| Please write clearly in | block capitals. | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| Centre number | | Candidate number | |
| Surname | | | |
| Forename(s) | | | |
| Candidate signature | | | |

GCSE BIOLOGY

Foundation Tier Unit Biology B3

Friday 9 June 2017

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour

8

TOTAL

| Materials For this paper you must have: • a ruler. You may use a calculator. | | iner's Use r's Initials |
|---|----------|----------------------------|
| InstructionsUse black ink or black ball-point pen. | Question | Mark |
| Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.Answer all questions. | 1 | |
| You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outsid the box around each page or on blank pages. | 2 | |
| Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked. | 3 | |
| Information | 4 | |
| The marks for questions are shown in brackets.The maximum mark for this paper is 60. | 5 | |
| You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate. You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation | 6 | |
| Four are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers. Question 7 should be answered in continuous prose | 7 | |
| | | |

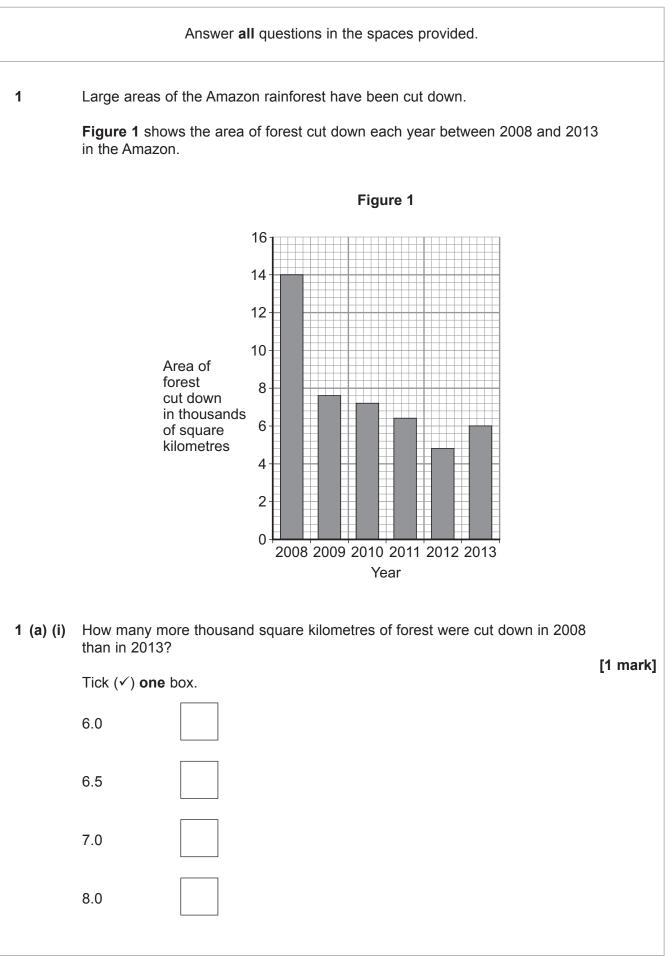
- Question 7 should be answered in continuous prose. In this question you will be marked on your ability to:
 use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

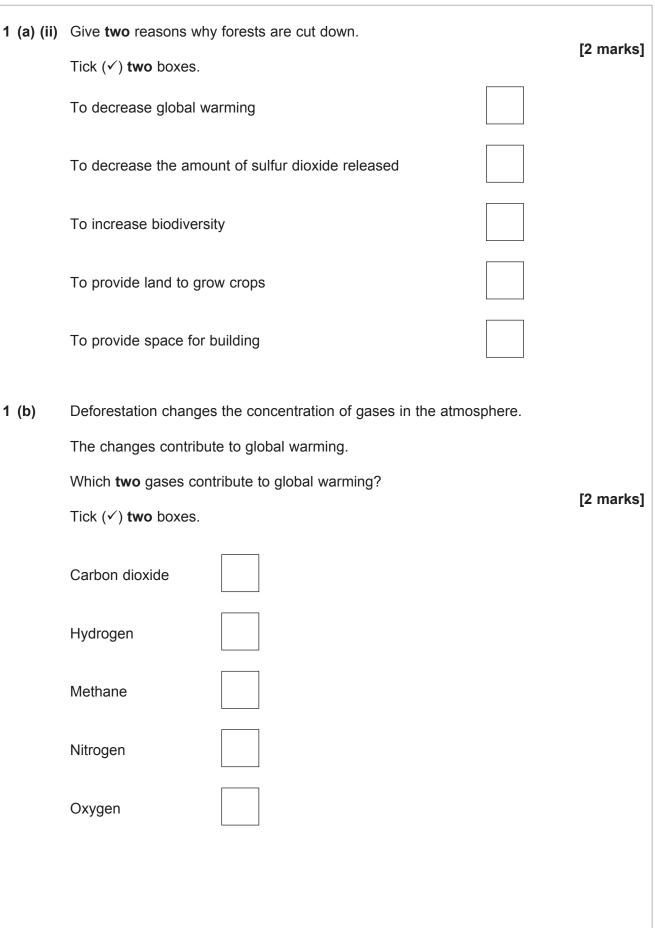
• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



