

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2025

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 2H

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Types of mark

o M marks: method marks

o A marks: accuracy marks

o B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- SC special case
- o oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o eeoo each error or omission

No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review.

If there is a choice of methods mark the one that leads to the answer on the answer line. If there is no answer given then mark the method that gives the lowest mark and award this mark.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Internation	International GCSE Maths									
Values in qu	Values in quotation marks must come from a correct method previously seen unless clearly stated otherwise.									
Question	Working		Answe	er	Mar	·k	Notes			
1*		1 st c	eard = 4	3	В	1				
		2 nd	2^{nd} card = 6		В	1	or a list of 6 numbers with a mode of 6			
		4 th (card = 9		В	1				
							SCB2 for 4, 6 and 9 in the incorrect order			
							Total 3 marks			

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes		
2 (a)	9 12 10 8 6 4 2 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 x	Correct shape drawn in correct position	2	B2	Shape drawn with coordinate (3, 1), (9, 1), (9, 10), (6, 10) (B1 for a shape of the corresponding position) NB Overlay is available), (6, 4), (3, 4)	
(b)	'Turn' is not sufficient	Rotation	3	B1	with no mention of any other transformation words or move, flip, transform, up, right etc	B2 for enlargement SF -1 (Ignore any reference to	
		180°		B1	B1 allow 'half turn' clockwise anticlockw		
		(centre) (5, 5)		B1	B1 must be a coordinate and not a vector		
						Total 5 marks	

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
3	$\frac{22}{3}(-)\frac{25}{7} \text{ or}$ $(7)\frac{7}{21}(-)(3)\frac{12}{21} \text{ or}$ $(7)\frac{7a}{21a}(-)(3)\frac{12a}{21a}$		3	M1 for correct improper fractions or fractional part of numbers written correctly over a common denominator
	$\frac{154}{21} - \frac{75}{21} \text{ or } \frac{22 \times 7}{21} - \frac{25 \times 3}{21} \text{ or } \frac{22 \times 7 - 25 \times 3}{21}$ $\frac{154a}{21a} - \frac{75a}{21a} \text{ or}$ $7\frac{7}{21} - 3\frac{12}{21} = 4 - \frac{5}{21} \text{ oe or}$ $7\frac{7}{21} - 3\frac{12}{21} = 6\frac{28}{21} - 3\frac{12}{21}$			M1 for correct fractions with a common denominator with minus sign or mixed numbers to the stage shown $\frac{154}{21} - \frac{75}{21} \text{ or } \frac{22 \times 7}{21} - \frac{25 \times 3}{21} \text{ implies the first M1}$
	$\frac{154}{21} - \frac{75}{21} = \frac{79}{21} = 3\frac{16}{21} \text{ or}$ $4 - \frac{5}{21} = 3\frac{16}{21} \text{ or}$ $7\frac{7}{21} - 3\frac{12}{21} = 6\frac{28}{21} - 3\frac{12}{21} = 3\frac{16}{21}$ Working required	A fully correct solution shown		A1 Dep on M2 for a correct answer from fully correct working If a student shows that $3\frac{16}{21} = \frac{79}{21}$ then they must show correct working to $\frac{79}{21}$ and can gain full marks for this
				Total 3 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
4*	Working	Bisector with construction arcs	2 2	B2	Rotes B2 for a fully correct perpendicular bisector with 2 pairs of intersecting arcs shown (the line and the arcs can intersect on or within the overlay guidelines) (B1 for 2 pairs of intersecting arcs and no perpendicular bisector drawn or for a correct bisector perpendicular drawn within or on guidelines but no arcs or insufficient arcs or one pair of intersecting arcs and perpendicular bisector drawn on just one side of <i>AB</i>)
					NB Overlay is available
					Total 2 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5* (a)	$\frac{10}{4} \left(= \frac{5}{2} = 2.5 \right) \text{ or}$ $\frac{4}{10} \left(= \frac{2}{5} = 0.4 \right) \text{ or}$ $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{10}{4} \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{x}{10} = \frac{5}{4} \text{ oe}$		2	 M1 for a correct SF can be expressed as a fraction, decimal or ratio (may or may not be used) or for a correct equation in x Allow any letter for x
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	12.5		A1 oe eg $\frac{50}{4}$ or $\frac{25}{2}$ or $12\frac{1}{2}$ or $12\frac{2}{4}$
(b)	$24 \div [2.5] \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{y}{24} = \frac{4}{10} \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{y}{24} = \frac{5}{[12.5]} \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{y}{4} = \frac{24}{10} \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{y}{5} = \frac{24}{[12.5]} \text{ oe}$		2	M1 ft ie [2.5] is their SF from (a) or for a correct equation in y Allow any letter for y ft their answer to (a) ie [12.5] is their answer to (a)
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	9.6		A1 oe eg $\frac{48}{5}$ or $9\frac{3}{5}$ If (a) $x = 9.6$ and (b) $y = 12.5$ then M1A0M1A0 Total 4 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
6*	$240 \div (3 + 4 + 5) (= 20)$ or		4	M1	for a correct method to find the value of
	$240 \times \frac{3}{3+4+5} (=60)$ oe or				one share
	31413				NB $(240 \div 3 =) 80$,
	$240 \times \frac{4}{3+4+5} (=80)$ oe or				$(240 \div 4 =) 60$ and
	3+4+3				$(240 \div 5 =) 48 \text{ scores M0}$
	$240 \times \frac{5}{3+4+5} (=100)$ oe				
	For two of			M1	for the correct values for 2 of the people
	(Pau:) $3 \times \text{``20''} + 10 + 10 \ (= 80) \ \text{or ``60''} + 10 + 10 \ (= 80)$				after S and T give P £10
	(Sam:) $4 \times "20" - 10 (= 70)$ or " $80" - 10 (= 70)$				
	(Tia:) $5 \times \text{"20"} - 10 \ (= 90) \ \text{or "100"} - 10 \ (= 90)$				
	80, 70 and 90			M1	for all 3 of 80, 70, and 90 correct (ignore units)
	or				
					or
	eg 9 : 7 : 8 oe				
					for the correct values for the final ratio in
					the wrong order (ignore units)
	or				
	4 - 25 - 45				or
	eg 4 : 3.5 : 4.5 oe				for the correct values for the final ratio
					unsimplified (ignore units)
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks	8:7:9		A 1	other orders are acceptable if labelled
	(unless from obvious incorrect working)				correctly
					Total 4 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes			
Question 7*	Working 0.07 × 4000 (= 280) or 1.07 × 4000 (= 4280) 4000 + "280" (= 4280) oe and 0.07 × "4280" (= 299.6) and "4280" + "299.6" (= 4579.6) and 0.07 × "4579.6" (= 320.572) or "280" + "299.6" + "320.572" (= 900(.172)) Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	4900	Mark 3	M1 M1 A1	for finding 7% of 4000 or 107% of 4000 allow answers in the rar If no other mark awarde SCB1 for	M2 for $1.07^3 \times 4000$ or $1.07^4 \times 4000$ (= 5243)		
					$4000 \times 0.07 \times 3 (= 840)$ $4000 \times 0.21 (= 840)$ or $4000 + 4000 \times 0.07 \times 3$ $4000 \times 1.21 (= 4840)$ or $0.93 \times 4000 (= 3720)$ or $0.79 \times 4000 (= 3160)$ or $0.93^3 \times 4000 (= 3217$ $4000 \times 1.07^2 (= 4579$	(= 4840) or) or		

