dish	
0 2 . 1	Which two improvements should the student make to the investigation? Tick (✓) two boxes. Give more water to the seedlings nearest the lamp Leave some of the seedlings for a few more days Open a window to let more air in Put all the dishes the same distance from the radiator Use equal numbers of seedlings in each dish	
0 2 . 1	Tick (✓) two boxes. Give more water to the seedlings nearest the lamp Leave some of the seedlings for a few more days Open a window to let more air in Put all the dishes the same distance from the radiator	



0 2.2	What is the dependent variable in the investigation?	[1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[
	The height of the seedlings		
	The mass of cotton wool		
	The temperature of the room		
0 2.3	In each dish the seedlings compete with each other.		
	Give two factors the seedlings compete for.	[2 marks]	
	1		
	2		
	Question 2 continues on the next page		







0 2.4	What happened to the growth of the seed side Q ?	dling on side P compared with the growth on
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Side P has grown less than side Q	
	Side P has grown more than side Q	
	Side P has grown the same as side Q	



0 2 . 5	Plant responses are called tropisms.	Do not write outside the box		
	Which tropism causes the seedling to grow towards light?			
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.			
	Geotropism			
	Gravitropism			
	Phototropism			
0 2 . 6	Which hormone causes the seedling to grow towards the light?			
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.			
	Auxin			
	Insulin			
	Testosterone	8		
Turn over for the next question				
	l l	1		

0 3	Sperm cells and egg cells are formed by meiosis.	
0 3.1	During meiosis a cell divides twice. How many sperm cells are formed when a cell divides by meiosis?	[1 mark]
0 3.2	Human body cells contain 46 chromosomes. How many chromosomes are in each human egg cell?	[1 mark]



	Dupuytren's is a disorder that affects the hands.	
	One form of Dupuytren's is caused by a dominant allele (D).	
	The allele for not having Dupuytren's is recessive (d).	
0 3.3	What is an allele?	
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	A different form of a chromosome	
	A different form of a gamete	
	A different form of a gene	
0 3.4	A man with Dupuytren's has the genotype Dd .	
	Which word describes the man's genotype?	
	Tick (✓) one box. [1 mark]	
	Heterozygous	
	Homozygous	
	Phenotype	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	





	The man with Dupuytren's (Dd) and a woman who does not have Dupuytren's (dd) plan to have a child.				
0 3.5	Complete the genetic diagram in Figure 4 to show the possible genotypes of the child. [2 marks]				
			Figure 4		[=]
			Woı	man	_
			d	d	
	•	D	Dd		
	Man	d			
0 3.6	Draw a ring around What is the chance Tick (✓) one box.			's?	have Dupuytren's. [1 mark] [1 mark]



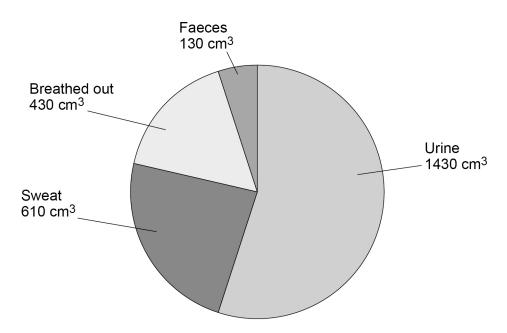
0 3.8	A genetic disorder develops as a result of a change in a gene.	Do not write outside the box
	What scientific term describes a change in a gene? [1 mark]	
0 3.9	People with a family history of some genetic disorders are offered embryo screening.	
	Suggest one way embryo screening can help people with a family history of a genetic disorder.	
	[1 mark]	40

Turn over for the next question

0 4

Figure 5 shows the water loss from a person on one day.





0 4 . 1 The total water loss was 26	00 cm ³
-------------------------------------	--------------------

Calculate the percentage of the total water loss that was lost as urine.

