SPECIMEN MATERIAL

# 

## GCSE COMPUTER SCIENCE 8520/2

Paper 2

### Specimen 2015

am/pm

Time allowed: 1hr 30mins

### **Materials**

There are no additional materials required for this paper.

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball point pen. Use pencil only for drawing.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- Some questions will require you to shade a lozenge. If you make a mistake cross through the incorrect answer.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
- You must not use a calculator.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Please write clearly, in block capitals, to allow character computer recognition.		
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature		



	Answer <b>all</b> questions in the spaces provided.	
01	A bit pattern is shown in <b>Figure 1</b> . <b>Figure 1</b> 01001110	
01.1	Convert the bit pattern in <b>Figure 1</b> into decimal.	[1 mark]
0 1 . 2	Convert the bit pattern in <b>Figure 1</b> into hexadecimal.	[2 marks]
- - -		
011.3	A student's answer to the question "Why is hexadecimal often used instea binary?" is shown in <b>Figure 2</b> . Figure 2	ad of
	Because it uses fewer digits it will take up less space in a computer's me	emory.
_	Explain why the student's answer is incorrect.	[2 marks]
-		



Turn over ▶

When data is stored in a computer it is often compressed. One method that can be used to compress text data is Huffman coding. To produce a Huffman code each character in a piece of text is placed in a tree, with its position in the tree determined by how often the character was used in the piece of text.

A Huffman tree for the text ZOE SAW A ZEBRA AT THE ZOO is shown in **Figure 3**.





Using this Huffman tree the Huffman coding for the character E would be the bit pattern 110 because from the top of the tree E is to the right, then right again and then left.

The character z is represented by the bit pattern 010 because from the top of the tree z is to the left, then right and then left.

### **01. 7** Using the Huffman code in **Figure 3**, complete the table to show the Huffman coding for the characters O, SPACE and B.

#### [3 marks]

Character	Huffman coding
0	
SPACE	
В	

**0 1 . 8** Using Huffman coding the text ZOE SAW A ZEBRA AT THE ZOO can be stored in 83 bits.

Calculate how many additional bits are needed to store the same piece of text using ASCII. Show your working.

[3 marks]

**Turn over for Question 2** 

) 2	The cor	e Central Processing Ur nputer system.	nit (CPU) is one of the hardware components of a	
) 2 . 1	D	Define the term hardware	e. [	1 mark]
2.2	"Us foll	sed to connect different owing? Shade <b>one</b> loze	components in the CPU" is a description of which	of the
	٨	Control Unit		1 mark]
	A	Control Unit		
	Б	Bus		
	C	Arithmetic Logic Unit		
	D	Clock	$\circ$	
	E	Ethernet	0	
2.3	Ex	plain how main memory	is used during the fetch-execute cycle.	
			[4	marks]
-				
_				
_				
-				

### **02. 4** Increasing the amount of cache memory and changing the type of cache memory can improve the performance of a CPU.

State two other ways of improving the performance of a CPU.

[2 marks]

-|

8

**Turn over for Question 3** 

### [2 marks]

RC	DM is volatile memory.	
Α	True	$\bigcirc$
В	False	$\bigcirc$
In	most desktop computers there is more ROM than RAM	1.
Α	True	$\bigcirc$
в	False	$\bigcirc$

**0 3 . 2** Most modern washing machines are embedded systems. Embedded systems normally have less main memory than non-embedded systems.

Describe **two** other likely differences between the main memory for a washing machine and the main memory for a non-embedded system.

[2 marks]



4

0 5	Most schools have a computer network.	
0 5 . 1	Some schools allow teachers to access the school network from their he computers.	ome
	Give <b>one</b> reason why some schools allow this and <b>one</b> reason why som	e schools do
		[2 marks]
	Reason for:	
	Reason against:	
	PANs and LANs are two different types of network.	
0 5 . 2	Describe <b>one</b> difference between a PAN and a LAN.	
		[1 mark]
0 5 . 3	Give <b>one</b> example of where a PAN could be used.	[1 mark]

**0 5 . 4** "Schools should use a wireless network instead of a wired network".

Discuss this statement.

