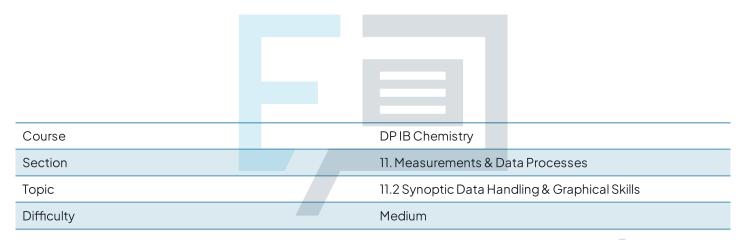


11.2 Synoptic Data Handling & Graphical Skills Question Paper



Exam Papers Practice

To be used by all students preparing for DP IB Chemistry SL Students of other boards may also find this useful



Question la

Aluminium will react with copper(II) sulfate solution according to the following equation:

 $2AI(s) + 3CuSO_4(aq) = 3Cu(s) + AI_2(SO_4)_3(aq)$

The reaction is quite slow at room temperature, but when chloride ions in the form of hydrochloric acid are added, the rate increases significantly. The chloride ions catalyse the reaction.

An experiment was carried out to determine the yield of the reaction. A student made a solution of aqueous copper(II) sulfate by dissolving 2.00 g of copper(II) sulfate pentahydrate, $CuSO_4.5H_2O(M_r 249.72 \text{ g mol}^{-1})$ in 10.0 mL of distilled water in a small beaker.

To this solution she added 0.25 g of aluminium foil followed by 2.0 mL of 6.0 mol dm $^{-3}$ hydrochloric acid.

After the reaction was complete, she collected, dried, and weighed the copper that was produced.

She recorded the measurements in **Table 1** below.

Table 1						
	Mass / ± 0.01 g					
Initial mass of copper sulfate	2.00					
Mass of aluminium foil used	0.25					
Mass of empty beaker	42.18					
Mass of beaker with dry copper	42.61					

Use the data to show that the copper sulfate is the limiting reagent in the experiment and calculate the mass of aluminium in





Page 2

Question 1b

Calculate the actual yield and the percentage yield of copper in the experiment.

[3 marks]

Question lc

Determine the percentage uncertainty in the mass of copper produced, and the overall percentage error for the experiment.

[2 marks]

Question 1d

Discuss the impact on the percentage yield of copper from the following systematic errors:

i)

The copper collected is not fully dried out before the beaker is weighed.

ii)

The student misread the instructions and used 1.0 mL of hydrochloric acid.

[2 marks]

ractice



Question 2a

A student carried out a metal displacement reaction between zinc powder and copper(II) sulfate solution. The equation for the reaction is

 $Zn(s) + CuSO_4(aq) \rightarrow ZnSO_4(aq) + Cu(s)$

3.78 g of zinc powder was added to 50.0 cm³ of 0.250 moldm⁻³ copper(II) sulfate solution.

Determine the limiting reagent showing your working.

[3 marks]



Question 2b

The reaction between the zinc and copper sulfate was carried out in a polystyrene cup and the temperature change was measured using a temperature probe. The maximum temperature rise the student recorded was 8.5 °C.

Using section 1 and 2 of the data booklet, calculate the enthalpy change, ΔH , for the reaction, in kJ.

Assume that all the heat evolved was absorbed by the solution, and that the density and specific heat capacity of the copper(II) sulfate solution are the same as pure water.

