

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

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Forename(s)

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Candidate signature

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I declare this is my own work.

# INTERNATIONAL AS PSYCHOLOGY

## Unit 1 Introductory Topics in Psychology

Friday 23 May 2025

07:00 GMT

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- All working must be shown.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.

For Examiner's Use	
Section	Mark
A	
B	
C	
<b>TOTAL</b>	



**Section A: Memory**

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

**0 1**

Outline **two** differences between episodic memory and procedural memory.

**[4 marks]**

Difference 1 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Difference 2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**0 2**

There has been some concern about the possible effects of post-event discussion on the accuracy of eyewitness testimony.

What is meant by post-event discussion?

**[2 marks]**

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\_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_



0 3

Outline the procedure of **one** research study that investigated post-event discussion. **[3 marks]**

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0 4

Explain **one** strength of research into post-event discussion. **[3 marks]**

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0 5

Explain **one** limitation of research into post-event discussion. **[3 marks]**

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Turn over ►







**Section B: Social Psychology**

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

**0 9**

Outline Milgram's findings **and** conclusions into the influence of proximity on obedience.

**[4 marks]**

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box*

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

**Turn over ►**



**Section C: Psychopathology**Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.**1 2**

Outline statistical infrequency as a definition of abnormality.

**[2 marks]**

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**1 3**Explain **one** strength of using statistical infrequency to define abnormality.**[2 marks]**

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Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each multiple-choice question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



**1 5**

Beck suggests depression occurs when people have a negative triad.

Which **one** of **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** is the correct description of Beck's negative triad?

Shade **one** box only.

**[1 mark]**

- A** Negative view of other people, negative view of the self, negative view of the world.
- B** Negative view of the future, negative view of other people, negative view of the self.
- C** Negative view of the future, negative view of other people, negative view of the world.
- D** Negative view of the future, negative view of the self, negative view of the world.

**1 6**

Briefly evaluate Beck's negative triad as an explanation for depression.

**[3 marks]**

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**