Question	Working		Answer	Mark		Notes
8*	eg $3x + 5y = 8$ _ 20x + 5y = -17.5 Subtracting (3x - 20x = 817.5 or -17x = 25.5) or 3x + 5(-3.5 - 4x) = 8 or $4x + \frac{8 - 3x}{5} = -3.5$	eg $12x + 20y = 32$		3	M1	for a correct method to eliminate <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> : coefficients of <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> the same and correct operator to eliminate selected variable (condone any one arithmetic error in multiplication) or writing <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> in terms of the other variable and correctly substituting (condone missing brackets) NB The mark is for the method and not for the result of the method. However, if the correct result of the method is seen, the mark can be awarded.
	$3 \times \text{``}-1.5\text{''} + 5y = 8$ or $4 \times \text{``}-1.5\text{''} + y = -3.5$ or $y = -3.5 - 4 \times \text{``}-1.5\text{''}$ or $y = \frac{8 - 3 \times \text{`'}-1.5\text{''}}{5}$	$3x + 5 \times "2.5" = 8$ or $4x + "2.5" = -3.5$ or $x = \frac{-3.5 - "2.5"}{4}$ or $x = \frac{8 - 5 \times "2.5"}{3}$			M1	dep on first M1for a correct method to find other variable by substitution of found variable into one equation or for repeating the above method to find the second variable.
	Working required		x = -1.5 $y = 2.5$		A1	oe dep on M1
						Total 3 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9 * (a)	-3t-2t < 15-7 or $-5t < 8$ oe or $7-15 < 2t+3t$ or $-8 < 5t$ oe or $t = -1.6$ or $t < -1.6$		2	M1 for correctly isolating terms in <i>t</i> on one side and number terms on the other side (use of = or any inequality symbol or variable is permitted)
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	t >-1.6		A1 oe eg $-1.6 < t$ or $t > -\frac{8}{5}$ or $-\frac{8}{5} < t$ oe Must have correct inequality symbol on answer line NB Sight of correct answer in working space and just $(t =)-1.6$ oe on answer line gains M1 only
(b)		$x \ge 2$	3	B1 oe allow $x > 2$ or $2 < x$
		$y \ge 3$		B1 oe allow $y > 3$ or $3 < y$
		$x + y \le 9$		B1 oe allow $x + y < 9$ or $y < 9 - x$ or $9 > x + y$ SC B2 for all of $x \le 2$, $y \le 3$, $x + y \ge 9$ oe or $x < 2$, $y < 3$, $x + y > 9$ SC B1 for all of $x = 2$, $y = 3$, $x + y = 9$ oe
				Total 5 marks