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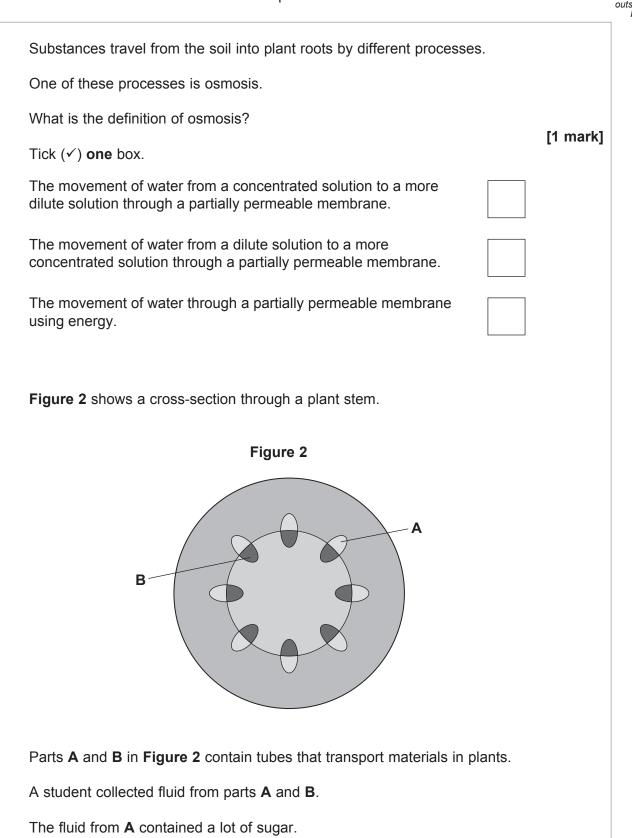






Turn over ►

5



The fluid from **B** contained a lot of mineral ions.



2

2 (a)

2 (b)

| What are the names of parts A and B in Figure 2? [Use the correct answers from the box. [guard cells phloem storage organ xyle A | 2 marks] em |
|--|----------------|
| Use the correct answers from the box. guard cells phloem stomata storage organ xyle | |
| | em |
| A | |
| Α | |
| | |
| В | |
| 2 (c) In plants water moves from the roots, up through the stem and out of the leave | s. |
| What is the name of this movement of water? | |
| Complete the sentence. | [1 mark] |
| Thestream. | |
| | |
| Question 2 continues on the next page | |
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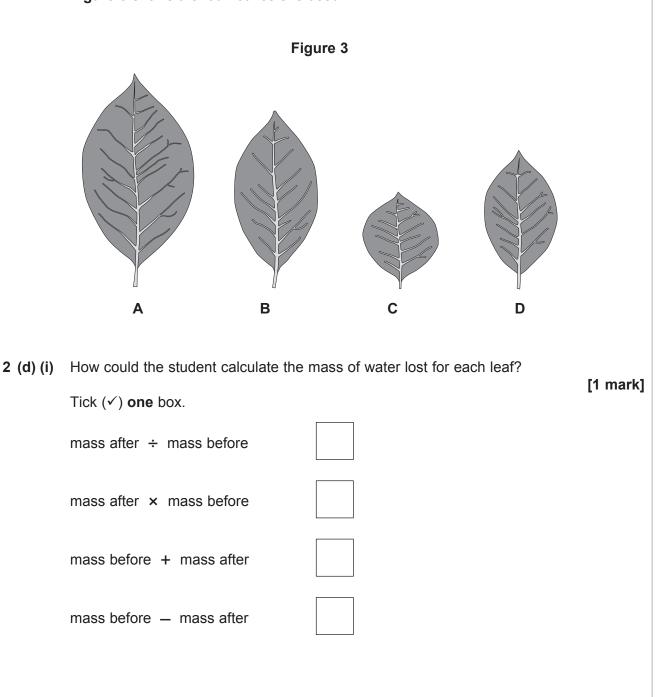
- took four leaves, A, B, C and D, from the same plant •
- measured the mass of each leaf

The student:

2 (d)

- kept the leaves in the same room for 3 hours •
- measured the mass of each leaf again.

