Exam Papers Practice

### 10.1 Meiosis

## Question Paper

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| Course | DPIB Biology |  |
| Section | 10. Genetics \& Evolution (HL Only) |  |
| Topic | Medium |  |

To be used by all students preparing for DP IB Biology HL Students of other boards may also find this useful

## Question 1

Which of the following statements about meiosis are incorrect?
I. The overall amount of DNA doubles just before meiosis
II. Crossing over occurs between chromatids of non-homologous chromosomes
III. Meiosis II is referred to as reduction division
IV. Sister chromatids separate in anaphase I
A. I, II and III
B. I and IV
C. All of them
D. II, III and IV

## Question 2

The diploid number of a koala (Phascolarctos cinereus) is 16.
How many autosomes are there in a koala's egg cell?

A. 7
B. 8
C. 14

D. 32
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## Question 3

Which of the following gives an accurate definition of genetic recombination?
A. The orientation of homologous chromosomes as they align during metaphase I of meiosis
B. The development of new alleles within a population through mutation
C. The breaking and rejoining of DNA to create new combinations
D. The loss of DNA telomeres through multiple cycles of replication

## Question 4

Which of the following most accurately describes the events that occur in meiosis I?
Chromatids separate
A.
Chromatids separate
B.
Homologous chromosomes separate
C.
Homologous chromosomes separate
D.

Chiasmata form in prophasel
Chiasmata form in metaphasel
Chiasmata form in prophasel
Chiasmata form in metaphasel

## Question 5

The diagram shows a pair of homologous chromosomes at the beginning of prophasel of meiosis and four possible examples of crossing over, A - D


Which of the four representations of crossing over cannot occur in meiosis l?
A.

B.

C.

D.


## Question 6

Mitosis has many similarities to meiosis II. Which of the following statements describe(s) a difference between the cellular processes of mitosis and meiosis II?
I. During prophase, the nuclear envelope disintegrates and the chromosomes condense
II. The ploidy of the cells entering the process
III. Replication occurs immediately before each process, to double the amount of genetic material
IV. During cytokinesis, the cytoplasm divides as new cell membranes are formed
A. Il only
B. I, II and III
C. III and IV
D. II and III

## Question 7



Exchange of alleles is an important feature of meiosis. During which precise event of meiosis does the exchange of alleles take place?
A. When a chiasma forms between two non-sister chromatids
B. At the assortment of homologous chromosomes at the cell equator
C. When gametes form in meiosis II
D. During gene linkage

## Question 8

For a eukaryotic organism with a diploid number of 14, which calculation would be required to establish how many combinations of chromosomes can occur through independent assortment in meiosis? All the equations below are mathematically correct.
A. $2 \times 7=14$
B. $2^{7}=128$
C. $2^{14}=16384$
D. $2^{14} \times 2^{7}=2097152$

## Question 9

Which row of the table puts these DNA-containing structures into the correct order of size?

| Largest $\leftarrow \quad$ Mid-sized |  | $\rightarrow$ Smallest |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | bivalent \& tetrad the samesize | chromosome | chromatid |  |
| B | bivalent | tetrad | chromatid | chromosome |
| C | tetrad | chromosome | bivalent | chromatid |
| D | chromosome | bivalent \& tetrad the same size | chromatid |  |

[1 mark]

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## Question 10

Which of the following cell types are haploid?
I. Primary spermatocyte
II. Oocyte
III. Spermatid
IV. Spermatozoon
A. II, III and IV
B. I and II
C. I, III and IV
D. All of them