Q	Working	Answ er	Mark		Notes
10	$(AC^2 =)12^2 + 16^2 (= 144 + 256 = 400) \text{ or } (BAC =) \tan^{-1} (\frac{12}{16}) (= 36.8(698)) \text{ or } 36.9 \text{ or}$		5	M1	for a correct method using triangle ABC
	$(BCA =) \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{16}{12}\right) (= 53.1(301))$				
	$(AC =)\sqrt{12^2 + 16^2} \left(= \sqrt{144 + 256} = \sqrt{400} = 20 \right) $ or $(AC =)\frac{16}{\cos"36.8"} (=20) $ or			M1	for a correct method to find AC
	$(AC =)$ $\frac{12}{\sin"36.8"}$ $(=20)$ or $(AC =)$ $\frac{16}{\sin"53.1"}$ $(=20)$ or $(AC =)$ $\frac{12}{\cos"53.1"}$ $(=20)$				
	$(BD^2 =)(1.5 \times "20")^2 - 16^2 (= 644) \text{ or } (BD^2 =)30^2 - 16^2 (= 900 - 256 = 644) \text{ or}$			M1	for a correct method using triangle to find
	$(BAD =)\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{16}{"30"}\right) (= 57.7(690)) \text{ or } 57.8 \text{ or } (BDA =)\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{16}{"30"}\right) (= 32.2(309))$				BD^2 or angle BAD or angle BDA or for a
	or $(BCA =) \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{16}{"20"} \right) (= 53.1(301))$ and $\frac{(CD)}{\sin(180 - 126.9 - 32.2)} = \frac{"30"}{\sin(180 - 53.1)}$ oe				correct equation for side <i>CD</i>
	$(BD =) \sqrt{(1.5 \times "20")^2 - 16^2} $ (= 25.3(771)) or			M1	for a correct method to find <i>BD</i> or <i>CD</i>
	$(BD =) \sqrt{30^2 - 16^2} \left(= \sqrt{900 - 256} = \sqrt{644} = 2\sqrt{161} = 25.3(771) \right)$ or				
	$(BD =)16 \times \tan"57.7" (= 25.3(771)) \text{ or } (BD =)"30" \times \sin"57.7" (= 25.3(771)) \text{ or }$				
	$(BD =) \sqrt{16^2 + "30"^2 - 2 \times 16 \times "30" \times \cos"57.7"} (= 25.3(771))$ or				
	$(BD =)30 \times \cos"32.2" (= 25.3(771))$ or $(BD =)\frac{16}{\tan"32.2"} (= 25.3(771))$ or				
	$(BD =) \frac{16}{\sin"32.2"} \times \sin"57.7" (= 25.3(771)) \text{ or } (CD =) \frac{"30"}{\sin"126.9"} \times \sin"20.9" \text{ oe}$				
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	13.4		A1	awrt 13.4
					Total 5 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
11	$(17+28) \div (9-4) \text{ or } 45 \div 5 \text{ or}$ $1 - \frac{4}{9} \left(= \frac{5}{9} \right) \text{ or}$ $(17+28) = \frac{5}{9} \text{ oe or}$ $\frac{p}{p+28+17} = \frac{4}{9} \text{ oe or } \frac{p}{p+45} = \frac{4}{9} \text{ or}$		3	M1	Allow 0.55(555) or 55(.555)% truncated or rounded
	$\frac{m-45}{m} = \frac{4}{9}$ (17 + 28) ÷ 5 × 4 or 45 ÷ 5 × 4 or			M1	for the correct calculation for the total
	$(17+28) \div \frac{5}{9} = 81 \text{ or } 45 \div \frac{5}{9} = 81 \text{ or } 45 \div \frac{5}{9} = 81 \text{ or } 45 \times \frac{5}{9} = 81 \text{ or } 45 \times \frac{9}{5} = 81 \text{ or } 45 \times \frac{9}{5$				number of counters or for the correct calculation for the number of orange counters or for the correct equation for the total
	$\frac{5}{9} = \frac{17 + 28}{n} \text{ oe or } n = 81 \text{ or}$ $9p = 4(p + 28 + 17) \text{ or } 9p - 4p = 180 \text{ oe or } 5p = 180 \text{ oe}$ or				number of counters (removing the denominators) or for the correct equation for the number of orange counters (removing the
	9(m-45) = 4m or 9m-4m = 405 oe or 5m = 405 oe or $m = 81$ Working not required, so correct answer scores full	36		A1	denominators)
	marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)				Total 3 marks
					Total 3 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes		
12	$3x(2x+5) = 6x^{2} + 15x \text{ or}$ $3x(7x-4) = 21x^{2} - 12x \text{ or}$ $(2x+5)(7x-4) = 14x^{2} - 8x + 35x - 20$ $(14x^{2} + 27x - 20)$ $(6x^{2} + 15x)(7x-4) = 42x^{3} - 24x^{2} + 105x^{2} - 60x$ $(21x^{2} - 12x)(2x+5) = 42x^{3} + 105x^{2} - 24x^{2} + 60x$ $3x(14x^{2} - 8x + 35x - 20) = 42x^{3} - 24x^{2} + 105x^{2} - 60x$		3	M1 f	An expansion with only one error. Do not award this mark for $6x^2 + 15x + 21x^2 - 12x$ or $(6x^2 + 15x)(21x^2 - 12x)$ ft dep on M1 allow one further error	M2 for 3 (out of a maximum of 4) of $42x^3 + 105x^2 - 24x^2 - 60x$ (M1 for 2 correct out of a maximum of 4)
	$3x(14x^{2} + 27x - 20) = 42x^{3} + 81x^{2} - 60x$ Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	$42x^3 + 81x^2 - 60x$		I e I	cao (terms may be in any simplified) dep on M1 ISW correct factorisation eg $3(14x^3 + 27x^2 - 20x)$ Do not ISW incorrect simes eg $14x^3 + 27x^2 - 20x$	

