

7.1 Discrete Energy & Radioactivity

Question Paper



Exam Papers Practice

To be used by all students preparing for DP IB Physics HL Students of other boards may also find this useful



²³⁸ 92^U decays to thorium-234 by emitting an alpha particle and two gamma rays. Thorium-234 then decays into protactinium via beta decay.

Which point on the N-Z graph below represents the position of the granddaughter nucleus, protactinium?



Question 2

The half-life of carbon-14 is 6000 years.

An ancient elephant tusk has been uncovered and its age is unknown. A 20 g sample of the tusk has an activity of 1.25 Bq due to carbon-14.

A 80 g sample of tusk taken from a living elephant has an activity of 20 Bq.

Use this information to determine the age of the ancient tusk.

A. 3000 years

- B. 12 000 years
- C.18 000 years
- D. 24 000 years

[1mark]

[1mark]



Fluorodeoxyglucose is a compound used as a tracer in medical imaging. The isotope fluorine-18 is used, which is a positron emitter.

The way these positrons interact with electrons in the body allows PET (positron emission tomography) scanners to determine the rate of respiration certain cells are performing.

Fluorine-18 decays into an isotope of oxygen.

Which equation below represents the correct nuclear equation for this decay?

A.
$${}^{18}_{9}F \rightarrow {}^{18}_{8}O + {}^{0}_{+1}\beta + v_{e}$$

B. ${}^{18}_{9}F \rightarrow {}^{18}_{8}O + {}^{0}_{-1}\beta + \overline{v_{e}}$
C. ${}^{18}_{9}F \rightarrow {}^{18}_{9}O + {}^{0}_{+1}\beta + v_{e}$
D. ${}^{18}_{9}F \rightarrow {}^{18}_{8}O + {}^{0}_{+1}\beta + \overline{v_{e}}$

[1 mark]

Question 4

Protactinium-231 $\binom{231}{91}$ Pa) is a radioactive element, it decays by alpha radiation and then beta-minus decay as shown below:

$${}^{231}_{91}Pa \rightarrow A + \alpha \rightarrow B + \beta^- + \overline{v_e}$$

What proton number and mass number will element **B** have?

	Proton Number	Mass Number
Α.	89	229
В.	90	229
C.	89	227
D.	90	227

[1mark]



The energy levels of an atom are shown in the diagram below.



Which transition will emit the photon with the shortest wavelength?



[1mark]

Question 6

A radioactive source is known to emit β radiation. A Geiger-Muller tube is used to measure the count rate at increasing distances from the source.





Unstable nuclei make up 10% of a sample's mass. The count rate of the sample is measured over a time period of 8 hours.



After some time has passed, the percentage of the sample which is unstable reduces to 2.5%. What is the count rate of the source at this time?

- A. 90 cpm
- B. 60 cpm
- C. 45 cpm
- D. 30 cpm



[1mark]

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A source is known to be radioactive but the type of radiation being emitted is unknown.

A Geiger-Müller tube is placed close to the source and different materials are placed between the two. A table of the count rates recorded for each material is shown below. The background count rate is 15 counts per minute.

Material	Count rate recorded / counts per minute
Paper	528
Nothing	1064
Thick lead	17
Aluminium	524

What types of radiation are being emitted by the source?

A. lpha, eta and γ

B. lpha only

C. β and γ

D. α and γ

[1 mark]

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Hydrogen atoms feature energy levels as shown below.



Which photon energy will not cause an electron to be excited or ionised in a ground state hydrogen atom?



Question 10

Three of the four isotopes below are the same element. Which isotope represents a different element?

	Nucleon number	Neutron number
А.	233	141
В.	235	143
C.	238	146
D.	239	146

[1 mark]