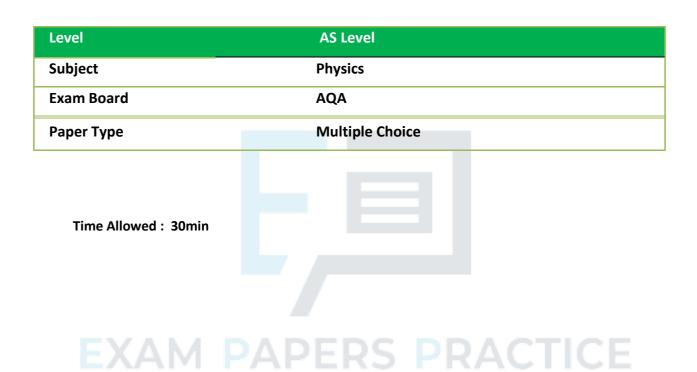


Simple Harmonic Motion TOPIC QUESTIONS





1. The wheel of the London Eye has a diameter of 130 m and rotates at a steady speed, completing one rotation every 30 minutes. What is the centripetal acceleration of a person in a capsule at therim of the wheel?

A
$$1.2 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{ms}^{-2}$$

B
$$2.5 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{ms}^{-2}$$

C
$$3.9 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{ms}^{-2}$$

$$D_2 = 7.9 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

2. A small body of mass m rests on a horizontal turntable at a distance r from the centre. If the

maximum frictional force between the body and the turntable is , what is the angular speedat which the body starts to slip?

A
$$\sqrt{\frac{g^{7}}{2}}$$

D
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{g}{r}}$$



- 3. A body of mass 0.50 kg, fixed to one end of a string, is rotated in a vertical circle of radius 1.5 m atan angular speed of 5.0 rad s⁻¹. What is the maximum tension in the string?
 - **A** 5.0 N
 - **B** 9.0 N
 - C 14 N
 - **D** 24 N





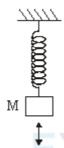
- 4. A particle of mass *m* oscillates in a straight line with simple harmonic motion of constant amplitude. The total energy of the particle is *E*. What is the total energy of another particle of mass 2*m*, oscillating with simple harmonic motion of the same amplitude but double the frequency?
 - \mathbf{A} E
 - **B** 2E
 - **C** 4E
 - **D** 8E



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- **5.** When a mass suspended on a spring is displaced, the system oscillates with simple harmonic motion. Which one of the following statements regarding the energy of the system is **incorrect?**
 - A The potential energy has a minimum value when the spring is fully compressed or fully extended.
 - **B** The kinetic energy has a maximum value at the equilibrium position.
 - **C** The sum of the kinetic and potential energies at any time is constant.
 - **D** The potential energy has a maximum value when the mass is at rest
- 6. A mass M on a spring oscillates along a vertical line with the same period \mathcal{T} as an object O in uniform circular motion in a vertical plane. When M is at its highest point, O is at its lowest point.





What is the least time interval between successive instants when the acceleration of M is exactlyin the opposite direction to the acceleration of O?

- $A \qquad \frac{T}{4}$
- \mathbf{B} $\frac{T}{2}$
- $\mathbf{c}^{\frac{3T}{4}}$
- D 7



- 7. A particle of mass m oscillates with amplitude A at frequency f. What is the maximum kinetic energy of the particle?
 - $\mathbf{A} \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{n}^2 \, m f^2 A^2$
 - $\mathbf{B} \qquad \pi^2 \, m f^2 A^2$
 - **C** $2 \pi^2 mf^2 A^2$
 - **D** $4 \pi^2 mf^2 A^2$

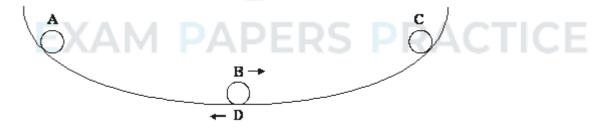




- 8. For a particle moving in a circle with uniform speed, which **one** of the following statements is correct?
 - A The displacement of the particle is in the direction of the force.
 - **B** The force on the particle is in the same direction as the direction of motion of the particle.
 - **C** The momentum of the particle is constant.
 - **D** The kinetic energy of the particle is constant.



9. A ball bearing rolls on a concave surface, as shown in the diagram, in approximate simple harmonic motion. It is released from **A** and passes through the lowest point **B** before reaching **C**. Ithen returns through the lowest point **D**. At which stage, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, does the ball bearing experience maximum acceleration to the left?





10. A body moves with simple harmonic motion of amplitude A and frequency $\overline{2\pi}$. What is the magnitude of the acceleration when the body is at maximum displacement?