[2 marks]

%

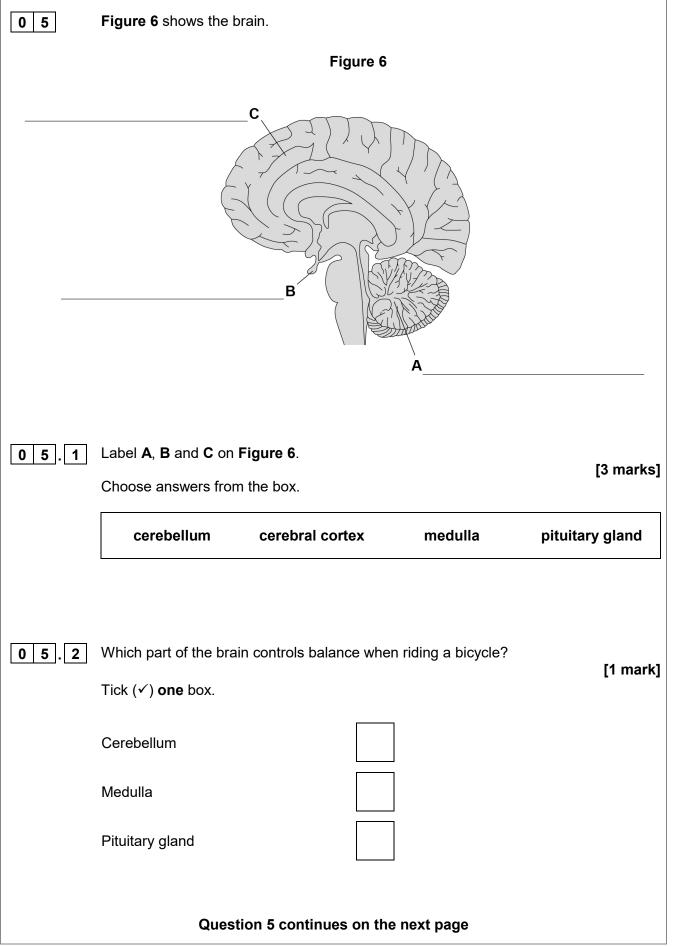


	A marathon race is 42 km long.	
0 4.2	What happens to the volume of water lost	as sweat when a person runs a marathon? [1 mark]
0 4.3	What must marathon runners do to preve	nt themselves becoming dehydrated? [1 mark]
0 4.4	Complete the sentences. Choose answers from the box.	[3 marks]
diges	stion excretion fertilisation	n filtration reabsorption
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through	he process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through	he process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through a second of the control of the kidneys goes through a second of the kidneys goes goes goes a second of the kidneys goes goes a second of the kidneys goes goes goes goes goes goes goes goe	he process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through a second of the control of the kidneys goes through a second of the kidneys goes goes goes a second of the kidneys goes goes a second of the kidneys goes goes goes goes goes goes goes goe	he process of cess of



0 4 . 5	People with kidney failure can have dialysis or a kidney transplant.	C
	Dialysis is often needed 3 times each week and can take over 4 hours each time.	
	Dialysis usually happens in a hospital.	
	Kidney transplants require a donor and major surgery.	
	Describe the advantages and disadvantages of having a kidney transplant instead of having dialysis. [4 marks]	
		Γ
		_









0 5 . 3	The ears send information about sound to the brain.	
	Which word describes the brain?	-4
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Coordinator	
	Effector	
	Receptor	
	Stimulus	
0 5.4	What type of cell carries impulses from the ears to the brain?	[1 mark]
0 5.5	Human eyes detect light.	
	Which part of the eye has cells that detect light?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Iris	
	Lens	
	Retina	



0 5.6	The eyes of some birds have specialised cells to detect ultraviolet (UV) light.	
	Some fruits reflect UV light.	
	Explain why it is an advantage for birds to be able to detect UV light. [2 ma	arks]
	L =	
	Outstier Frankinses on the word ways	
	Question 5 continues on the next page	





Figure 7 shows a student reading a book.





There are trees on the far side of the field.

The student looks at the trees instead of looking at the book.