Figure 3 shows the four leaves she used.



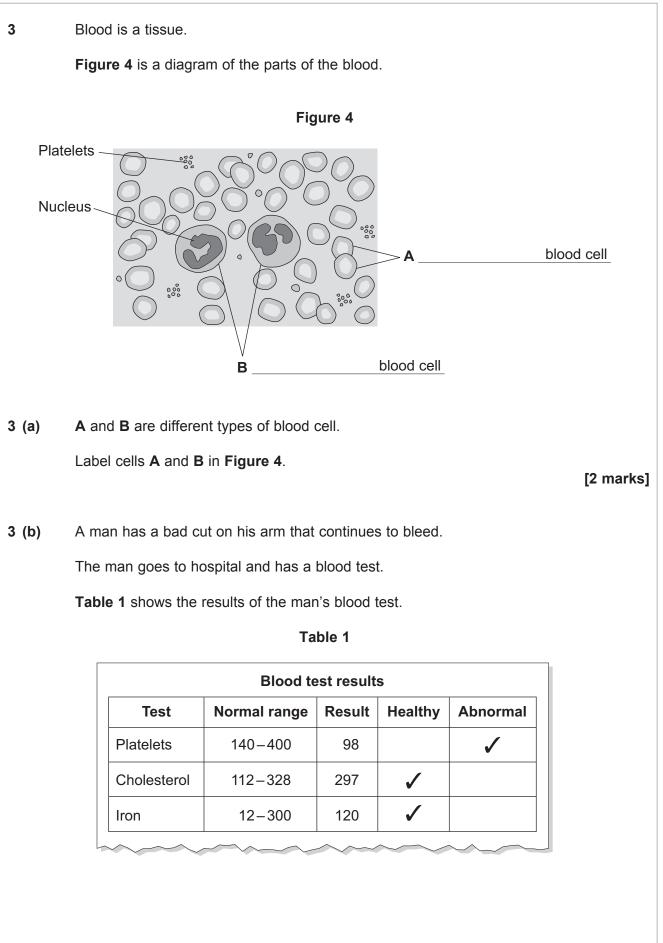


| 2 (d) (ii) | Suggest which leaf, A, B, C or D, lost the most water. |
|-------------|---|
| | Give a reason for your answer. |
| | [2 marks] |
| | Leaf |
| | Reason |
| | |
| 2 (d) (iii) | The student changed the conditions in the room. |
| | Suggest two conditions that would increase the rate of water loss from the leaves. |
| | [2 marks] |
| | 1 |
| | 2 |
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| | Turn over for the next question |
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| | Turn over ► |



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| 3 (b) (i) | Use information from T a does not stop bleeding. | able 1 and your own kno | owledge to explain why the | e man's cut |
|------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | [2 marks] |
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| 3 (b) (ii) | The doctor gives the ma | an a blood transfusion. | | |
| | Suggest why the blood | needs to be the same b | lood group as the man. | 14 |
| | Tick (✓) one box. | | | [1 mark] |
| | So the donor is not har | ned | | |
| | To prevent rejection of | the new blood cells | | |
| | To reduce the number of | of blood cells | | |
| | To suppress the immun | e system | | |
| 3 (c) | Blood plasma carries su | ubstances around the bo | ody. | |
| | Use the correct answers | s from the box to comple | ete the sentences. | [3 marks] |
| | bladder | carbon dioxide | kidneys | lungs |
| | oxyger | n small inte | stine starch | |
| | Blood plasma carries | | from the organs | to the lungs. |
| | Blood plasma carries th | e soluble products of dig | gestion from | |
| | the | to other | organs. | |
| | Blood plasma carries ur | ea from the liver to the | | to be |
| | removed. | | | |