	9 21 22 50 57 60			
	8, 21, 33, 50, 57, 60	1	B1	
(NB A histogram/bar chart type graph scores zero marks unless a CF diagram is drawn over their histogram/bar chart) (Ignore any part of the graph before		2	M1	for at least 5 points plotted correctly at end of interval or ft from an ascending table (ft from a table with only one arithmetic error that may be continued through table) for all 6 points plotted consistently within each interval in the freq table at the correct height
Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from	Correct cf diagram		A1	for fully correct plotting with points joined accept curve or line segments accept curve that is not joined at (0, 0)
O/	27 – 28	1	B1	accept answer in the range or ft an ascending graph
(60 –) 54		2	M1	ft for a line going up from the <i>x</i> -axis at 45 to the line and across to the <i>y</i> -axis or for a mark on the line at the correct point or for a correct reading from the vertical scale eg 54 or 53.5
Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	5 or 6 or 7		A1	accept integer value 5 or 6 or 7 or ft from their ascending graph for an integer value Total 6 marks
	scores zero marks unless a CF diagram is drawn over their histogram/bar chart) (Ignore any part of the graph before (10, 8)) Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) (60 –) 54 Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from	scores zero marks unless a CF diagram is drawn over their histogram/bar chart) (Ignore any part of the graph before (10, 8)) Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) 27 – 28 (60 –) 54 Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from 5 or 6 or 7	scores zero marks unless a CF diagram is drawn over their histogram/bar chart) (Ignore any part of the graph before (10, 8)) Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) 1 27 – 28 Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) Sor 6 or 7	scores zero marks unless a CF diagram is drawn over their histogram/bar chart) (Ignore any part of the graph before (10, 8)) Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) 1 B1 27 – 28 Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) Norking not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious from obvious incorrect working)

Question	Working	Answer	Mark			Notes	
14 (a)		В	1	B1	cao		
(b)		С	1	B1	cao		
							Total 2 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
15		$125a^{12}c^6$	3	В3	for $125a^{12}c^6$ oe
					eg $\frac{125a^{12}}{c^{-6}}$ or $\frac{125c^6}{a^{-12}}$ or $\frac{125}{a^{-12}c^{-6}}$ or $\frac{a^{12}}{125^{-1}c^{-6}}$ or $\frac{1}{125^{-1}a^{-12}c^{-6}}$ or $\frac{1}{125^{-1}}$ or $\frac{1}{125^{-1}}$ B2 for 2 correct terms (Allow eg $125a^{12}$ or $125c^6$ or $ka^{12}c^6$ as long as not added to any other terms) B1 for one correct term (allow eg a^{12} or $a^{-12}c^6$ or $\frac{1}{125^{-1}}$ or $\frac{1000a^{21}c^6}{8a^9}$ as long as not added to any other terms)
					Total 3 marks

