

Write your name here Surname	Other nam	nes
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Economic Paper 1	S	
Monday 27 January 2014 Time: 2 hours 30 minute		Paper Reference 4ECO/01
You do not need any other n	naterials.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 120.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Calculators may be used.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Write your answers neatly and in good English.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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Answer ALL questions.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

1 Figure 1a shows the world price of cocoa beans 2007–2011.

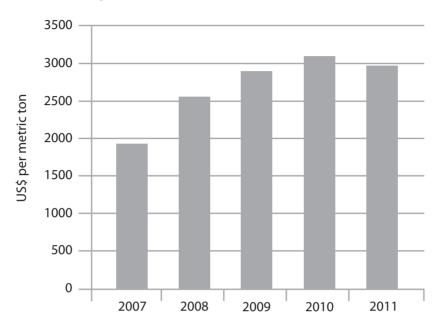


Figure 1a World price of cocoa beans

(a) In which year was the price

(i) below \$2000 per metric ton?

(1)

(ii) above \$3000 per metric ton?

(1)



Figures 1b and 1c show the demand and supply of cocoa beans in 2011. In 2012 there was an increase in Black Pod, a disease which attacks the cocoa trees.

(iii) On Figure 1b, show the effect of the disease on the price and output of cocoa beans.

(2)

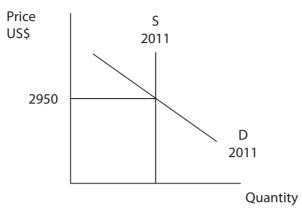


Figure 1b

In 2012 publicity was given to research which showed that eating moderate amounts of chocolate reduced the risk of certain medical disorders. Chocolate is made from cocoa beans.

(iv) On Figure 1c, show the effect of the publicity in 2012 on the price of cocoa beans.

(2)

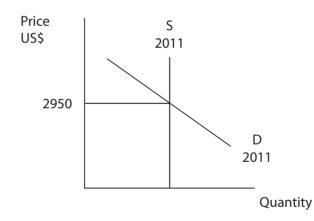


Figure 1c

(v) Define price elasticity of supply.

(2)

 	 	 	 	 •	 •	 	 	 	 	



(vi) In Figures 1b and 1c the supply of cocoa beans is	(1)
☑ inelastic	,
perfectly inelastic	
perfectly elastic	
(vii) It is easier to increase the supply of chocolate than the supply of coses beans	
(vii) It is easier to increase the supply of chocolate than the supply of cocoa beans Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	.
Do you agree with this statement: Give reasons for your answer.	(6)



Figure 1d refer	rs to the demand for chocolate in U	JSA during the recession	
2008–2010.	Change in average incomes	Change in demand for chocolate	
2008–10		+9%	
	Figure 1d		
	rmal good nferior good		(1)
(iii) Using the o	data in Figure 1d, explain your ans	wer.	(3)
(iii) Using the o	data in Figure 1d, explain your ans	wer.	(3)
(iii) Using the o	data in Figure 1d, explain your ans	wer.	(3)
(iii) Using the o	data in Figure 1d, explain your ans	wer.	(3)



(c) (i) Define division of labour. Give an example.	(3)



(ii) Division of labour benefits firms but not their workers.	
Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	(6)
	(6)
(Total for Question 1 = 30	marks)





		ompany in Hong Kong, w	
ı) (i) Xiaoı	n Clothing is owned by	,	(1
X	the state		(-
×	shareholders		
Table 2a			ge costs in 2011 and 2012,
		2011	2012
Outp	out per week	10 000	20 000
	age cost per shirt D) per week	50	40
(ii) Wha	t has happened to tota	l costs from 2011 to 2012	? Show your workings.
(ii) Wha	t has happened to tota	l costs from 2011 to 2012	
	t has happened to tota		
Xiaon Cl	othing sells all the shirt		(2
Xiaon Cl	othing sells all the shirt	ts at 50HKD each.	workings.
Xiaon Cl	othing sells all the shirt	ts at 50HKD each.	workings.
Xiaon Cl	othing sells all the shirt	ts at 50HKD each.	workings.
Xiaon Cl	othing sells all the shirt	ts at 50HKD each.	workings.



