

## **GCE**

# **Psychology**

Unit H167/01: Research methods

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2016

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **Section A: Multiple choice**

Q	Answer
1	Α
2	С
3	Α
4	В
5	С
6	В
7	В
8	Α
9	С
10	Α
11	Α
12	В
13	С
14	A
15	С

## Section B: Research design and response

Identify the target population in this research. [1]						
Que	estion		Answer	Marks	Guidance	
16			The target population is the (125) elderly residents of the Oaklands residential home.	Max 1	Do not accept 'elderly people' in general as creditworthy (must refer to the elderly in the one specific home identified).	

Des	Describe how random sampling could be used to obtain participants for this study. [3]						
Que	estion Answer Marks		Guidance				
17	(a)		Random sampling could be used by getting all the names of the 125 elderly residents who live in The Oaklands residential home and putting them in to a hat and then selecting names from it.		Context = residents, elderly people  Must include some reference to all		
		Clear description of how random sampling could be used in context		3	members of the target population being		
			Clear description of how random sampling could be <b>used</b> but not in context	2	involved in the selection process.		
			Brief and/or unclear description of random sampling (whether in context or not)	1			
			No creditworthy response	0			

Eva	Evaluate the use of random sampling in this study. [6]  Question Answer Marks Guidance							
Que	Question		Answer		Guidance			
17	(b)		More representative of the target population; able to generalise the findings about the effect of pets on loneliness more accurately to the target population; less bias in the selection/recruitment of participants etc	Max 6	-Context = pets, loneliness, features of the residents of the home (e.g. elderly) -Accept strengths and/or weaknesses for			
		Reasonable evaluation. Two (or more) po	Good evaluation with reference to 2 or more points in context	5-6 marks	evaluation points made e.g. selecting participants in a way that any			
			Reasonable evaluation. Two (or more) points made, but one is weaker/less clear than the other, or not in context	3-4 marks	elderly resident of the home could be chosen to participate enables the findings			
			Limited evaluation whether in context or not	1-2 marks	about the effect of pets on loneliness to be generalised more accurately to all the residents).			

Evaluate the use of random sampling in this study. [6]					
Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
			Comments here could refer to being more representative of the target population; ability to generalise the findings about the effect of pets on loneliness more accurately to the target population; less bias in the selection/recruitment of participants etc		

lde	Identify the independent variable in this study. [1]					
Qu	estion		Answer	Marks	Guidance	
18	(a)		The IV is being in contact with, and/or caring for an animal.	Max 1		

Identify the dependent variable in this study. [1]					
Question	Answer	Marks Guidance			
18 (b)	The DV is loneliness.	Max 1			

Explain how you would use the experimental method to conduct this research. Justify your decisions as part of your explanation. [12]

In your answer the required features that you must refer to are:

- -the experimental design you would use
- -how the dependent variable will be measured
- -the control of at least one extraneous variable

You should use your own experience of practical activities to inform your response

Que	estion	Answei	Marks	Guidance
19			Max 12	

Level of response	Details of required features (RFs) included	Justification of decisions made	Reference to own practical work
Good 10-12 marks	-All 3 required features addressed -Accurate and detailed knowledge and understanding of each feature in context -Good evidence of application of required features in context	-Appropriate justification of all decisions and some is contextualized -Well developed line of reasoning that is clear and logically structured	-Explicit reference to own practical work and clear links between own work and the planned research for each required feature.  e.g. specific mention of aim or procedural features  10 marks if just one RF linked, 11 marks if
Reasonable 7-9 marks	-All 3 required features addressed -Reasonably accurate and detailed knowledge and understanding of each feature -At least two applications of required features in context  If two required features are addressed in delinks made to own practical work award 8 m		two and 12 if all three  -No explicit link between own practical work and required features
<b>Limited</b> 4-6 marks	-Two of the required features addressed -Limited application of required features OR all required features referred to but in a limited way If one required feature addressed in detail a made to own practical work award 4 marks		
Basic 1-3 marks	-One of the required features addressed -Weak application of required features OR more than one of the required features referred to but in a very brief and/or basic way	-None, or if present very weak	

Write a null hypothesis for this study. [3]					
Question Answer		Marks	Guidance		
20	There will not be a significant different loneliness (on a scale 1 to 10) expected care home between those who tall those who do not.	perienced by elderly people in a	Max 3	-Can be written in future or present tenseUse of the word 'significant' is not necessary for full marksAward zero for citing alternative	
	Correctly cited null with both IV ar	Correctly cited null with both IV and DV operationalised		hypothesis	
	Correctly cited null with reference only one operationalized.	Correctly cited null with reference to both variables, but neither or only one operationalized.		-Award zero if reference to relationship' or 'correlation'	
	Simply stating 'no difference'	<b>OR</b> a null with reference to just one variable	1	-For full marks both the IV and DV must be operationalised.	
	The candidate has not provided a	ny creditworthy information	0		

Outline on	Outline one advantage of conducting this research in a real life setting. [2]						
Question			Marks	Guidance			
21	Advantages can include: high ecological validity (studying elderly people in their real residential home); samples naturally occurring behaviour; behaviour is unrestricted etc		Max 2	-Context = pets, loneliness, features of the residents of the home (e.g. elderly)			
	Clear outline of an advantage of c setting in context	onducting the research in a real life	2				
	Attempt to outline of an advantage of conducting the research in a real life setting in context	OR Clear outline of an advantage of conducting the research in a real life setting, but not in context	1				
	No creditworthy response		0				