16*	$7c - 8ct^2 = t^2 + 3$ oe		4	M1	for multiplying both sides by denominator
					and expanding the brackets
	$7c-3=t^2+8ct^2$ oe or $-8ct^2-t^2=3-7c$ oe			M1	ft dep on 2 terms in t^2 and 2 other terms
					for collecting t^2 terms on one side and other
					terms on the other side
	$7c-3=t^2(1+8c)$ oe or $t^2(-8c-1)=3-7c$ oe			M1	ft dep on previous M1
					for factorising for t ²
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)			A1	oe eg $t = (\pm) \sqrt{\frac{3 - 7c}{-8c - 1}}$ or
		$t = (\pm)\sqrt{\frac{7c-3}{1+8c}}$			$t = (\pm) \left(\frac{7c - 3}{1 + 8c}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ or } t = (\pm) \left(\frac{7c - 3}{1 + 8c}\right)^{0.5}$
		1 + 8c			NB To award A1 we must see
					$t = (\pm)\sqrt{\frac{7c-3}{1+8c}}$ in working if $(\pm)\sqrt{\frac{7c-3}{1+8c}}$
					alone is given as an answer
					Total 4 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
17 (a)	Two of $12x^2 + 10x + 2$		2	M1 for diffe	erentiating 2 or 3 terms correctly
		$12x^2 + 10x + 2$		A1 for all 3	terms correct
(b)	$(3x+1)(4x+2) (= 0) \text{ or } (6x+2)(2x+1)(= 0) \text{ or}$ $2(3x+1)(2x+1) (= 0) \text{ or } (3x+1)(2x+1)(= 0)$ $\frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{10^2 - 4 \times 12 \times 2}}{2 \times 12} \text{ or } \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4 \times 6 \times 1}}{2 \times 6} \text{ or}$ $12 \left[\left(x + \frac{10}{24} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{10}{24} \right)^2 \right] + 2 (= 0) \text{ oe or}$ $6 \left[\left(x + \frac{5}{12} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{5}{12} \right)^2 \right] + 1 (= 0) \text{ oe}$		4	their 3 t least 2 c method expande using fo simplifie $-10 \pm \sqrt{}$ term qu	In M1 for a correct method to solve erm quadratic equation (with at correct coefficients) using any correct (if factorising, allow brackets which ed give 2 out of 3 terms correct) (if formula allow one sign error and some cation – allow as far as $\sqrt{100-96}$) Derivative must be a 3 madratic for this M mark be implied by answers of $(x =) - \frac{1}{2}$ $=) - \frac{1}{3}$
		1 1		_	on previous M1
		$-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$		Allow – values	0.33(333) or -0.3 for correct x
	$(y=)4 \times \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + 5\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 2\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(=-\frac{1}{4}\right)$ or			1	n previous M1for substituting at least lue into <i>y</i>
	$(y=)4 \times \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 + 5\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 2\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(=-\frac{7}{27}\right)$			NB Can	be implied by one correct value of y
	Working required	(1 1)		A1 oe dep o	on M1 for correct coordinates
		$\left(-\frac{\pi}{2},-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$		(-0.5, -	-0.25), (-0.33, -0.25(9))
		$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{7}{27}\right)$			
					Total 6 marks

10	(1000) 702 702		2	N / 1	f = 0 =
18	(1000x =) 702.702		2	M1	for 2 recurring decimals that when subtracted give a whole
	eg $(x=)$ 0.702				number or terminating decimal with <u>intention to subtract.</u>
					(ie give 702 or 7020 or 70200 etc)
	40000 > 5005.00				eg
	(10000x =) 7027.02				(1000x =) 702.702 and $(x =) 0.702$
	or $(10x=)$ 7.02				or
					(10000x) = 7027.02 and $(10x) = 7.02$
	400000 \ 70000				or
	(100000x =) 70270.20				(100000x =) 70270.20 and $(100x =) 70.20$
	or $(100x=)$ 70.20				with intention to subtract
					x is not required to award this mark
					(if recurring dots not shown in both numbers then showing
					at least one of the numbers to at least 6sf)
					NB Accept bar notation for dot notation to indicate
					recurring decimals
	eg $1000x - x = 702.70 0.702 = 702$	shown		A1	for completion to 26
	(999x = 702)				for completion to $\frac{20}{37}$ dep on M1 and must use algebra for
	and $\frac{702}{300} = \frac{26}{300}$ or				this final mark to be awarded
	$\frac{\text{and}}{999} = {37} \text{ or}$				tills filler filer to be awarded
	10000x - 10x = 7027.02 7.02 = 7020				No algebra used gets a maximum of 1 mark
					140 aigebra useu gets a maximum of 1 mark
	(9990x = 7020)				
	and $\frac{7020}{9990} = \frac{26}{37}$ or				
	9990 37				
	100000x - 100x = 70270.20 70.20 = 70200				
	(99900x = 70200)				
	, ,				
	and $\frac{70200}{90000} = \frac{26}{27}$				
	99900 37				
	Working required				Total 2 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
19	(2x-3)(2x+5)		3	M1	for a correct method to solve the quadratic equation
	or				$4x^2 + 4x - 15 = 0$
	$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 4 \times -15}}{2 \times 4}$				
	2×4				Allow $(4x - 6)(x + 2.5)$ or $(4x + 10)(x - 1.5)$ or
	or				(4x-6) (4x+10) leading to $(x-1.5)(x+2.5)$ or
					(4x-6) $(4x+10)$ leading to correct values of x
	$4 \left[\left(x + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \right] - 15 (= 0)$				D (1 5)(. 25) id (
					Do not allow $(x - 1.5)(x + 2.5)$ without previous
	or				working
	$4\left(x+\frac{4}{2\times4}\right)^2-\frac{4^2}{4\times4}+-15(=0)$				(If using formula allow some simplification – allow
	$\left(\frac{4}{x} + \frac{x}{2 \times 4}\right) - \frac{4}{4 \times 4} + -15 = 0$				· •
					as far as $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 240}}{9}$)
					8
	1.5, -2.5 oe			A1	oe dep on M1
				A1	oe dep on M1
		-2.5 < x < 1.5			Allow $x > -2.5$ (and) $x < 1.5$ oe
					Allow any variable as long used all the way through
					Total 3 marks