0 5.7	What process occu at the book? Tick (✓) one box.	rs in the eye when the student looks at the trees instead of looking [1 mark]
	Accommodation	
	Magnification	
	Reflection	

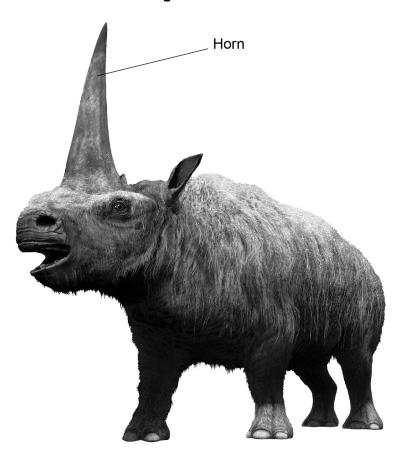


0 5.8	What change happens in the student's eyes when they look up at the trees?	[1 mark]	outsi b
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]	
	Light rays are refracted less		
	More light is reflected		
	The optic nerves move		
0 5 . 9	The student cannot see the trees in focus.		
	Name the common defect of the eye which causes distant objects to appear of focus.	out	
	of locus.	[1 mark]	
			12
	Turn over for the next question		

2 1

Figure 8 shows what the extinct Siberian rhinoceros (*Elasmotherium sibiricum*) might have looked like.

Figure 8



0 6.1	What is the genus of the Siberian r Tick (✓) one box.	hinoceros?	[1 mark]
	Elasmotherium		
	Elasmotherium sibiricum		
	sibiricum		



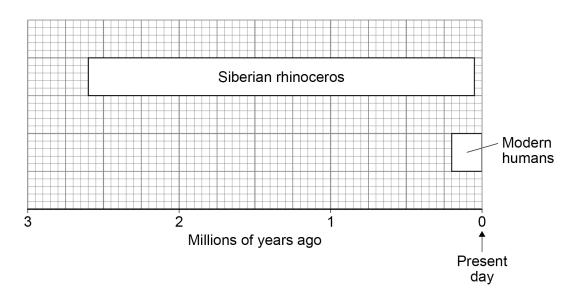
	The 'three-domain system' of classification places all living organisms in one three domains.	of
0 6.2	Which domain was the Siberian rhinoceros in?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Archaea	
	Eukaryota	
	Prokaryota	
0 6 . 3	Who developed the 'three-domain system' of classification?	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Carl Woese	
	Charles Darwin	
	Gregor Mendel	
0 6 . 4	The horn of the Siberian rhinoceros is estimated to have been 150 cm long.	
	Suggest one advantage of this adaptation to the Siberian rhinoceros.	[1 mark]
	Question 6 continues on the next page	





0 6.5	The only parts of the Siberian rhinoceros that have been found are fossilised bones.
	Give one reason why only the bones of the body of the Siberian rhinoceros became
	fossils. [1 mark]
0 6 . 6	Suggest how scientists can estimate when the Siberian rhinoceros was alive. [1 mark]
	Figure 9 shows when the Siberian rhinoceros existed and when modern humans existed.

Figure 9





0 6.7	How many million years ago did the Siberian rhinoceros become extinct? [1 mark]	Do not outside box
	million years ago	
0 6.8	Determine the time in years when both the Siberian rhinoceros and modern humans existed together.	
	Use Figure 9 and your answer to Question 06.7 . [3 marks]	
	Time = years	
0 6.9	Suggest two factors that may have caused the extinction of the Siberian rhinoceros. [2 marks]	
	2	
		12
	Turn over for the next question	



0 7	This question is about DNA.	
0 7.1	Describe the shape of a DNA molecule.	[2 marks]
	Figure 10 shows part of a DNA molecule.	
	Figure 10	
	A Sugar Phosphate	
0 7.2	DNA codes for a sequence of amino acids.	
	Which part of DNA forms the code for a particular amino acid?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[i iliai kj
	Bases	
	Phosphates	
	Sugars	



0 7.3	Which substance is produced when amino acids are joined together?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[Tillark]
	Carbohydrate	
	Fat	
	Protein	
0 7.4	DNA is made of repeating units. One of the units is labelled A in Figure 10 .	
	What is the name of the repeating unit labelled A ?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[· ··································
	Chromosome	
	Enzyme	
	Nucleotide	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	