(b) Xiaon Clothing benefits from economies of scale.(i) With reference to Table 2a, define 'economies of scale'.	(2)
(ii) Briefly explain two economies of scale which may occur in the manufacture of clothing.	(4)
	(4)
Despite economies of scale, small firms still exist in the manufacture of clothing. (iii) Briefly explain one reason why a firm may remain small.	(2)





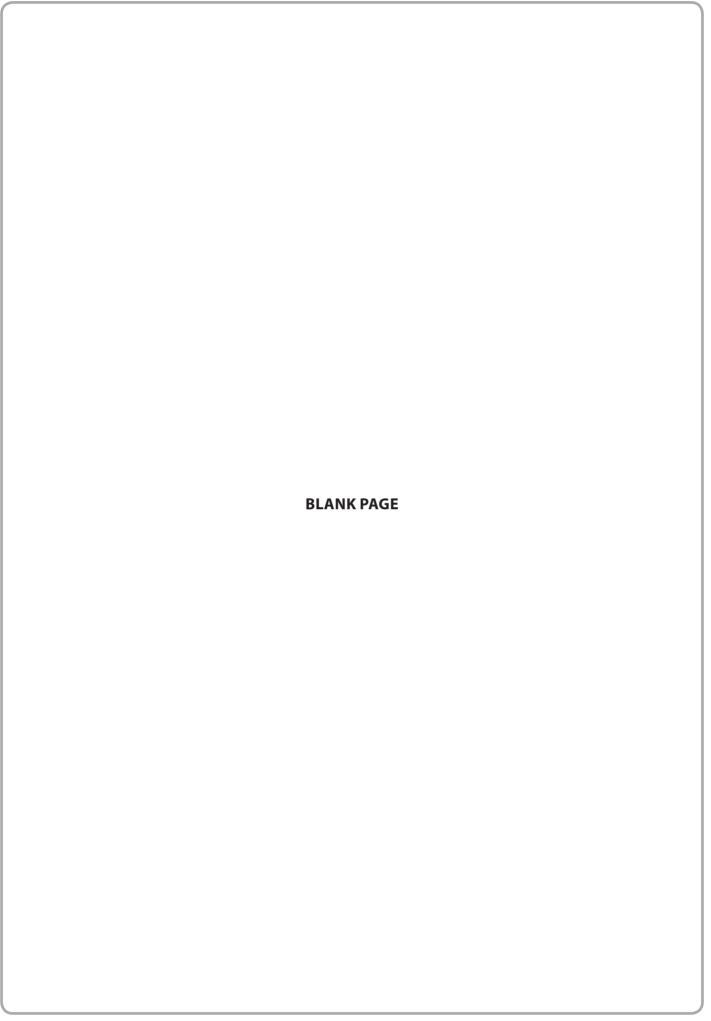
(iv) The government should encourage new small firms in the economy.	
Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	(6)

Tourisr negati	n accounts for over 70% of GDP in the Seychelles. There are positive and ve externalities associated with tourism.	
(c) (i)	Define externalities.	(2)
(ii)	To what extent do the benefits of tourism to the Seychelles outweigh the negative externalities of tourism?	
		(6)



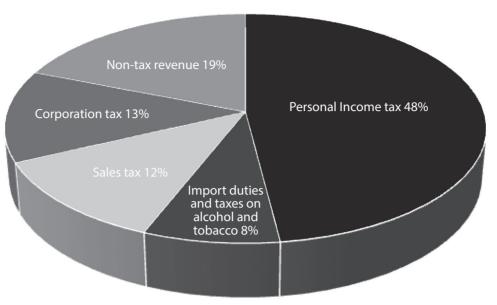


(Total	
(Total	
	for Question 2 = 30 marks)





3



(Source: © Department of Finance Canada)

Figure 3a Sources of Canadian Government Revenue, 2010–2011

Study Figure 3a.

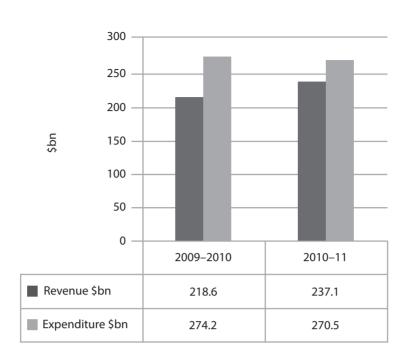
(a) (i)	Identify the tax which raised the most revenue for the Canadian Governmer
	in 2010–2011.

