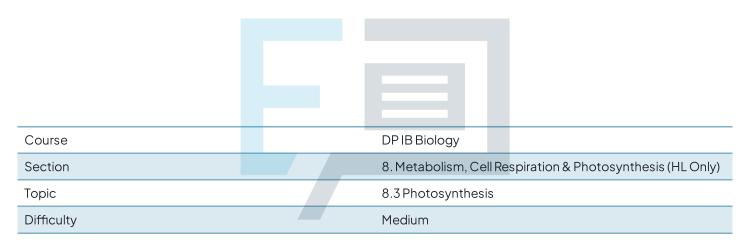


## 8.3 Photosynthesis

## **Question Paper**

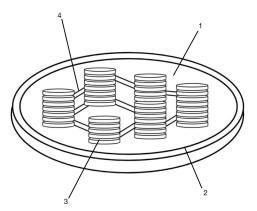


## **Exam Papers Practice**

To be used by all students preparing for DP IB Biology HL Students of other boards may also find this useful



The image below shows a chloroplast.



Identify the location of the light independent and light dependent reactions.

	Location of light independent	reaction	Location o	f light dependent r	eaction
Α	1			3	
В	3			2	
С	1			4	
D	3			]	

[1mark]

### **Practice** Question 2

Which events occur during the light dependent stage of photosynthesis?

- I. ATP is produced
- II. NADP is reduced to NADPH
- III. Water splits into photons, electrons and oxygen
- IV. NADPH is oxidised to NADP

A. All of them

- B. I, II, III
- C.I,III,IV
- D. II, III, IV

[1mark]



What are the functions of excited electrons in photosynthesis?

- I. To generate a proton gradient
- II. To reform RuBP
- III. To reduce G3P
- IV. To reduce NADP
- A. I, III, IV
- B. II, III, IV
- C.I,IV
- D. I, III

[1mark]



- B. Reduced NADH is synthesised
- C. Chemiosmosis in the stroma of the chloroplast
- D. Excited electrons enter an electron transport chain

# Exam Papers Practice

#### **Question 5**

Which process is not part of the light-independent reaction of photosynthesis?

- A. Glycerate-3-phosphate is converted to triose phosphate
- B. Rubisco is regenerated from triose phosphate
- C. ATP is dephosphorylated to ADP
- D. Carboxylation of RuBP

[1mark]



What allows the cyclic nature of the Calvin cycle?

- A. Reduced NADP accumulates in the stroma
- B. A buildup of ATP in the stroma
- C. Decarboxylation of Ribulose bisphosphate
- D. The catalytic nature of RuBP

[1mark]

#### **Question 7**

Which technological methods were used by Melvin Calvin in his studies of the light-independent reactions of photosynthesis?

	Autoradiography	Рар	er chromatograpł	ıy	Thin layer chroma	tography	Use of radioactive sources
А	No		No		Yes		Yes
В	Yes		Yes		No		No
С	Yes		Yes		No		Yes
D	Yes		No		Yes		No

[1mark]

# **Exam Papers Practice**

#### **Question 8**

Melvin Calvin used radioactive sources of carbon dioxide in his research using the alga Chlorella.

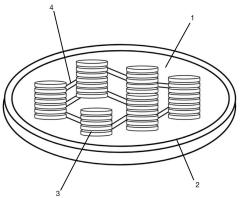
Which molecule would be the first to contain radioactive carbon-14 in *Chlorella* that was grown in the presence of radioactive carbon dioxide?

- A. Ribulose bisphosphate
- B. Glycerate-3-phosphate
- C. Triose phosphate
- D. Rubisco

[1mark]



Where is ATP synthase located in the chloroplast below?



A.1

В.2

C.3

D.4



[1 mark]

#### Question 10

The thylakoid intermembrane space has a small volume.

What advantage does this have for photosynthesis?

- A. High proton concentration can be rapidly developed
- B. Short diffusion pathway for the movement of hydrogen ions
- C. High electron concentration can be readily developed
- D. Rapid accumulation of reduced NADP

[1mark]

s Practice