- A zero
- $\mathbf{B} \qquad 4\pi^2 A b^2$
- $C Ab^2$

D

$$\frac{4\pi^2 A}{b^2}$$

11. A mass M hangs in equilibrium on a spring. M is made to oscillate about the equilibrium position bypulling it down 10 cm and releasing it. The time for M to travel back to the equilibrium position for the first time is 0.50 s. Which line, A to D, is correct for these oscillations?

	amplitude/c m	period/s
A	10	1.0
В	10	2.0
С	20	2.0
D	20	1.0

12. Which one of the following statements is true when an object performs simple harmonic motionabout a central point O?

- **A** The acceleration is always away from O.
- **B** The acceleration and velocity are always in opposite directions.
- **C** The acceleration and the displacement from O are always in the same direction.

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D The graph of acceleration against displacement is a straight line.





- 13. A girl of mass 40 kg stands on a roundabout 2.0 m from the vertical axis as the roundabout rotates uniformly with a period of 3.0 s. The horizontal force acting on the girl is approximately
 - A zero.
 - **B** 3.5×10^2 N.
 - C 7.2×10^2 N.
 - D 2.8 × 10⁴
 - N.
- 14. For a particle moving in a circle with uniform speed, which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - A The velocity of the particle is constant.
 - **B** The force on the particle is always perpendicular to the velocity of the particle.
 - **C** There is no displacement of the particle in the direction of the force.
 - **D** The kinetic energy of the particle is constant.

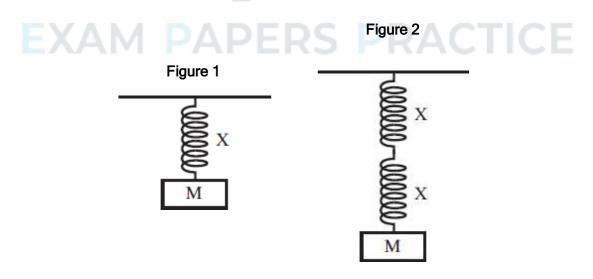


15. A simple pendulum and a mass-spring system are taken to the Moon, where the gravitational fieldstrength is less than on Earth. Which line, **A** to **D**, correctly describes the change, if any, in the period when compared with its value on Earth?

	period of pendulum	period of mass-spring system
Α	decrease	decrease
В	increase	increase
С	no change	decrease
D	increase	no change

16. When a mass M attached to a spring X, as shown in **Figure 1**, is displaced downwards and released it oscillates with time period \mathcal{T} . An identical spring is connected in series and the same mass M is attached, as shown in **Figure 2**.

What is the new time period?



A
$$\frac{T}{2}$$
B $\frac{T}{\sqrt{2}}$



- c $\sqrt{2T}$
- D 2T
- 17. For a particle moving in a circle with uniform speed, which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - A There is no displacement of the particle in the direction of the force.
 - **B** The force on the particle is always perpendicular to the velocity of the particle.
 - **C** The velocity of the particle is constant.
 - **D** The kinetic energy of the particle is constant





18. A revolving mountain top restaurant turns slowly, completing a full rotation in 50 minutes. A man is sitting in the restaurant 15 m from the axis of rotation. What is the speed of the man relative to a stationary point outside the restaurant?

A
$$\frac{\pi}{100}$$
 m s⁻¹

B
$$\frac{3\pi}{5}$$
 m s⁻¹

$$\frac{\pi}{200}$$
 m s⁻¹

$$\frac{\pi}{1500}$$
 m s⁻¹

19. A particle of mass 0.20 kg moves with simple harmonic motion of amplitude 2.0×10^{-2} m. If thetotal energy of the particle is 4.0×10^{-5} J, what is the time period of the motion?

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$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$
 seconds

$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$
 seconds

 π seconds

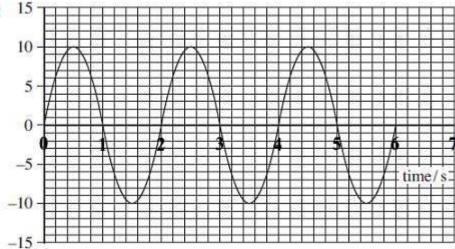
C

 \mathbf{D} 2 π seconds



20. The graph shows the variation in displacement with time for an object moving with simpleharmonic motion.

displacement /10 ⁻²m



What is the maximum acceleration of the object?

- **A** 0.025 m s⁻²
- **B** 0.99 m s⁻²
- $C 2.5 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
- **D** 9.8 m s^{-2}

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