Turn over ▶



4 Biogas is produced when bacteria break down some plant or animal materials. What is the main useful gas found in biogas? 4 (a) [1 mark] Some students investigated which of four types of material produced the most biogas. 4 (b) The students: chopped the material into small pieces • placed 200 g of each material into a different flask with 100 cm³ of water • set up the apparatus as shown in Figure 5 to collect the biogas produced • left each set of apparatus at 25 °C for 7 days • repeated the investigation twice more. • Figure 5 Biogas Delivery tube Measuring cylinder Material Water Give two variables the students controlled in their investigation. [2 marks] 1 2 _____



4 (c) Table 2 shows the students' results.

| Type of material | Volume of biogas collected in 7 days in cm ³ | | | |
|------------------|---|--------|--------|------|
| | Test 1 | Test 2 | Test 3 | Mean |
| Beans | 12.0 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 12.2 |
| Manure | 15.0 | 15.2 | 8.2 | 15.1 |
| Manure and beans | 18.6 | 18.8 | 18.4 | 18.6 |
| Sweet potato | 14.3 | 14.1 | 14.5 | |

Table 2

4 (c) (i) One of the results in Table 2 is anomalous.

Draw a ring around the anomalous result shown in **Table 2**.

[1 mark]

- 4 (c) (ii) Calculate the mean volume of biogas collected, in 7 days, for sweet potato in Table 2. [1 mark]
- **4 (c) (iii)** Which type of material in **Table 2** would be the most effective to use in a biogas generator?

Give a reason for your answer.

[2 marks]

Question 4 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



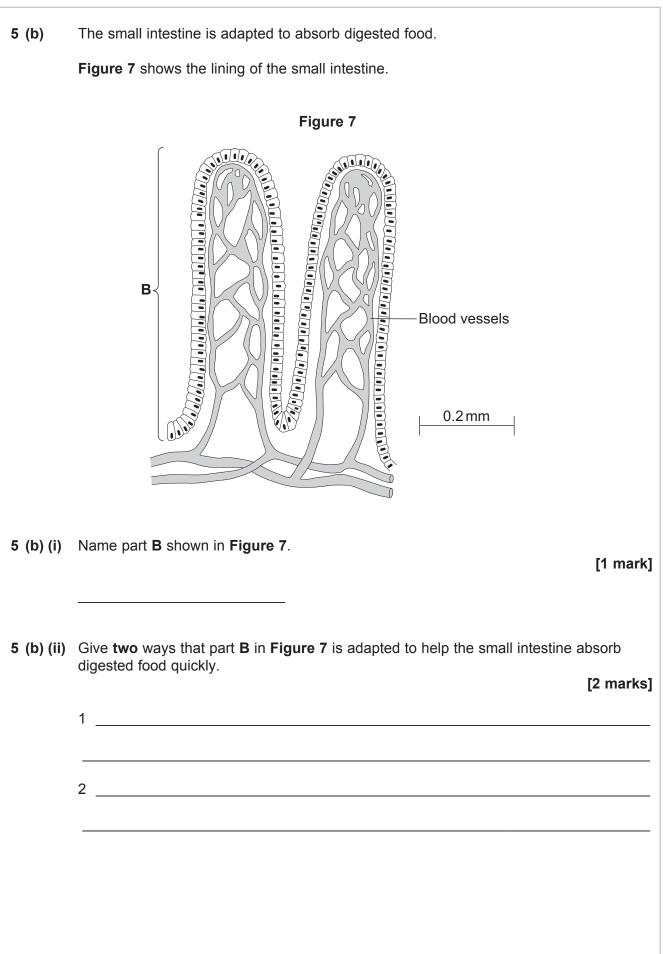
| 4 (d) | A farmer built a biogas generator on his cow farm. | |
|-------|---|--|
| | Suggest one advantage and one disadvantage of having a biogas generator. [2 marks] | |
| | Advantage | |
| | | |
| | Disadvantage | |
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5 Some organs in the human body are adapted to exchange materials. 5 (a) Figure 6 shows the human breathing system and heart. 5 (a) (i) Label part A in Figure 6. [1 mark] Figure 6 Rib ~ Diaphragm ~ A 5 (a) (ii) Complete the sentences about breathing in. [4 marks] To make air move into the lungs the ribs move up and _____ and the diaphragm moves ______. These movements are caused when muscles between the ribs and muscles in the diaphragm ______. The increase in volume in the thorax causes the pressure in the thorax to _ · 5 (a) (iii) In the lungs, which type of blood vessel does oxygen pass into? [1 mark] Question 5 continues on the next page