Exam Papers Practice^[2marks]

Question 2c

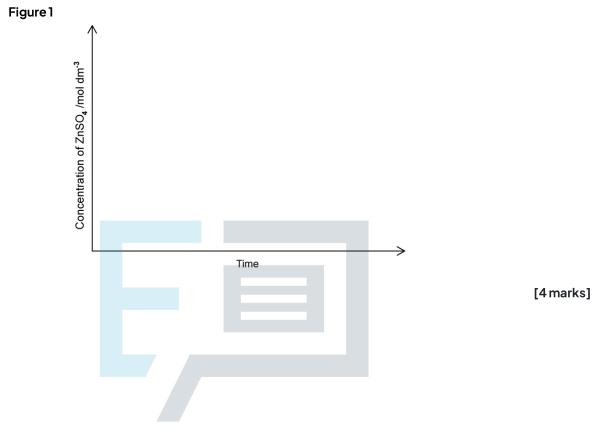
State **two** further assumptions made in the calculation of ΔH .

[2 marks]



Question 2d

Using **Figure 1**, sketch a graph of the concentration of zinc sulfate, ZnSO₄(aq), versus time and show how the graph may be used to find the initial rate of reaction.



Exam Papers Practice



Question 3a

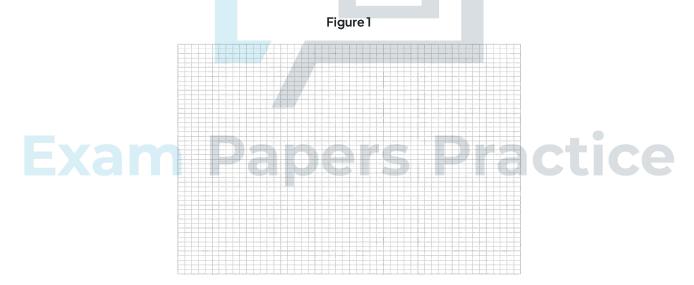
The concentration of coloured metal ions in a solution can be determined by spectroscopic methods, such as colorimetry. A colorimeter is used to measure relative absorbance of a number of standard solutions and a calibration graph is drawn.

Table 1

Table 1 shows the concentration of nickel(II) ions and the relative absorbance of light at 635 nm wavelength.

Concentration of Ni(II) ions / moldm ⁻³	Relative absorbance
1.0	0.890
0.8	0.717
0.5	0.450
0.3	0.270
0.1	0.089

Using **Figure 1**, draw a labelled a graph of concentration against relative absorbance and draw a line of best fit through the points.



[4 marks]



Question 3b

Identify the dependent and independent variables and use the graph in part (a) to determine the concentration of a solution of Ni(II) ions whose relative absorbance is 0.560. Show how you arrive at your answer.

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LJ	IIIdi No	l

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Question 3c						
Use your graph from part (a) to answer	the	following	quest	ions.		
i)						
State the type of relationship shown be	etwe	een the va	riable	S.		

ii)

Determine the value of in the formula: y = mx + c.

iii)

Use the formula and your answer in (ii) to calculate the concentration of the Ni(II) ions when the relative absorbance in 0.560 and comment on your result compared to the value found graphically in part (b).

[4 marks]



Question 3d

The relationship between concentration and absorbance is only linear at low concentrations. Suggest a possible reason for this.

[1 mark]

Question 4a

The Winkler method is a chemical technique used to measure the concentration of dissolved oxygen in water samples. The method involves treating the samples to convert the dissolved oxygen into iodine which is then titrated against standard sodium thiosulfate solution as shown below:

Step 1: $2Mn^{2+}(aq) + O_2(aq) + 4OH^{-}(aq) \rightarrow 2MnO_2(s) + 2H_2O(l)$

Step 2: $MnO_2(s) + 2I^-(aq) + 4H^+(aq) \rightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + I_2(aq) + 2H_2O(I)$

Step 3: $2S_2O_3^{2-}(aq) + I_2(aq) \rightarrow 2I^{-}(aq) + S_4O_6^{2-}(aq)$

A student wanted to check if the water in a fish tank was sufficiently oxygenated and analysed two 500 cm³ samples, five days apart.

The following results in **Table 1** were obtained when the resulting iodine was titrated against 0.0120 moldm⁻³ Na₂S₂O₃ (aq).