[6 marks]

Question 5 continues on the next page

0 5 . 5	When t the sar	two computers ne protocol.	s on a network communicate with each other they nee	ed to use
	Define	the term proto	ocol.	[2 marks]
-				
-				
-				
_				
	For que most su	estions 0 5 uitable protoco	<b>6</b> to <b>05. 8</b> , shade <b>one</b> lozenge to indic of to use in the situation described.	ate the
05.6	Used to	o retrieve ema	ail stored on a server.	
				[4]
				[1 mark]
	Α	HTTP	$\circ$	
	В	HTTPS	$\circ$	
	С	FTP	$\circ$	
	D	SMTP	0	
	Е	IMAP	0	
0 5 . 7	Used to	make a paym	ent securely when purchasing goods from a website.	
				[1 mark]
	^	иттр		
	A D			
	0			
	ט _	SMIP		
	Ē	IMAP		

**0 5 . 8** Used to send an email from a client machine to an email server.

Α	HTTP	$\bigcirc$
в	HTTPS	$\bigcirc$
С	FTP	$\bigcirc$
D	SMTP	$\bigcirc$
Е	IMAP	$\bigcirc$

**05. 9** TCP/IP is a protocol stack used in networking. There are four layers in the TCP/IP stack.

Complete the table by placing the four layers of the TCP/IP stack into order (1 - 4), where 1 is the top layer and 4 is the bottom layer).

[3 marks]

Layer	Order (1-4)
Transport	
Data Link	
Network	
Application	

**Turn over for Question 6** 

18

[1 mark]



0       7       Organisations often spend a lot of money on cyber security.         0       7       . 1       Penetration testing is an attack on its own computer system by an organisation to try and identify security weaknesses.         Describe one difference between black-box and white-box penetration testing.       [1 mark]         0       7       . 2         Social engineering is often used to try to gain unauthorised access to a computer system. Philshing is a commonly used social engineering technique where emails are sent that pretend to be from a reputable organisation/company to try and obtain personal details.         Describe another two social engineering techniques. You should also explain measures that an organisation can take to try to reduce the security risks from philshing and the two other social engineering techniques you have described.         [6 marks]		
<ul> <li>● 7 . 1 Penetration testing is an attack on its own computer system by an organisation to try and identify security weaknesses.</li> <li>Describe one difference between black-box and white-box penetration testing.         <ul> <li>[1 mark]</li> <li>● 7 . 2 Social engineering is often used to try to gain unauthorised access to a computer system. Phishing is a commonly used social engineering technique where emails are sent that pretend to be from a reputable organisation/company to try and obtain personal details.</li> <li>Describe another two social engineering techniques. You should also explain measures that an organisation can take to try to reduce the security risks from phishing and the two other social engineering techniques you have described.</li> <li>[6 marks]</li> <li>[6 marks]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	0 7	Organisations often spend a lot of money on cyber security.
Describe one difference between black-box and white-box penetration testing.     [1 mark]     [1 mark]     [2 Social engineering is often used to try to gain unauthorised access to a computer system. Phishing is a commonly used social engineering technique where emails are sent that pretend to be from a reputable organisation/company to try and obtain personal details.     Describe another two social engineering techniques. You should also explain measures that an organisation can take to try to reduce the security risks from phishing and the two other social engineering techniques you have described.     [6 marks]	0 7 . 1	Penetration testing is an attack on its own computer system by an organisation to try and identify security weaknesses.
C 7 . 2 Social engineering is often used to try to gain unauthorised access to a computer system. Phishing is a commonly used social engineering technique where emails are sent that pretend to be from a reputable organisation/company to try and obtain personal details.  Describe another two social engineering techniques. You should also explain measures that an organisation can take to try to reduce the security risks from phishing and the two other social engineering techniques you have described.  [6 marks]		Describe <b>one</b> difference between black-box and white-box penetration testing.
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[6 marks]		Describe another <b>two</b> social engineering techniques. You should also explain measures that an organisation can take to try to reduce the security risks from phishing and the two other social engineering techniques you have described.
		[6 marks]
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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7

0 8	Bob purchases a 4GB SD card for use as secondary storage in his phone.
08.1	Calculate how many megabytes there are in 4GB. Show your working.
	[2 marks]
-	
08.2	An SD card is a type of solid state storage.
	State two advantages of solid state storage compared to magnetic storage.
	[2 marks]
-	
08.3	Many modern desktop computers have both solid state drives and magnetic hard disk drives
	Give <b>two</b> reasons why desktop computers have a magnetic hard disk drive and a solid state drive instead of having just a solid state drive.
	[2 marks]



Question 8 continues on the next page

08.5	In recent years, there has been a large growth in the use of cloud storage.
Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using cloud storage.	
	In your answer you should include an explanation of the reasons for the large growth in recent years and consider any legal, ethical and environmental issues related to

the use of cloud storage.

END OF QUESTIONS

[9 marks]

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