Identify tw	o ethical considerations in this study a	s them. [6]		
Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
22			Max 6	-Context = pets, loneliness, features of the residents of the home (e.g. elderly)
			3	
	Ethical issue clearly identified and attempt to explain how to address it in context	OR Ethical issue clearly identified and way to address it clearly explained, but not in context	2	
	Attempt to identify ethical issue and attempt to explain how to address it (whether in context or not)	OR clearly identified ethical issue with no suggestion of how to address it	1	
	The candidate has not provided any	creditworthy information	0	

## Section C: Data analysis and interpretation

This st	This study is an example of a structured observation. What is a structured observation? [2]					
Question		Answer		Guidance		
23		An observation that uses an explicitly predetermined behavioural categories of behavior.		-Answer does not have to be in context of the research outlined.		
		Clear outline of what a structured observation is	2	7		
Attempt		Attempt to outline what a structured observation is	1			
		The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0			

What level of data is obtained in this study? [1]						
Que	Question		Answer		Guidance	
24			The level of data obtained in the study is nominal.	Max 1		
			The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0		

Wha	What is the ratio of the number of times people avoided eye-contact to the number of times people said hello? [2]					
Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance		
25		The ratio is 2:1		-80:40 is creditworthy for 1 mark		
		Correctly stated ratio, simplified to 2:1	2			
		Just saying 80:40 without simplifying the answer	1			
		The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0			

What is the mode for the type of behaviour observed by people as they approach each other in the corridor? [1]					
Question Answ			Answer	Marks Guidance	
26	- I    -		The mode 'avoids eye-contact' (with 80 occurrences)	Max 1	Accept figure '80' as correct answer
			Correctly stating the mode as 'avoids eye-contact'	1	
			The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0	

Sketch a pic	Sketch a pie chart to show the data collected in this study. [4]					
Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance			
27	Pie chart showing the percentage of behaviours observed as two people approach each other along a corridor	Max 4	-Sectors of the pie chart need only be approximate sizes (examiners do not need to check with protractor or overlay in RM assessor)			
	Avoids eye-contact 40%  Makes eye- contact 12%  Smiles 24%  Nods head 4%		-Calculations can be percentages and/or degrees (decimal places or whole figures) of circle (within labeling of the pie chart, or separately at the side)  Avoids eye contact 40% = 144 degrees Smiles 24% = 86.4 degrees Nods head 4% = 14.4 degrees Says hello 20% = 72 degrees Makes eye-contact 12% = 43.2 degrees			
	<ul> <li>1 mark is awarded for correctly calculating what proportion of the circle should represent each of the five behavioural categories.</li> <li>1 mark is awarded for drawing the sectors in proportional size to the data displayed</li> <li>1 mark is awarded for clear labelling of each sector of the pie chart</li> <li>1 mark is awarded for a clear and appropriate title</li> </ul>					
	All features included	4				
	3 features included	3				
	2 features included	2				
	1 feature included	1				
	The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0				

Outline two	conclusions that can be made from the data collected in this study. [6]		
Question	Answer		-Context = corridor, workplace, office worker etc  -Simply referring to the behaviour categories (e.g. 'smiling') is not sufficient for context here  -Clear (explicit) interpretation of findings (not simply stating a finding) is required for
28	Conclusions could include: the most frequent behaviour was to avoid eye-contact, which suggests people do not like acknowledging each other in a corridor; The lowest frequency of behaviour was 'nods head', which suggests people do not like greeting people as they meet in a corridor.  Accept any other appropriate conclusions here.		
	3 marks for each conclusion		
	Clear, detailed response in context		
	Clear, detailed response but not in context OR attempt in context	2	top band
	Attempt, whether in context or not <b>OR</b> simply stating a finding	1	-For 2 marks could be saying people
	The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information		avoid each other when approaching in the corridor etc  Do not accept reference to number of
			people engaging in a certain behavior (as opposed to number of behaviours)

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance	
29	125 written as a percentage of 310 is 125/310 x 100 = 40.3225806 Expressed to two significant figures this is 40			Max 3	-Expression of the percentage in the initial stage of the calculation can be written to
	AO2 marks	understanding of how to and a further mark for the	plication of knowledge and convert raw data in to a percentage application of knowledge and gnificant figures are applied to the	3xAO2	any number of decimal places
	Percentage correctly calculated and written to two significant figures			3	
	Percenta	age correctly identified but	not written to two significant figures	2	
	Just sho	wing workings	OR just stating correct answer	1	
	(calculat	tions) i.e. 125/310 (x 100)	without any workings		
	The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information				

Explain what is meant by a covert observation. [2]						
Question			Answer		Guidance	
30	30 (a)		An observation in which the participants are unaware that they are	Max 2	-Answer does not have to be in context	
	being observed by a researcher.					
	Clear outline of what a covert observation is.		2			
	Attempt to outline what a covert observation is.		1			
			The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information	0		

Eva	luate the	use of covert observation in this st	udy. [4]		
Que	estion	Answer		Marks	Guidance
30	(b)	Possible responses could include: sampling of more natural behaviours; increased validity; demand characteristics reduced/eliminated; ethical problems (e.g. consent, invasion of privacy) etc.  Accept any other creditworthy responses.		Max 4	-Context = corridor, workplace, office worker etc  -Also accept behavioural categories (e.g. smiles) as context in this question.
		Two or more clear points in context		4	
		One point in context with another that is not	OR one detailed point in context	3	
		Two clear points but neither in context	OR just one point in context	2	
		Attempt (whether in context or not)	OR one clear point but not in context	1	
		The candidate has not provided an	y creditworthy information	0	

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