20 (a)	10 6 14 15 20 14 29	10 6 14 15 12 20 14 29	3	B3 for all numbers in correct regions (B2 for 5, 6 or 7 correct numbers B1 for 3 or 4 correct numbers)
(b)		16	1	B1 ft for their a + their b Do not ft if there are no values for a and b
(c)	C b P		2	for $\frac{n}{43}$ where $n < 43$ or $\frac{18}{m}$ where $m > 18$ or ft their $\frac{b+c}{p}$ where $p > b+c$ or ft their $\frac{q}{a+b+c+d}$ where $q < a+b+c+d$ Do not ft if there are no values for a, b, c and d
		18 43		A1 oe eg $0.41(860)$ or $41(.860)$ % truncated or rounded or ft their $\frac{b+c}{a+b+c+d}$ as a fraction or a decimal or a percentage Total 6 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
21*	$3x \times 2x \times y = 1014 \text{ oe or}$ $6x^2 y = 1014 \text{ oe or}$ $x^2 y = 169 \text{ oe}$		3	M1 for an equation for volume in terms of x and y
	$2 \times 3x \times y + 2 \times 2x \times y + 2 \times 3x \times 2x \text{ oe or}$ $2 \times (3xy + 2xy + 6x^2) \text{ oe or}$ $6xy + 4xy + 12x^2 \text{ oe or}$ $10xy + 12x^2 \text{ oe}$			M1 (indep) for a correct expression for the surface area NB May not explicitly see the surface area expression in terms of y eg $2 \times 3x \times \frac{169}{x^2} + 2 \times 2x \times \frac{169}{x^2} + 2 \times 3x \times 2x \text{ oe}$ May be fully substituted using $y = \frac{169}{x^2}$ oe
	Using $y = \frac{1014}{6x^2} \left(= \frac{169}{x^2} \right)$ in formula for surface area to obtain correct expression eg (SA =) $2 \times 5x \times \frac{169}{x^2} + 2 \times 6x^2 = 12x^2 + \frac{1690}{x}$ or equating their surface area equations eg $10xy + 12x^2 = 12x^2 + \frac{1690}{x}$ leading to $x^2y = 169$ oe	Shown		A1 dep on M2 For completing the 'show that' by clearly showing the stages that lead to the given expression for the surface area.
	Working required			Total 3 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
22	11.25, 11.75, 9.15, 9.25,		4	B1 for a correct bound
	4.05, 4.15			Accept
				11.749 for 11.75 or 11.749 for 11.75
				9.249 for 9.25 or 9.249 for 9.25
				4.149 for 4.15 or 4.149 for 4.15
	$11.75 \times 9.25 - 4.05^2 \ (= 92.285)$			M1 for a correct method to find the UB of <i>X</i> , allow $(11.5 < AB \le 11.75) \times (9.2 < BC \le 9.25) - ((4.05 \le s < 4.1)^2)$
	$11.25 \times 9.15 - 4.15^2 (= 85.715)$			M1 for a correct method to find the LB of X, allow $ (11.25 \le AB < 11.5) \times (9.15 \le BC < 9.2) - ((4.1 < s \le 4.15)^2) $
	Working required	90		A1 dep on M2 90 and both UB and LB correct using correct values 11.25, 11.75, 9.15, 9.25, 4.05 and 4.15
				Total 4 marks