(1)

	entified in (a)(i) a dir		(3)

workings.		(3)

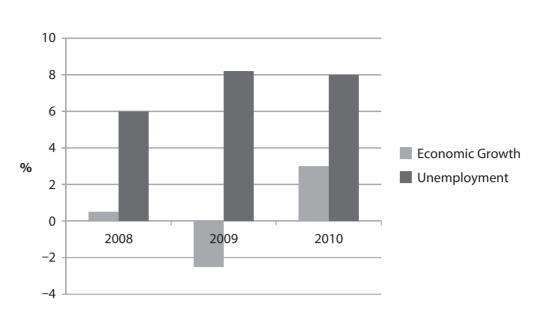




(Source: © Department of Finance Canada)

Figure 3b Canadian Government's Revenue and Expenditure

(b) (i)	What	is meant by a budget deficit?	(1)
	\times	Imports are greater than exports	
	×	Government revenue is greater than government expenditure	
	\times	Government expenditure is greater than government revenue	
	×	Exports are greater than imports.	
(ii)		the data in Figure 3b, compare 2009–2010 to 2010–2011. Do the figures a worsening or an improvement in the government's budget deficit?	
		n your answer.	(3)



(Source: © IndexMundi)

Figure 3c Economic Growth and Unemployment in Canada, 2008–10

(iii) Using Figure 3c, identify a year in which the Canadian economy was in recession.

(1)

(iv)	y) With reference to the data in Figure 3c, comment on the relationship be	tween
	Economic Growth and Unemployment in Canada in 2008 and 2009.	

(3)



(v) Examine the extent to which reductions in direct taxation are likely to reduce unemployment during a recession.	
	(6)

(c) (i) With the aid of	•	, ,	(3)





(ii) Identify one supply side policy. How effective is this policy likely to be in reducing structural unemployment in a country?	(6)
(Total for Question 3 = 30	marks)







4	America. Inst	12 the European Union (EU) lifted a ban on imports of beef from North tead of the ban, the EU set a quota of 48 200 tonnes for North American same time North America (USA and Canada) agreed to abolish import farm produce.	
	Use the info	rmation above to answer questions (i) and (ii).	
		March 2012, imports of beef from North America to the EU were yed to	
			(1)
	\boxtimes	increase	
	\times	decrease	
	\boxtimes	stay the same	
	(ii) With	reference to the information given, explain your answer in (a)(i).	(3)



Figures 4a and 4b show the demand and supply of imports before protection.

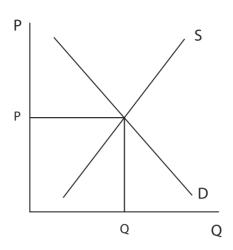


Figure 4a Before protection

(iii) On Figure 4a, show the effect of a tariff on the equilibrium price and quantity of imports.

(2)

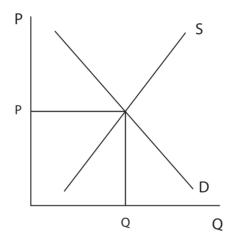


Figure 4b Before protection

(iv) On Figure 4b, show the effect of a quota on the equilibrium price and quantity of imports.

(3)



		(4)

(vi) Do the benefits of a government protecting its farming sector from foreign competition outweigh the disadvantages? Give reasons for your answer.	
	(6)





	(b) Until January 2012 the Chinese Government gave incentives to foreign car manufacturers who wished to set up in the country.					
	(i) Identify and briefly explain one financial and one non-financial incentive the Chinese Government could give to foreign car manufacturers who wished to					
		set up in the country.	(4)			
1						
2						

(ii) Fore	gn car manufacturers setting up factories		1)
\boxtimes	personal loans	`	-,
\boxtimes	foreign direct investment		
\boxtimes	international aid		
In January 2012 the Chinese Government announced it was going to end the incentives given to foreign car manufacturers.			
(iii) Will the Chinese economy benefit or suffer from the end of incentives to			
forei	gn car manufacturers? Give reasons for yo		6)
		(Total for Question 4 - 20 mark	(c)
		(Total for Question 4 = 30 mark	13]
	TOTAL FOR PAPER = 120 MARKS		



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