Each repeating unit is 0.34 nanometres (nm) long. Calculate the length of the DNA in the cell in millions of nanometres. Length =	[2 marks]
Length =	million nm
Length =	_ million nm
Give your answer to Question 07.5 in metres.	
1 metre = 1 × 10 ⁹ nanometres	[1 mark]
Length =	m
DNA analysis can show people which alleles they have.	
Patients who have certain types of cancer can be offered DNA analysis.	
The family of the patient can also be offered DNA analysis.	
Suggest one advantage of having DNA analysis.	[1 mark]
-	Length =



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0 8	This question is about the decay of milk.
0 8.1	Name two types of microorganism that cause decay. [2 marks]
	1
	2
0 8 . 2	Cows' milk is pH 6.6.
	As milk decays, lipids in the milk are broken down.
	One of the products of the breakdown of lipids causes the pH of milk to decrease.
	Name the product that causes the pH to decrease. [1 mark]



A student investigated the effect of temperature on the time taken for different types of milk to decay.

This is the method used.

- 1. Put cows' milk in six test tubes.
- 2. Keep each test tube at a different temperature.
- 3. Measure the pH of the milk in each tube every day for 12 days.
- 4. Record the number of days taken to reach pH 5.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 with goats' milk and with almond milk.

0 8 . 3	Give one way the pH can be measured.	[1 mark]
0 8.4	Give two control variables the student should have used in this investigation.	2 marks]
	1	. markej
	2	

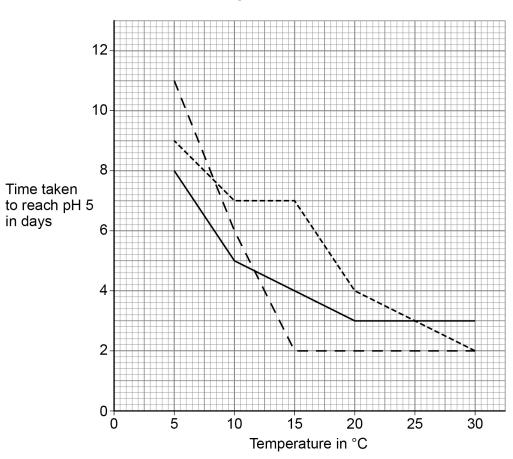
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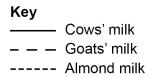


The student improved the investigation to produce valid results.

Figure 11 shows the results.







0 8 . 5 Which type of milk stays fresh the longest at 10 °C?

[1 mark]



0 8 . 6	Describe the effect of temperature on the time taken for goats' milk to reach pH 5.
	Use data from Figure 11 in your answer. [2 marks]
0 8.7	The time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 10 °C is less than the time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 5 °C.
	Suggest one reason why. [1 mark]
	[Timark]
0 8 . 8	Suggest two reasons why the different types of milk took different lengths of time to
	reach pH 5. [2 marks]
	1
	2
	Question 9 continues on the next ness
	Question 8 continues on the next page



0 8 . 9	The student said:		Do not write outside the box
	'The temperature milk is stored at affects how likely the milk is to cause food poisoning.'		
	How can the investigation be developed to find out if the student is correct?	[1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Determine the types of bacteria present in the milk		
	Record the pH every 12 hours		
	Use more than three different types of milk		13
	Question 9 starts on page 36		



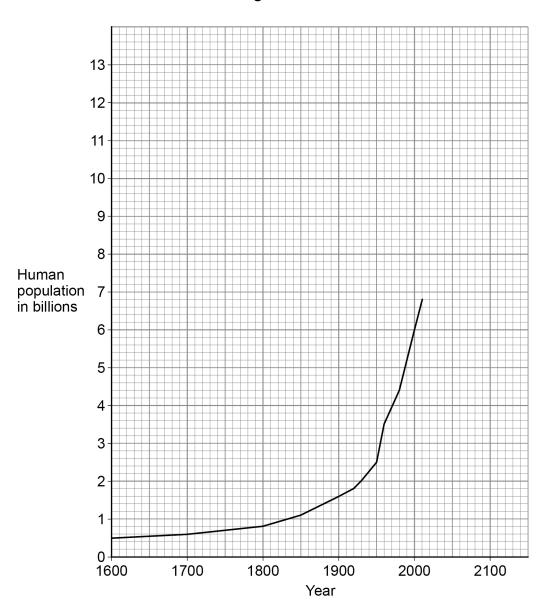
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0 9

Figure 12 shows the human population from 1600 to 2010.