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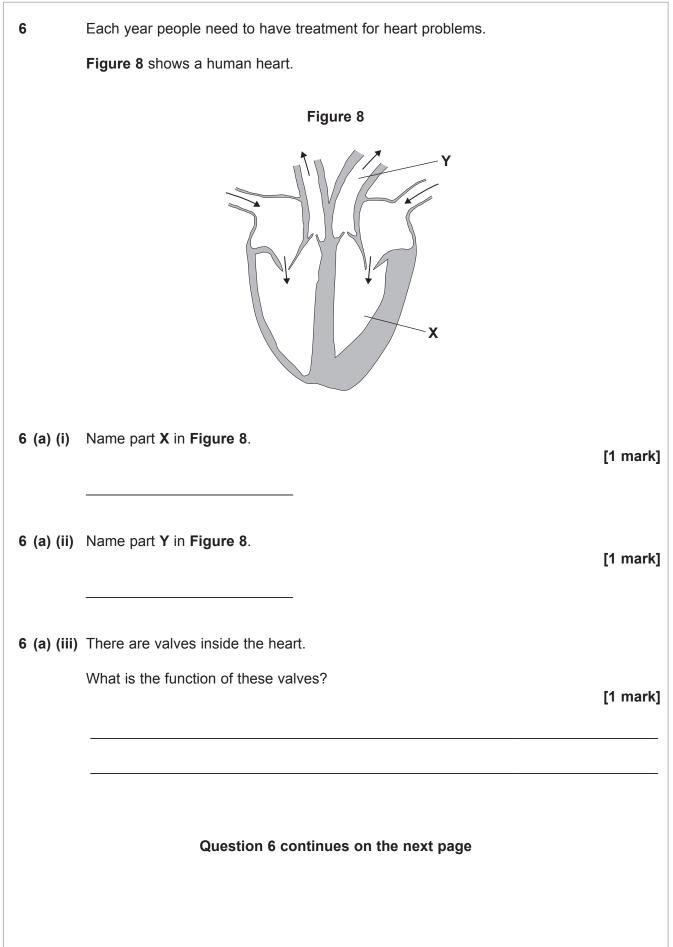




Table 3 shows the percentage of patients who died from different causes after having heart valve replacements.

Two types of heart valve were used:

- mechanical made of metal and plastic
- pig tissue made from pig heart tissue on a metal frame.

The data was collected over 15 years and 400 patients were involved.

| Cause of death | Percentage of patients who died | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Cause of dealin | Mechanical valve | Pig tissue valve | |
| Blood clots blocking coronary arteries | 9 | 9 | |
| Bleeding | 26 | 15 | |
| Second operation | 5 | 15 | |
| Bacterial heart infection | 4 | 8 | |
| Heart valves stopped working | 0 | 12 | |

Table 3

Use information from **Table 3** and your own knowledge to answer the following question.

A patient decides to have a mechanical valve replacement rather than a pig tissue valve replacement.

Suggest reasons for **and** against choosing a mechanical valve.

[4 marks]



| 6 (c) Some people have narrow | ved arteries. |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
|-------------------------------|---------------|

Describe how stents can be used to prevent a heart attack in a person with narrowed arteries.

[2 marks]

