

OCR

Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Monday 16 May 2016 – Morning

GCSE

RELIGIOUS STUDIES B (PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)

B603/01 Ethics 1 (Relationships, Medical Ethics, Poverty and Wealth)

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

- 12 page Answer Booklet
(sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **different** sections.
 - Section A – Religion and Human Relationships
 - Section B – Religion and Medical Ethics
 - Section C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth
- You must answer **all** parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **51**.
- You will be assessed on the quality of written communication in your answer to the following: parts (d) and (e) of all questions. Questions marked with a pencil (✎) will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar. Where there is more than one question assessing spelling, punctuation and grammar the highest mark will count.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

SECTION A – Religion and Human Relationships

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

- (a) State **one** Buddhist belief about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Buddhist might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Buddhist belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Buddhist attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

2 Christianity

- (a) State **one** Christian teaching about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Christian might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Christian belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Christian attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

3 Hinduism

- (a) State **one** Hindu teaching about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Hindu might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Hindu belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Hindu attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

4 Islam

- (a) State **one** Muslim teaching about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Muslim might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Muslim belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Muslim attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

5 Judaism

- (a) State **one** Jewish teaching about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Jew might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Jewish belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Jewish attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

6 Sikhism

- (a) State **one** Sikh teaching about marriage. [1]
- (b) Give **two** reasons why a Sikh might approve of contraception. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Sikh belief about the ethics of remarriage. [3]
- (d) Explain different Sikh attitudes to the roles of women and men in family life. [6]
- (e) 'Marriage is the right place for sex.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

SECTION B – Religion and Medical Ethics

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

- (a) What does the term ‘cloning an animal’ mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Buddhists. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Buddhists might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Buddhist beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) ‘Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

8 Christianity

- (a) What does the term ‘cloning an animal’ mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Christians. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Christians might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Christian beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) ‘Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

9 Hinduism

- (a) What does the term ‘cloning an animal’ mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Hindus. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Hindus might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Hindu beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) ‘Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

10 Islam

- (a) What does the term 'cloning an animal' mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Muslims. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Muslims might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Muslim beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

11 Judaism

- (a) What does the term 'cloning an animal' mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Jews. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Jews might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Jewish beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

12 Sikhism

- (a) What does the term 'cloning an animal' mean? [1]
- (b) Give **two** occasions when an abortion might **not** be acceptable to Sikhs. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** reason why some Sikhs might consider suicide to be wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain how Sikh beliefs might affect attitudes to abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religion is the best guide to medical ethics.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

SECTION C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

13 Buddhism

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Buddhist. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Buddhist teaching which might encourage Buddhists to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Buddhists believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) ‘No occupation is totally immoral.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

14 Christianity

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Christian. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Christian teaching which might encourage Christians to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Christians believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) ‘No occupation is totally immoral.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

15 Hinduism

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Hindu. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Hindu teaching which might encourage Hindus to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Hindus believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) ‘No occupation is totally immoral.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

16 Islam

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Muslim. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Muslim teaching which might encourage Muslims to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Muslims believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) 'No occupation is totally immoral.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

17 Judaism

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Jew. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Jewish teaching which might encourage Jews to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Jews believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) 'No occupation is totally immoral.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

18 Sikhism

- (a) State **one** way in which poverty in the world might be reduced. [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which being wealthy might be a problem for a Sikh. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Sikh teaching which might encourage Sikhs to care for others. [3]
- (d) Explain why Sikhs believe it matters how money is used. [6]
- (e) 'No occupation is totally immoral.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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