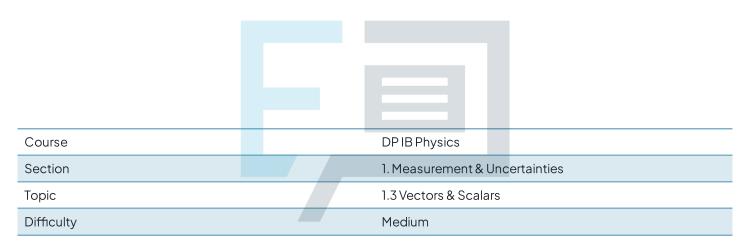


1.3 Vectors & Scalars

Question Paper



Exam Papers Practice

To be used by all students preparing for DP IB Physics SL Students of other boards may also find this useful



Velocity is a vector quantity, so can be represented by a vector arrow. Which quantity is represented by the length of its vector arrow?

- A. Speed
- B. Magnitude
- C. Acceleration
- D. Distance

[1mark]

Question 2

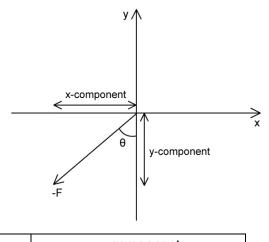
Which of the following represents correct vector and scalar quantities?

vectorsscalarsA.Electric chargeWeightB.ImpulseCurrentC.TemperaturePressureD.TimeWork done			
B. Impulse Current C. Temperature Pressure		vectors	scalars
C. Temperature Pressure	Α.	Electric charge	Weight
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	В.	Impulse	Current
D. Time Work done	C.	Temperature	Pressure
	D.	Time	Work done

[1 mark]



Which of the following represents the correct values of the x-component and y-component of the vector -F?



	x-component	y-component
Α.	-Fsinθ	-Fcosθ
В.	-Fcosθ	-Ftanθ
C.	Fsinθ	-Fcosθ
D.	-Fcosθ	-Fsinθ

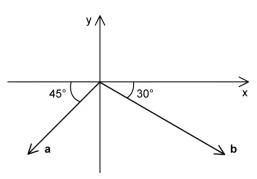
[1mark]



Page 3

Question 4

The magnitude of \boldsymbol{a} is 15 N and that of \boldsymbol{b} is 30 N.



Which of the following represents the correct resultant horizontal and vertical components of the vectors in the diagram?

	Horizontal Compone	nt	Vertical Component	
Α.	$15\sqrt{3} - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ N		$15 - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ N	
В.	$15\sqrt{3} - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ °		-15 - 7.5 \ 2 °	
C.	$15\sqrt{3} - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ N		$-15 - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ N	
D.	-15 - 7.5 √2 N		$15 - 7.5\sqrt{2}$ N	

You may use the fact that:

Exam
$$P \cos(30) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 and $\cos(45) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$sin(30) = \frac{1}{2}$$
 and $sin(45) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

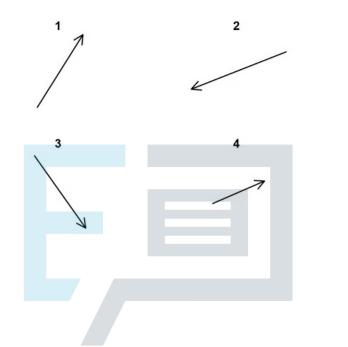
[1mark]



The diagram shows vector **p**.



In which of the following diagrams is vector **p** multiplied by a scalar represented?



A.1 and 4

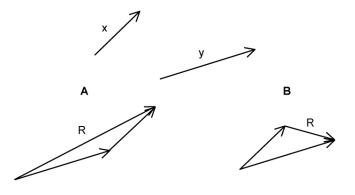
B.2 only

C.2 and 4

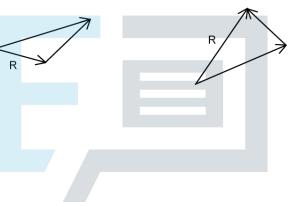




In which of the following diagrams is the addition of vectors **x** and **y** represented?





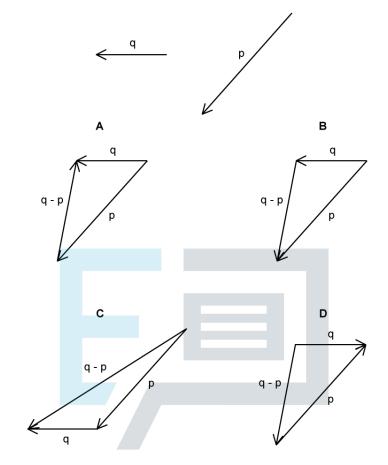


D

[1mark]



In which of the following diagrams is q - p represented correctly?



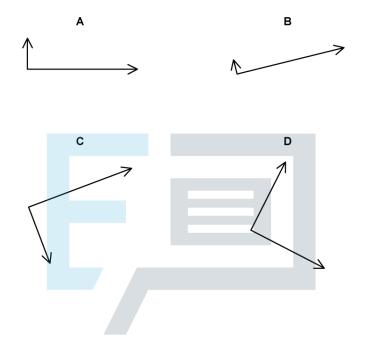
[1mark]



The arrow represents the vector ${\bf R}.$



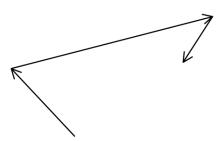
Which diagram does **not** represent **R** as two perpendicular components?



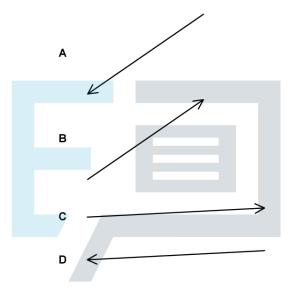
[1mark]



Three forces act on a body as shown.

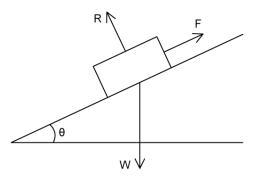


Which fourth force is required so that the resultant force is zero?





A rectangular object sits at rest on a plane inclined at angle to the horizontal.



R is the normal force, W is the weight and F is friction.

Which row correctly labels R and F in terms of mass *m* and acceleration due to gravity g.

	R	F	
Α.	mg	mg	
В.	mg cos θ	0	
C.	mg sin θ	mg cos θ	
D.	mg cos θ	mg sin θ	