Figure 12



In 1900 the human population was 1.6 billion.

0 9.1	Calculate how many times greater the human population was in the year 2000	
	compared with the year 1900. [2 marks]	
	Number of times greater =	



0 9 . 2	In 1950 the human population was 2.5 billion.	
	Calculate the mean annual increase in the human population between 1900 and 1950.	
		[2 marks]
	Mean annual increase =	billion per year
0 9.3	Predict the human population in 2050 if the current rate of population	increase
	You should draw an extrapolation line on Figure 12 .	
	rou should draw an extrapolation line on Figure 12.	[2 marks]
	Predicted human population =	
0 9.4	The increasing human population has caused a decline in fish stocks.	
	Describe how fishing quotas can help to return fish stocks to a sustain	nable level. [2 marks]
	Question 9 continues on the next page	

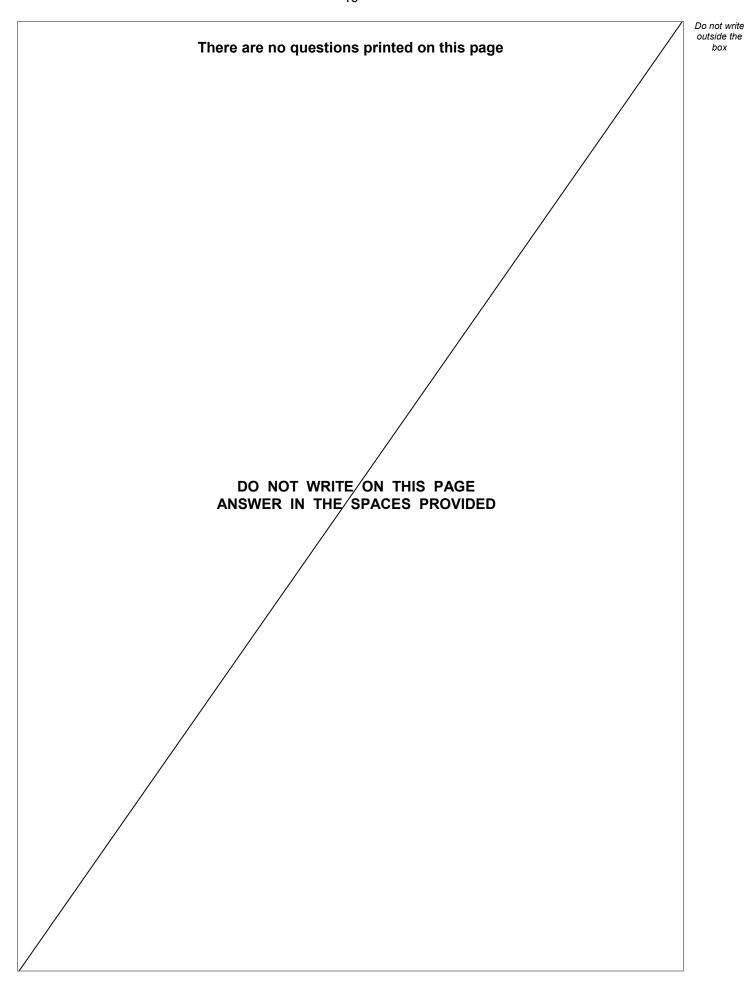


0 9 . 5	Farming techniques have changed in recent years.
	Describe:
	why more land is being used for farming
	how increased farming has decreased biodiversity.
	[6 marks]



0 9.6	Genetic modification of crop plants can help meet the demands of the increasing human population.	outsia bo
	Golden rice is a genetically modified (GM) crop.	
	What is the advantage of golden rice compared with non-GM rice?	
	Tick (✓) one box. [1 mark]	
	Golden rice contains protein-rich mycoprotein	
	Golden rice has improved nutritional value	
	Golden rice produces human insulin	
0 9.7	Suggest one reason why some people are concerned about the use of golden rice. [1 mark]	
		16
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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