23	$\frac{4(x-6)(x+5)}{5(x-6)(x+6)} \div \frac{x(x+5)}{10x(x+6)} (= p) \text{ or}$ $\frac{4(x-6)(x+5)}{5(x-6)(x+6)} \times \frac{10x(x+6)}{x(x+5)} (= p)$ or 2 from $4(x-6)(x+5) \text{ or } 5(x-6)(x+6) \text{ or}$ $x(x+5) \text{ or } 10x(x+6)$		4	M1	for factorising 2 or 3 of the quadratics fully – could be implied by 2 factors cancelled correctly NB factors must be in the form (ax + b) NB Substitution of values of x into the given equation is not an acceptable algebraic method
	$\frac{4(x-6)(x+5)}{5(x-6)(x+6)} \div \frac{x(x+5)}{10x(x+6)} (= p) \text{ or}$ $\frac{4(x-6)(x+5)}{5(x-6)(x+6)} \times \frac{10x(x+6)}{x(x+5)} (= p)$ or $4(x-6)(x+5) \text{ and } 5(x-6)(x+6) \text{ and}$ $x(x+5) \text{ and } 10x(x+6)$			M1	for factorising all of the quadratics fully – could be implied by 2 factors cancelled correctly NB factors must be in the form $(ax + b)$
	$\frac{4x^2 - 4x - 120}{5x^2 - 180} \times \frac{10x^2 + 60x}{x^2 + 5x} \ (= \ p)$			M1	for inverting the 2 nd fraction (this mark can be awarded at any time and may be awarded with incorrect factorisation if meaning is clear)
	Working required	8		A1	oe dep on M3
					Total 4 marks
ALT	$\frac{40x^4 + 200x^3 - 1440x^2 - 7200x}{5x^4 + 25x^3 - 180x^2 - 900x}$			M3	for a correct expression (no errors)
		8		A1	oe dep on M3

Question	Working			Answer	Mark		Notes
24	To find EQ eg $MQ = 0.5 (= AQ)$ $\frac{0.5}{\cos 80} (= 2.87 (938))$ eg $MQ = x (= AQ)$ $\frac{x}{\cos 80} (= 5.75x)$ NB $\cos 80 = \sin 10$	To find EM eg $MQ = 0.5 (= AQ)$ $0.5 \tan 80 (= 2.83(564))$ eg $MQ = x (= AQ)$ $x \tan 80 (= 5.67x)$ NB $\tan 80 = \frac{1}{\tan 10}$	To find EQ eg $EM = y$ $\frac{y}{\sin 80} (=1.01y)$ To find $MQ (=AQ)$ eg $EQ = h$ $h\cos 80 (=0.173h)$		4	M1	Use of a value for the side AB eg 1 or $2x$ or any value etc or Let $EM = y$ or any value or $EQ = h$
	To find EA^2 eg $AQ = 0.5 (= MQ)$ "2.87" ² + 0.5 ² (= 8.54(08)) eg $AQ = x (= MQ)$ $x^2 + "\left(\frac{x}{\cos 80}\right)$ " ²	To find AM eg $MQ = 0.5 (= AQ)$ $\sqrt{0.5^2 + 0.5^2}$ $\left(= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0.707(10) \right)$ eg $MQ = x (= AQ)$ $\sqrt{x^2 + x^2} \left(= \sqrt{2x^2} = x\sqrt{2} \right)$	To find MQ (= AQ) eg $EM = y$ $\frac{y}{\tan 80} (= 0.176y)$ To find EA^2 eg $EQ = h$ $h^2 + "(h\cos 80)"^2$			M1	
		To find EA eg AQ = 0.5 (= MQ) $\sqrt{2.83^2 + 0.707^2}$ $\left(=\sqrt{8.54(08)}\right)$ eg AQ = x (= MQ) $\sqrt{(x \tan 80)^2 + (x \sqrt{2})^2}$ (= 5.84x)	To find EA eg EM = y $\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sin 80}\right)^{1/2} + \left(\frac{1}{\tan 80}\right)^{1/2}}$ $(=1.03y)$ $[= 1.03 \times AQ \times \tan 80]$ eg EQ = h $\sqrt{h^2 + \left(h\cos 80\right)^{1/2}} (=1.01h)$ $[= 1.01 \times \frac{0.5}{\cos 80}]$			M1	
Working r	not required, so correct answer sco.	res full marks (unless from obv	vious incorrect working)	2.92		A1	awrt 2.92 Total 4 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
25 (a)			3	M1 for a start to completing the square or correct substitution into $a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 + \dots \text{ from the formula}$ $a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 - \frac{\left(b\right)^2}{4a} + c$
	$-6\left[\left(x - \frac{4}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{4}{2}\right)^{2}\right] \dots \text{ or } -6\left[\left(x - 2\right)^{2} - 2^{2}\right] \dots \text{ or } $ $-6\left[\left(x - \frac{4}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{4}{2}\right)^{2} \dots\right] \text{ or } -6\left[\left(x - 2\right)^{2} - 2^{2} \dots\right] \text{ or } $ $-6\left(x + \frac{24}{2 \times -6}\right)^{2} - \frac{24^{2}}{4 \times -6} \dots$			M1 for correctly completing the square but terms do not need to be simplified and 28 may or may not be present or correct simplification of the first two parts of $a\left(x+\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2-\frac{\left(b\right)^2}{4a}(+c)$ NB: Please refer to ALT mark scheme after (b) for comparison of coefficients method
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	$52-6(x-2)^2$		A1 oe eg $-6(x-2)^2 + 52$
25(a) ALT	$-bx^2 + 2bcx - bc^2 + a$ and $b = 6$ or $b = -6$		3	M1 for multiplying out $a-b(x-c)^2$ and $b=6$ or $b=-6$
	$2bc = 24 \text{ or } -bc^2 + a = 28$			M1 for equating coefficients
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	$52-6(x-2)^2$		A1 oe eg $-6(x-2)^2 + 52$