Turn over for the next question



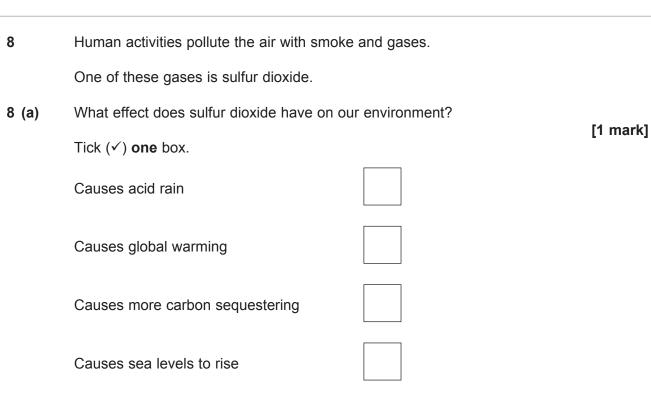




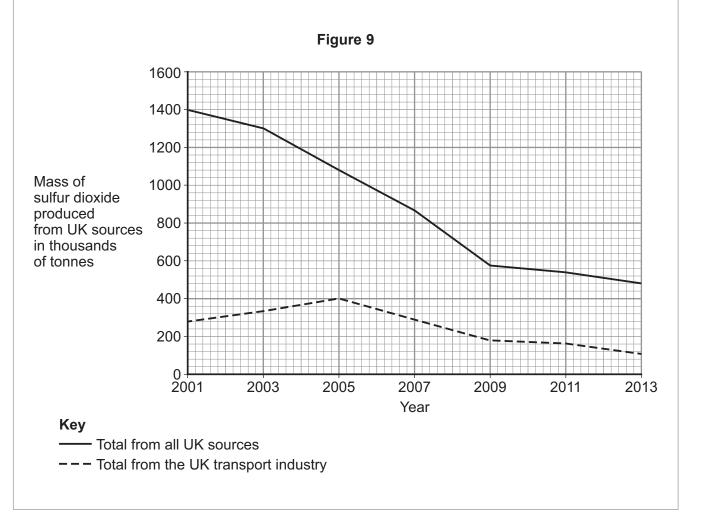
7 In this question you will be assessed on using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist terms where appropriate. Humans need to remove (excrete) waste products from the bloodstream. Describe the processes that produce waste products and how the products are removed from the body. In your answer you should include the names of the organs involved in producing waste products and those involved in removing the waste products. You should **not** refer to faeces in your answer. [6 marks] Extra space _____



Turn over ►



8 (b) Figure 9 shows how the mass of sulfur dioxide produced from UK sources changed from 2001 to 2013.





| 8 (b) (i) | The mass of sulfur dioxide produced from all UK sources has decreased. |
|------------|--|
| | Use information from Figure 9 to complete the following calculation of the percentage decrease in the mass of sulfur dioxide produced. |
| | [2 marks] |
| | Total mass of sulfur dioxide produced in 2001 = thousand tonnes |
| | Total mass of sulfur dioxide produced in 2013 = thousand tonnes |
| | Decrease in mass of sulfur dioxide produced = thousand tonnes |
| | Percentage decrease working out: |
| | |
| | Percentage decrease = |
| 8 (b) (ii) | Use data from Figure 9 to describe the pattern in the mass of sulfur dioxide produced from the UK transport industry from 2001 to 2013. [2 marks] |
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| | END OF QUESTIONS |
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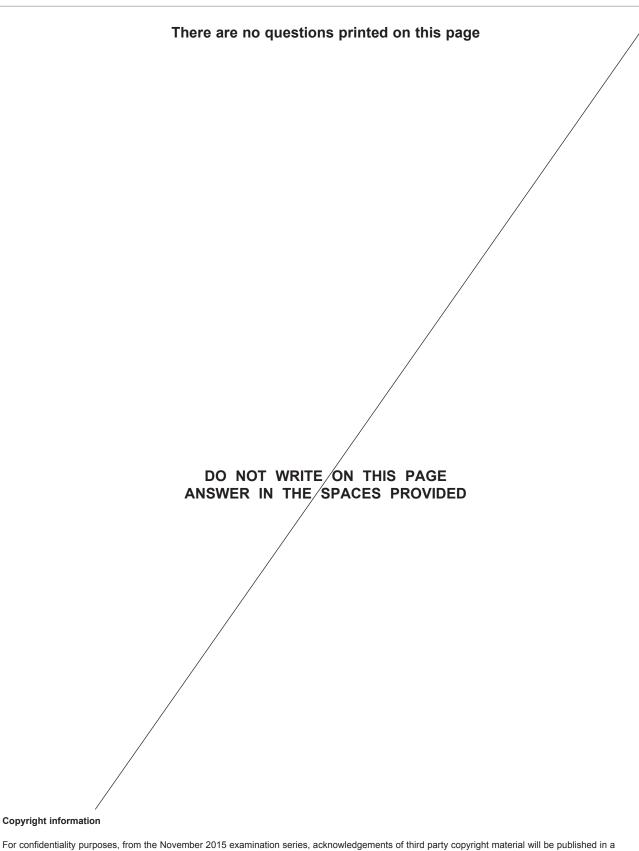












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