Table 1

Oxygen analysis in fish tank water on day 0



i)

Determine the reacting ratio by moles of $S_2O_3^{2-}$ to O_2 , using the balanced equations in steps 1–3.

ii)

Calculate the titre and determine the percentage uncertainty in the reading.

[3 marks]



Question 4b

Determine the number of moles of oxygen in the 500 cm³ sample and hence the concentration in ppm.

[3 marks]

Question 4c

It is generally considered that dissolved oxygen levels of at least 4-5 ppm are sufficient for most aquatic life. The day 5 sample contained 5.03×10^{-5} moles of oxygen.

Discuss whether the student should be concerned about the oxygen levels in the fish tank over the 5-day period.

[2 marks]

Question 4d Papers Practice

Suggest a modification to the procedure which would make the result more reliable.

[1mark]



Question 5a

A student investigated the rate of decomposition of hydrogen peroxide, H_2O_2 , at a temperature of 45 ° The decomposition reaction occurs in the presence of a catalyst, MnO_2 .

Table 1

$$2H_2O_2 (aq) \xrightarrow{MnO_2} O_2 (g) + 2H_2O (l)$$

The results she obtained are shown in **Table 1** below.

Concentration of H	₂ O ₂ /moldm ⁻³	Time / s	Cor	centration of H_2O_2 / moldm ⁻³		
0.200		120	0.068			
0.155	5	140	0.063			
0.124	l.	160		0.058		
0.102	2	180		0.055		
0.08	5	200		0.052		
0.07	5					
	0.200 0.155 0.124 0.102 0.085	Concentration of H ₂ O ₂ / moldm ⁻³ 0.200 0.155 0.124 0.102 0.085 0.075	0.200 120 0.155 140 0.124 160 0.102 180 0.085 200	0.200 120 0.155 140 0.124 160 0.102 180 0.085 200		

Plot a graph on the axes below in **Figure 1** and from it determine the rate of reaction after 60 s.

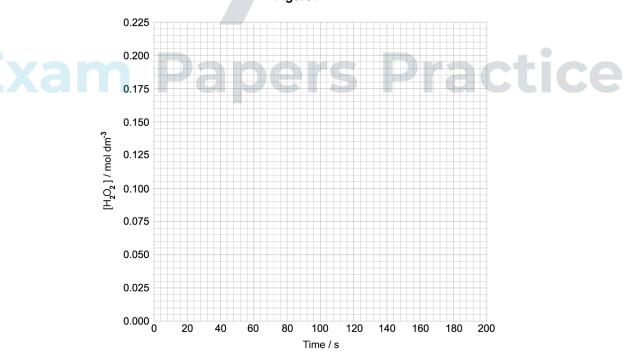


Figure 1

[4 marks]



Question 5b

On the same graph sketch the shape obtained if the student had carried out the same reaction at 60 °C. Explain the shape of the graph at 60 °C.



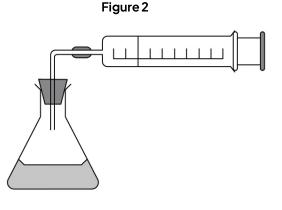
[3 marks]

Exam Papers Practice



Question 5c

The decomposition of hydrogen peroxide can be investigated by measuring the volume of oxygen given off using the apparatus shown in **Figure 2**.



i)

Explain why the volume of oxygen given off can be used as a measure of the concentration of hydrogen peroxide.

ii)
Suggest one limitation of using the apparatus used in Figure 2.
iii)
Suggest an alternative method of measuring the rate of reaction.

[3 marks]

Exam Papers Practice

Question 5d

Two students decide to measure the rate of decomposition for H_2O_2 using the change in mass as oxygen escapes from the reaction container.

One student says that they should use a three decimal place rather than two decimal place balance because it will make their results more accurate. The second student disagrees and says it will make their results more precise, but not more accurate.

Which student is correct?

[2 marks]