(b)		'∩' or 'U' shaped symmetrical quadratic curve	3	B1	for drawing a '∩' or 'U' shaped symmetrical quadratic curve with the turning point in any quadrant
52————————————————————————————————————	x	Turning point marked as (2, 52)		B1	for drawing a '∩' shaped symmetrical quadratic curve in the correct quadrant with a turning point at (2, 52)
28 0, 28 0	X	Intersection with y-axis marked as (0, 28) or crossing at 28 marked		B1	for drawing a '∩' shaped symmetrical quadratic curve in the correct quadrant with an intersection on the <i>y</i> -axis marked as (0, 28) or marked as 28 on the <i>y</i> -axis
					Total 6 marks

Quest	ion Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
26*	A : B = 31 : 18.6 (= 5 : 3) oe or A ³ : B ³ = 31 ³ : 18.6 ³ (= 5 ³ : 3 ³) oe or $\frac{31}{18.6} \left(= \frac{5}{3} \right) \text{oe or } \frac{18.6}{31} \left(= \frac{3}{5} \right) \text{oe}$ $or \left(\frac{18.6}{31} \right)^3 \text{ oe or } \frac{27}{125} \text{ oe or } \left(\frac{31}{18.6} \right)^3 \text{ oe or } \frac{125}{27} \text{ oe}$		4	M1 for correct linear SF or volume SF either as a fraction or ratio. Allow $\frac{5}{3} = 1.6(6)$ truncated or rounded
	$V_{A} - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{3} V_{A} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ V_{A} - \frac{27}{125} V_{A} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or}$ $\frac{98}{125} V_{A} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ \frac{V_{A}}{V_{A} - 735} = \frac{31^{3}}{18.6^{3}} \text{ oe } \mathbf{or}$ $\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{3} V_{B} - V_{B} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ \frac{125}{27} V_{B} - V_{B} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or}$ $\frac{98}{27} V_{B} (=735) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ \frac{V_{B} + 735}{V_{B}} = \frac{31^{3}}{18.6^{3}} \text{ oe } \mathbf{or}$ $1 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{3} \left(=\frac{98}{125} = 0.784\right) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{3} - 1 \left(=\frac{98}{27} = 3.62(962)\right) \text{ oe } \mathbf{or}$ $5^{3} - 3^{3} (=125 - 27 = 98)$			M1 Note: 735 is given in the equation Allow any letter for V_A or for V_B $V_A - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 V_A (=735) \text{ can be}$ written as $V_A - \frac{V_A}{\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^3} (=735) \text{ or}$ $\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^3 V_B - V_B (=735) \text{ can be written}$ as $\frac{V_B}{\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3} - V_B (=735)$
	$(V_A =)735 \times \frac{125}{98}$ oe or $(V_A =)735 \div \frac{98}{125}$ oe or $(V_A =)\frac{31^3 \times 735}{31^3 - 18.6^3}$ oe or $(V_B =)735 \times \frac{27}{98} (= 202.5)$ oe or $(V_B =)735 \div \frac{98}{27} (= 202.5)$ or $(V_B =)\frac{18.6^3 \times 735}{31^3 - 18.6^3} (= 202.5)$ oe or $735 \div 98 \times 3^3 (= 202.5)$ oe or $7.5 \times 27 (= 202.5)$ oe	007.5		M1 for a correct method to find V_A or V_B
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	937.5		A1 oe allow 938 from correct working
				Total 4 marks

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